



REGULAR MEETING AGENDA

City of Black Hawk City Council
211 Church Street, Black Hawk, CO

October 27, 2021
3:00 p.m.

BUDGET WORK SESSION

2:00 p.m.

REGULAR MEETING

Immediately following Budget Work Session

RINGING OF THE BELL:

1. CALL TO ORDER:
2. ROLL CALL & PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE:
3. AGENDA CHANGES:
4. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST: (Council disclosures are on file w/City Clerk & Sec. of State)
5. PUBLIC COMMENT: *Please limit comments to 5 minutes*
6. APPROVAL OF MINUTES: October 13, 2021
7. PUBLIC HEARINGS:
 - A. CB37, An Ordinance Approving the Second Amendment to Intergovernmental Agreement (Ambulance Services) Between the City of Black Hawk and the Silver Dollar Metropolitan District
 - B. CB38, An Ordinance Approving the Intergovernmental Agreement Between the City of Black Hawk and the Gilpin Ambulance Authority Regarding Maintenance of the Authority's Ambulances
8. ACTION ITEMS:
 - A. Resolution 77-2021, A Resolution Approving the Purchase from Lindsey G. and Rosa L. Ashby
 - B. Resolution 78-2021, A Resolution Approving the Colorado Opioids Settlement Memorandum of Understanding
9. CITY MANAGER REPORTS:
10. CITY ATTORNEY:
11. EXECUTIVE SESSION:

Executive Session to instruct negotiators regarding City owned land on Artisans Point, Gregory Street Plaza, and other City owned property pursuant to C.R.S § 24-6-402(4)(e), and for legal advice regarding specific legal issues pursuant to C.R.S § 24-6-402(4)(b) regarding potential intergovernmental agreements.
12. ADJOURNMENT:

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the City of Black Hawk is to progressively provide cost effective programs and services of the highest quality to the community



**City of Black Hawk
City Council**

October 13, 2021

MEETING MINUTES

Emily Richards, the City's new Development Services Coordinator, rang the bell to open the meeting.

1. **CALL TO ORDER:** Mayor Spellman called the regular meeting of the City Council to order on Wednesday, October 13, 2021, at 3:00 p.m.

2. **ROLL CALL:** Present were: Mayor Spellman, Aldermen Armbright, Bennett, Johnson, Midcap, Moates, and Torres.

Staff Present: City Attorney Hoffmann, City Manager Cole, Police Chief Moriarty, Finance Director Hillis, City Clerk/Administrative Services Director Greiner, Public Works Director Isbester, Community Planning & Development Director Linker, and Deputy City Clerk Martin.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE: Mayor Spellman led the meeting in the recitation of the Pledge of Allegiance.

3. **AGENDA CHANGES:** Deputy City Clerk confirmed there were no agenda changes.

4. **CONFLICTS OF INTEREST:** City Attorney Hoffmann asked Council to declare any Conflicts of Interest on any issue appearing on the agenda this afternoon other than those previous disclosures and conflicts that have already been disclosed and are on file with the City Clerk and Secretary of State. City Council noted no conflicts.

City Attorney Hoffmann asked the audience if there were any objections to any member of the Council voting on any issue on the agenda this afternoon. There were no objections noted.

5. **INTRODUCTION OF NEW EMPLOYEE:** Emily Richards, Development Services Coordinator

Community Planning & Development Director Linker was pleased to provide Emily's background. She said Emily had previously worked closely with the Community Planning and Development while working for SAFEbuilt for the last five years, and when an opening came up to join the Black Hawk team, she applied. Emily is currently getting her Chief Building Official certification to further help in her duties in the Building Department. All welcomed her!

6. PUBLIC COMMENT: Deputy City Clerk Martin confirmed no one signed up to speak.

7. APPROVAL OF
MINUTES: September 22, 2021

**MOTION TO
APPROVE**

Alderman Johnson **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Torres to approve the Minutes as presented.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

8. PUBLIC HEARINGS:

A. CB29, An Ordinance Amending Article II of Chapter 6 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code with the Addition of a New Section 6-77

Mayor Spellman read the title and opened the public hearing.

City Attorney Hoffmann introduced this first of several ordinances based on new legislation related to liquor from the 2021 legislative session. He provided the COVID background where the state had allowed licensees to offer liquor takeout and delivery, and now they have extended it for several more years. He said local governments could choose to create their own permitting process if they prefer, but this Ordinance only authorizes the licensee to notify the City once they receive their permit from the state. The City will not be creating a separate permitting process.

PUBLIC HEARING:

Mayor Spellman declared a Public Hearing on CB29, an Ordinance amending Article II of Chapter 6 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code with the addition of a new Section 6-77 open and invited anyone wanting to address the Board either "for" or "against" the proposed Ordinance to come forward.

No one else wished to speak, and Mayor Spellman declared the Public Hearing closed.

**MOTION TO
APPROVE**

Alderman Bennett **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Armbright to approve CB29, an Ordinance amending Article II of Chapter 6 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code with the addition of a new Section 6-77.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

B. CB30, An Ordinance Amending Section 6-73 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code and Adding a New Section 6-78 Relating to Festival Permits

Mayor Spellman read the title and opened the public hearing.

City Attorney Hoffmann reiterated that this Ordinance was arising out of the 2021 legislative session. He said this permit allows other license types to hold this sort of off-site festival that was previously only allowed by wineries. He added that a local application may be approved administratively through the City Clerk's office unless issues need to come before Council.

PUBLIC HEARING:

Mayor Spellman declared a Public Hearing on CB30, an Ordinance amending Section 6-73 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code and adding a new Section 6-78 relating to Festival Permits open and invited anyone wanting to address the Board either "for" or "against" the proposed Ordinance to come forward.

No one else wished to speak, and Mayor Spellman declared the Public Hearing closed.

**MOTION TO
APPROVE**

Alderman Moates **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Torres to approve CB30, an Ordinance amending Section 6-73 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code and adding a new Section 6-78 relating to Festival Permits.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

C. CB31, An Ordinance Amending Section 6-73 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code and Adding a New Section 6-79 Relating to Communal Dining Areas

Mayor Spellman read the title and opened the public hearing.

City Attorney Hoffmann said this comes from the same legislative session where the state created a way for more than one licensee within

1000 feet of each other to create an off-premise area to serve liquor. Again, this may be approved administratively through the City Clerk's office.

PUBLIC HEARING:

Mayor Spellman declared a Public Hearing on CB31, an Ordinance amending Section 6-73 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code and adding a new Section 6-79 relating to Communal Dining Areas open and invited anyone wanting to address the Board either "for" or "against" the proposed Ordinance to come forward.

No one else wished to speak, and Mayor Spellman declared the Public Hearing closed.

MOTION TO APPROVE

Alderman Johnson **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Armbright to approve CB31, an Ordinance amending Section 6-73 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code and adding a new Section 6-79 relating to Communal Dining Areas.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

D. CB32, An Ordinance Amending Section 6-73 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code and Adding a New Section 6-80 Relating to Tastings in Retail Liquor Stores

Mayor Spellman read the title and opened the public hearing.

City Attorney Hoffmann introduced this last liquor ordinance allowing tastings (samples) to occur in Retail Liquor Stores and noted that later on in the agenda is the City's first proposal for a Retail Liquor Store.

PUBLIC HEARING:

Mayor Spellman declared a Public Hearing on CB32, an Ordinance amending Section 6-73 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code and adding a new Section 6-80 relating to Tastings in Retail Liquor Stores open and invited anyone wanting to address the Board either "for" or "against" the proposed Ordinance to come forward.

No one else wished to speak, and Mayor Spellman declared the Public Hearing closed.

MOTION TO APPROVE

Alderman Bennett **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Torres to approve CB32, an Ordinance amending Section 6-73 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code and adding a new Section 6-80 relating to Tastings in Retail Liquor Stores.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

E. CB33, An Ordinance Amending Sections 6-13 and 6-14 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code Relating to Business Licensing

Mayor Spellman read the title and opened the public hearing.

City Attorney Hoffmann said the City Clerk's office discovered that this section of the Code referenced previously repealed Ordinances, so this Ordinance merely cleans up those sections.

PUBLIC HEARING:

Mayor Spellman declared a Public Hearing on CB33, an Ordinance amending Sections 6-13 and 6-14 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code relating to Business Licensing open and invited anyone wanting to address the Board either "for" or "against" the proposed Ordinance to come forward.

No one else wished to speak, and Mayor Spellman declared the Public Hearing closed.

MOTION TO APPROVE

Alderman Torres **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Armbright to approve CB33, an Ordinance amending Sections 6-13 and 6-14 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code relating to Business Licensing.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

F. CB34, An Ordinance Amending Section 10-162 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code Prohibiting the Carrying of Firearms into City Buildings

Mayor Spellman read the title and opened the public hearing.

City Attorney Hoffmann began by saying this Ordinance is also a result of 2021 legislative, stemming primarily from the King Soopers incident in Boulder. He said the state gave local governments more authority to address firearms within their local jurisdictions, and this Ordinance can prohibit a person with a concealed carry permit from carrying a concealed handgun into City buildings provided that signage is posted. He noted that this, of course, excludes the Police Department and others authorized to carry a weapon as part of their regular duties.

Tom Feeney, Black Hawk resident, asked how this would affect the convenience store that he rents from the City. City Attorney Hoffmann said it would not, as it is only where City business is conducted, so for instance, the Fire Department Administrative Offices above his store would fall under this Ordinance, but not his store.

Alderman Midcap had a question about the \$50 penalty, to which Mr. Hoffmann replied that if the City wishes to move forward with this Ordinance, they are required, under state law, to impose this penalty.

PUBLIC HEARING:

Mayor Spellman declared a Public Hearing on CB34, an Ordinance amending Section 10-162 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code prohibiting the carrying of firearms into City buildings open and invited anyone wanting to address the Board either “for” or “against” the proposed Ordinance to come forward.

No one else wished to speak, and Mayor Spellman declared the Public Hearing closed.

MOTION TO APPROVE

Alderman Armbright **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Johnson to approve CB34, an Ordinance amending Section 10-162 of the Black Hawk Municipal Code prohibiting the carrying of firearms into City buildings.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

G. CB35, An Ordinance Authorizing the Execution and Delivery of a Site Lease Agreement, a Lease Purchase Agreement, and Related Documents in Connection with the Construction of Certain Public Improvements of the City; Approving the Forms of Such Documents, and Providing for Other Matters Relating Thereto

Mayor Spellman read the title and opened the public hearing.

Finance Director Hillis introduced this item of Certificates of Participation (COPs), basically called a lease agreement, for 20 million dollars and the formal documents related to it.

PUBLIC HEARING:

Mayor Spellman declared a Public Hearing on CB35, an Ordinance authorizing the execution and delivery of a Site Lease Agreement, a Lease Purchase Agreement, and related documents in connection with the construction of certain public improvements of the City; approving the forms of such documents, and providing for other matters relating thereto open and invited anyone wanting to address the Board either “for” or “against” the proposed Ordinance to come forward.

No one else wished to speak, and Mayor Spellman declared the Public Hearing closed.

MOTION TO APPROVE

Alderman Moates **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Johnson to approve CB35, an Ordinance authorizing the execution and

delivery of a Site Lease Agreement, a Lease Purchase Agreement, and related documents in connection with the construction of certain public improvements of the City; approving the forms of such documents, and providing for other matters relating thereto.

City Attorney Hoffmann recommended that the motion include that the City Attorney approves the final form, as some items are still being worked on.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously, noting the City Attorney's recommendation above.

H. CB36, An Ordinance Amending Section 10-222(e) of the Black Hawk Municipal Code Relating to Service Fee for False Alarms by Alarm Devices

Mayor Spellman read the title and opened the public hearing.

City Attorney Hoffmann introduced this item that updates the Code to reflect the recent amendment to the Fee Schedule regarding False Alarm Fees. He said it still allows the Fire Chief to deviate from the Fee Schedule if he feels there are extenuating circumstances to file an action in municipal court.

PUBLIC HEARING:

Mayor Spellman declared a Public Hearing on CB36, an Ordinance amending Section 10-222(e) of the Black Hawk Municipal Code relating to service fee for false alarms by alarm devices open and invited anyone wanting to address the Board either "for" or "against" the proposed Ordinance to come forward.

No one else wished to speak, and Mayor Spellman declared the Public Hearing closed.

MOTION TO APPROVE

Alderman Johnson **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Moates to approve CB36, an Ordinance amending Section 10-222(e) of the Black Hawk Municipal Code relating to service fee for false alarms by alarm devices.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

9. ACTION ITEMS:

A. Resolution 67-2021, A Resolution Accepting the Petition for Annexation and Establishing December 8, 2021, as the Date of Public Hearing on the Requested

**Annexation of a Parcel of Unincorporated Territory Located in the County of Gilpin
(Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 8)**

- B. Resolution 68-2021, A Resolution Accepting the Petition for Annexation and Establishing December 8, 2021, as the Date of Public Hearing on the Requested Annexation of Parcels of Unincorporated Territory Located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation Nos. 9 through 12)**
- C. Resolution 69-2021, A Resolution Accepting the Petition for Annexation and Establishing December 8, 2021, as the Date of Public Hearing on the Requested Annexation of a Parcel of Unincorporated Territory Located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 13)**
- D. Resolution 70-2021, A Resolution Accepting the Petition for Annexation and Establishing December 8, 2021, as the Date of Public Hearing on the Requested Annexation of a Parcel of Unincorporated Territory Located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 14)**
- E. Resolution 71-2021, A Resolution Accepting the Petition for Annexation and Establishing December 8, 2021, as the Date of Public Hearing on the Requested Annexation of a Parcel of Unincorporated Territory Located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 15)**
- F. Resolution 72-2021, A Resolution Accepting the Petition for Annexation and Establishing December 8, 2021, as the Date of Public Hearing on the Requested Annexation of a Parcel of Unincorporated Territory Located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 16)**
- G. Resolution 73-2021, A Resolution Accepting the Petition for Annexation and Establishing December 8, 2021, as the Date of Public Hearing on the Requested Annexation of a Parcel of Unincorporated Territory Located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 17)**
- H. Resolution 74-2021, A Resolution Accepting the Petition for Annexation and Establishing December 8, 2021, as the Date of Public Hearing on the Requested Annexation of a Parcel of Unincorporated Territory Located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 18)**

Mayor Spellman combined Action Items 9A through 9H under one umbrella motion.

City Attorney Hoffmann explained that Phase 1 of the Proximo Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort project was annexations 1-7 annexed in 2020 and that this is Proximo's Phase 2, which covers the area known as the Bulge Area. He said City staff has determined they are eligible to be annexed, and if Council approves the findings by resolution, then the Annexation Act sets the public hearing date no less than 30 days and no more than 60

days, which brings the public hearing date to December 8, 2021. He added that under the City's Charter, the property's zoning would also be on that same date, and there will be an amendment to their existing Planned Unit Development (PUD) scheduled on December 8th, as well.

Mayor Spellman noted that this is the area that was in the previous Growth IGA and located in Central City's growth area, but now through the new Growth IGA, the City can annex it into the City of Black Hawk.

**MOTION TO
APPROVE**

Alderman Bennett **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Armbright to approve Resolution 67-2021, a Resolution accepting the Petition for Annexation and establishing December 8, 2021, as the date of public hearing on the requested annexation of a parcel of unincorporated territory located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 8), Resolution 68-2021, a Resolution accepting the Petition for Annexation and establishing December 8, 2021, as the date of public hearing on the requested annexation of parcels of unincorporated territory located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation Nos. 9 through 12), Resolution 69-2021, a Resolution accepting the Petition for Annexation and establishing December 8, 2021, as the date of public hearing on the requested annexation of a parcel of unincorporated territory located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 13), Resolution 70-2021, a Resolution accepting the Petition for Annexation and establishing December 8, 2021, as the date of public hearing on the requested annexation of a parcel of unincorporated territory located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 14), Resolution 71-2021, a Resolution accepting the Petition for Annexation and establishing December 8, 2021, as the date of public hearing on the requested annexation of a parcel of unincorporated territory located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 15), Resolution 72-2021, a Resolution accepting the Petition for Annexation and establishing December 8, 2021, as the date of public hearing on the requested annexation of a parcel of unincorporated territory located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 16), Resolution 73-2021, a Resolution accepting the Petition for Annexation and establishing December 8, 2021, as the date of public hearing on the requested annexation of a parcel of unincorporated territory located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 17), and Resolution 74-2021, a Resolution accepting the Petition for Annexation and establishing December 8, 2021, as the date of public hearing on the requested annexation of a parcel of unincorporated territory located in the County of Gilpin (Lake Gulch Whiskey Resort Annexation No. 18).

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

I. Resolution 75-2021, A Resolution Approving the License Agreement Between the City of Black Hawk and Penn National Gaming Inc. (Ameristar Casino) for Promotional Vehicle Displays and Associated Special Event Signs

Mayor Spellman read the title.

Julie Esterl of Baseline Corporation went through her presentation of a request to allow a promotional vehicle display and associated special event signs on the public right-of-way on the sidewalk outside of the Ameristar Casino. The applicant was present for any questions.

MOTION TO APPROVE

Alderman Moates **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Bennett to approve Resolution 75-2021, a Resolution approving the License Agreement between the City of Black Hawk and Penn National Gaming Inc. (Ameristar Casino) for promotional vehicle displays and associated Special Event Signs.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

J. Resolution 76-2021, A Resolution Approving the First Amendment to Commercial Lease with the Woodbury Collective Corporation for the Property Located at 327 Gregory Street, Black Hawk, Colorado

Mayor Spellman read the title.

Finance Director Hillis introduced this item amending the insurance requirements consistent with the McAfee House lease.

MOTION TO APPROVE

Alderman Armbright **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Johnson to approve Resolution 76-2021, a Resolution approving the First Amendment to commercial lease with the Woodbury Collective Corporation for the property located at 327 Gregory Street, Black Hawk, Colorado.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

K. Local Liquor Authority Consideration of a Request for a New Retail Liquor Store for Feeney Farms II, Inc. at 7320 Black Hawk Blvd., Suite 1A and to set the Boundaries of the Neighborhood and to Set a Date for Public Hearing

Mayor Spellman read the title.

City Attorney Hoffmann started by reminding City Council that under the Colorado Liquor Code, they were now acting as the City's Local Liquor Authority. He informed them that the City Clerk's office had received a new liquor application for a Retail Liquor Store from Feeney Farms II, Inc. to be located at the EAGLEsmart Convenience Store. He said this meeting was to set the boundaries of the neighborhood, which he suggests be the entire City, as has been the practice in previous applications, and to schedule the public hearing, which would be December 8, 2021.

**MOTION TO
APPROVE**

Alderman Torres **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Johnson to approve the request for a new Retail Liquor Store License for Feeney Farms II, Inc. at 7320 Black Hawk Blvd., Suite 1A and to set the boundaries of the neighborhood as the whole City of Black Hawk, and to set the public hearing date for December 8, 2021.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

**10. CITY MANAGER
REPORTS:**

City Manager Cole reported the distribution of the proposed 2022 budget by Finance Director Hillis, required by law to be received by October 15th. He said he would like to schedule a budget work session at 2:00 p.m. at the next Council meeting on October 27th. Mayor Spellman added that the regular Council meeting would then commence immediately after the work session.

11. CITY ATTORNEY:

City Attorney Hoffmann had nothing to report.

**12. EXECUTIVE
SESSION:**

City Attorney Hoffmann recommended items number 1, 2, and 5 for Executive Session. Items 1 and 5 were already listed on the agenda, and item 2 was added for specific legal advice regarding intergovernmental matters. Items 1 and 5 relate to the purchase, acquisition, lease, transfer or sale of real personal or other property, and the negotiations relate to City-owned land on Artisans' Point, Gregory Street Plaza, and other City-owned property.

**MOTION TO ADJOURN
INTO EXECUTIVE
SESSION**

Alderman Bennett **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Johnson to adjourn into Executive Session at 3:30 p.m. to hold a conference with the City's Attorney to consider the purchase, acquisition, lease, transfer or sale of real, personal or other property, pursuant to

C.R.S. § 24-6-402(4)(a), to hold a conference with the City's attorney to receive legal advice on specific legal questions, pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-6-402(4)(b), and to determine positions relative to matters that may be subject to negotiations, develop a strategy for negotiations, and/or instruct negotiators, pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-6-402(4)(e).

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

**MOTION TO
ADJOURN**

Alderman Bennett **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Johnson to adjourn the Executive Session at 4:02 p.m.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

13. ADJOURNMENT:

Mayor Spellman declared the Regular Meeting of the City Council adjourned at 4:02 p.m.

Melissa A. Greiner, CMC
City Clerk

David D. Spellman
Mayor

**COUNCIL BILL 37
ORDINANCE 2021-37
AN ORDINANCE
APPROVING THE SECOND
AMENDMENT TO
INTERGOVERNMENTAL
AGREEMENT
(AMBULANCE SERVICES)
BETWEEN THE CITY OF
BLACK HAWK AND THE
SILVER DOLLAR
METROPOLITAN
DISTRICT**

**STATE OF COLORADO
COUNTY OF GILPIN
CITY OF BLACK HAWK**

COUNCIL BILL NUMBER: CB37

ORDINANCE NUMBER: 2021-37

TITLE: AN ORDINANCE APPROVING THE SECOND AMENDMENT TO INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT (AMBULANCE SERVICES) BETWEEN THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK AND THE SILVER DOLLAR METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK, GILPIN COUNTY:

Section 1. The Second Amendment to Intergovernmental Agreement (Ambulance Services) between the City of Black Hawk and the Silver Dollar Metropolitan District, attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, is hereby approved, and the Mayor is authorized to execute the same on behalf of the City.

Section 2. Safety Clause. The City Council hereby finds, determines, and declares that this Ordinance is promulgated under the general police power of the City of Black Hawk, that it is promulgated for the health, safety, and welfare of the public, and that this Ordinance is necessary for the preservation of health and safety and for the protection of public convenience and welfare. The City Council further determines that the Ordinance bears a rational relation to the proper legislative object sought to be attained.

Section 3. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, or part of this Ordinance or the application thereof to any person or circumstances shall for any reason be adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction invalid, such judgment shall not affect application to other persons or circumstances.

Section 4. Effective Date. The City Clerk is directed to post the Ordinance as required by the Charter. This Ordinance shall become effective upon posting by the City Clerk.

READ, PASSED AND ORDERED POSTED this 27th day of October, 2021.

David D. Spellman, Mayor

ATTEST:

Melissa A. Greiner, CMC, City Clerk

CITY OF BLACK HAWK

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

SUBJECT: An Ordinance Approving the Second Amendment to the Intergovernmental Agreement (Ambulance Services) Between the City of Black Hawk and the Silver Dollar Metropolitan District.

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends the following motion to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

MOTION TO APPROVE: Ordinance 2021-37, An Ordinance Approving the Second Amendment to the Intergovernmental Agreement (Ambulance Services) Between the City of Black Hawk and the Silver Dollar Metropolitan District.

SUMMARY AND BACKGROUND OF SUBJECT MATTER: On May 13, 2009 the City and the Silver Dollar Metropolitan District entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement for Ambulance Services providing for the District to pay the City \$20,312.50 monthly to cover a portion of the cost the City paid to the Gilpin Ambulance Authority. On March 28, 2012 the First Amendment to the Agreement changed the Districts funding to 45% of the amount paid by the City retroactive to January 1, 2012. The Second Amendment, if approved, would increase the District's contribution to the City to 75% of the amount paid by the City to the Gilpin Ambulance Authority. Other housekeeping items related to timing and payment frequency have also been clarified.

AGENDA DATE: October 27, 2021

WORKSHOP DATE: N/A

FUNDING SOURCE: N/A

DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR APPROVAL: ☒ Yes ☐ No

STAFF PERSON RESPONSIBLE: Lance Hillis, Finance Director

DOCUMENTS ATTACHED: Ordinance 2021-37

RECORD: ☐ Yes ☒ No

CITY ATTORNEY REVIEW: ☒ Yes ☐ N/A

SUBMITTED BY:

Lance Hillis

Lance Hillis, Finance Director

REVIEWED BY:

Stephen N. Cole

Stephen N. Cole, City Manager

SECOND AMENDMENT TO INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT
(Ambulance Services)

WHEREAS, the City of Black Hawk (the "City"), and the Silver Dollar Metropolitan District (the "District") originally entered into that Intergovernmental Agreement (Ambulance Service) dated May 13, 2009 (the "Original Agreement"), by which the District made a monthly payment to the City for ambulance services in the amount of \$20,312.50 to partially fund the employment of six (6) EMTs for ambulance service within the City and District boundaries;

WHEREAS, the City and the District subsequently entered into that First Amendment to Intergovernmental Agreement (Ambulance Service) dated March 28, 2012, retroactive to January 1, 2012 (the "First Amendment"), by which the City and the District agreed to change the funding to cause the District to pay forty five percent (45%) of the amount paid by the City to the Gilpin Ambulance Authority;

WHEREAS, the City and the District desire to further amend the allocation in the First Amendment to cause the District to pay seventy-five percent (75%) of the amount paid by the City to the Gilpin Ambulance Authority; and

WHEREAS, the Parties hereto therefore desire to amend the allocation set forth in the First Amendment as set forth in this Second Amendment.

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the mutual promises and covenants contained herein, the sufficiency of which is mutually acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Effective for the budget year 2022, Section 1 of the Original Agreement as amended by the First Amendment is further amended to read as follows:

1. The District shall pay to the City the amount of seventy-five percent (75%) of the amount paid by the City to the Gilpin Ambulance Authority for ambulance services for any given budget year, to be paid in one annual payment on or before November 1 for the current budget year. Said amount shall be established in advance for each budget year of the Parties based on the allocation to the City set forth in the Establishing Contract for the Gilpin Ambulance Authority, as the same may be amended from time to time. Except for budget year 2022, which shall be transmitted upon approval of this Second Amendment, said amount shall hereafter be transmitted to the District by the City by September 15th of each year for inclusion by the District in the subsequent year's budget.

In addition, effective January 1, 2022, the District shall be authorized to provide to the City the name of a representative of the District that the City shall appoint as one of the City's two voting directors on the Board of Directors of the Gilpin Ambulance Authority. In the event the District does not provide a representative to serve as a member of the Board of Directors of the Gilpin Ambulance Authority within thirty (30) days of a written request by the City, the City may appoint a

member of the Board of the Ambulance Authority that is not a representative of the District.

2. Except as modified herein, the Original Agreement as amended by the First Amendment remain in full force and effect and are hereby ratified by the Parties. This Second Amendment, along with the Original Agreement and the First Amendment constitute the entire agreement between the Parties related to the matters herein.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have caused this instrument to be executed as of this _____ day of _____ 2021.

CITY OF BLACK HAWK, COLORADO

By: _____
David D. Spellman, Mayor

ATTEST:

Melissa A. Greiner, CMC, City Clerk

SILVER DOLLAR METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

By: _____
Edward Smith, President

ATTEST:

Lynnette Hailey, Secretary

**COUNCIL BILL 38
ORDINANCE 2021-38
AN ORDINANCE
APPROVING THE
INTERGOVERNMENTAL
AGREEMENT BETWEEN
THE CITY OF BLACK
HAWK AND THE GILPIN
AMBULANCE AUTHORITY
REGARDING
MAINTENANCE OF THE
AUTHORITY'S
AMBULANCES**

**STATE OF COLORADO
COUNTY OF GILPIN
CITY OF BLACK HAWK**

COUNCIL BILL NUMBER: CB38

ORDINANCE NUMBER: 2021-38

TITLE: AN ORDINANCE APPROVING THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK AND THE GILPIN AMBULANCE AUTHORITY REGARDING MAINTENANCE OF THE AUTHORITY'S AMBULANCES

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK, GILPIN COUNTY:

Section 1. The Intergovernmental Agreement between the City of Black Hawk and the Gilpin Ambulance Authority, attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, is hereby approved, and the Mayor is authorized to execute the same on behalf of the City.

Section 2. Safety Clause. The City Council hereby finds, determines, and declares that this Ordinance is promulgated under the general police power of the City of Black Hawk, that it is promulgated for the health, safety, and welfare of the public, and that this Ordinance is necessary for the preservation of health and safety and for the protection of public convenience and welfare. The City Council further determines that the Ordinance bears a rational relation to the proper legislative object sought to be attained.

Section 3. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, or part of this Ordinance or the application thereof to any person or circumstances shall for any reason be adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction invalid, such judgment shall not affect application to other persons or circumstances.

Section 4. Effective Date. The City Clerk is directed to post the Ordinance as required by the Charter. This Ordinance shall become effective upon posting by the City Clerk.

READ, PASSED AND ORDERED POSTED this 27th day of October, 2021.

David D. Spellman, Mayor

ATTEST:

Melissa A. Greiner, CMC, City Clerk

CITY OF BLACK HAWK
REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

SUBJECT: 2022 Maintenance IGA with the Gilpin Ambulance Authority

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends the following motion to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

MOTION TO APPROVE Council Bill 38, An Ordinance Approving the Intergovernmental Agreement between the City of Black Hawk and the Gilpin Ambulance Authority Regarding Maintenance of the Authority's Ambulances

SUMMARY AND BACKGROUND OF SUBJECT MATTER: The City provides fleet maintenance for the Gilpin Ambulance Authority. The Authority utilizes the City Fleet Maintenance Department for all of their routine service as it is convenient and cost effective due to the distance from the metro area. The Fleet rate is set for 2022 at \$115.50/ hour billed in full one hour increments. All parts are invoiced to the Authority at cost.

AGENDA DATE: October 27, 2021

WORKSHOP DATE: October 27, 2021

FUNDING SOURCE: N/A

DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR APPROVAL: ☒ Yes ☐ No

STAFF PERSON RESPONSIBLE: Tom Isbester

DOCUMENTS ATTACHED: IGA

RECORD: ☐ Yes ☒ No

CoBH CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE REQUIRED ☒ Yes ☐ No

CITY ATTORNEY REVIEW: ☒ Yes ☐ N/A

SUBMITTED BY:



Thomas Isbester, Public Works Director

REVIEWED BY:



Stephen N. Cole, City Manager

INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is made and entered into this _____ day of _____, 2021, by and between the CITY OF BLACK HAWK, a home rule municipality of the State of Colorado ("Black Hawk"), and Gilpin Ambulance Authority, a body corporate and politic of the State of Colorado (the " Authority").

W I T N E S S E T H

WHEREAS, the Authority desires to have maintenance service available from Black Hawk to assist in providing ambulance maintenance services;

WHEREAS, Black Hawk has a maintenance facility (the "Shop"), and has a staff of mechanics to provide maintenance services for Black Hawk vehicles; and

WHEREAS, Black Hawk is willing to make the Shop and staff of mechanics available to the Authority to provide maintenance services for vehicles used by the Authority, all subject to the terms and conditions herein below.

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the mutual promises and covenants contained herein, the sufficiency of which is mutually acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Scope of Work and Consideration.

a. Black Hawk shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment and maintenance necessary to service the Authority's vehicles, as the same are identified by the Authority from time to time (the "Authority's Vehicles"). In consideration for servicing the Authority's Vehicles, the Authority shall pay Black Hawk at a rate of One Hundred Fifteen Dollars and Fifty Cents (\$115.50) per hour billed in full one-hour increments for labor and associated administrative costs, plus reimbursement for the actual cost of parts.

b. Black Hawk shall perform the basic service functions identified in **Exhibit A**, attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference (the "Maintenance Services"). The hours of operation of the staff of mechanics shall typically be Monday through Friday from 7:00 a.m. until 3:30 p.m., excluding City of Black Hawk holidays.

2. Use of Personnel. Black Hawk shall employ a full-time staff of mechanics to provide vehicle maintenance services at the Shop. The staff of mechanics shall make themselves available, as needed, following maintenance of Black Hawk vehicles, for maintenance and repair of the Authority's vehicles as more particularly set forth in Section 4.c. of this Agreement.

3. Personnel are Black Hawk Employees. The staff of mechanics shall at all times be Black Hawk employees. Black Hawk shall pay all insurance, worker's compensation, and other Black Hawk benefits to such employees. The staff of mechanic's shall be under the supervision and control of Black Hawk. The Authority shall report performance problems to the Public Works Director.

4. City Liaisons; Priority of Work.

a. The Authority and Black Hawk shall each establish one (1) person to be the liaison between the Authority and Black Hawk regarding the services required pursuant to Section 1 of this Agreement. The liaisons shall communicate directly with each other regarding necessary work pursuant to this Agreement. The Authority hereby identifies its liaison as its Executive Director. Black Hawk hereby identifies its liaison to be its Fleet Maintenance Supervisor.

b. The Authority shall be responsible for bringing the vehicle to Black Hawk's maintenance facility and picking the vehicle up from Black Hawk's facility when the Maintenance Services have been completed. The Authority's liaison shall further be responsible for making an appointment for service, which appointment shall include the work needed and the Authority's desired time frame for completion of the work. There is no guarantee that indoor storage of vehicles will be available or provided when the vehicles are delivered to Black Hawk's facility for maintenance. In the event the Black Hawk shop is unable to provide the indoor storage of vehicles, Black Hawk's liaison shall make reasonable efforts to notify the Authority's representative that indoor storage is not available. The Authority shall ensure that all items subject to freezing have been removed from the vehicle when it is delivered.

c. Black Hawk shall use its best efforts to complete work under this agreement in a timely manner. However, Black Hawk vehicles shall have priority over the Authority's Vehicles for which Maintenance Services are performed pursuant to this Agreement. Moreover, Black Hawk's liaison shall determine the priority of servicing all vehicles at his sole discretion. The Authority may identify if it deems work to be in the nature of an emergency, and Black Hawk shall use its best efforts to complete any such work as quickly as practicable under the circumstances.

d. For purposes of inventory control, Black Hawk shall be solely responsible for obtaining any necessary parts (including tires) to perform the Fleet Maintenance Services. The Authority shall not order any parts separately for Maintenance Services. All parts removed (including tires) shall remain the property of the City of Black Hawk and shall be disposed of in a manner consistent with other similar parts.

e. The Authority's liaison shall be responsible for notifying Black Hawk's liaison of any hazardous materials not evident from the nature of the services being provided pursuant to this Agreement, including, by way of example, blood, urine, or other materials not used in the standard functioning and maintenance of an ambulance.

5. Shop; Maintenance; Utilities. Black Hawk shall maintain the Shop and shall pay for such utilities (such as heat, power, and water) as may be required under such lease at no cost to the Authority. Black Hawk shall acquire and maintain all permits or approvals required for the Shop. Black Hawk shall handle hazardous materials and dispose of hazardous wastes from the Shop in compliance with applicable law.

6. Tools and Special Tools. Black Hawk shall provide all tools and equipment

needed for Maintenance Services for the Shop at Black Hawk's expense. The staff of mechanics may use such tools and equipment for maintenance of the Authority's Vehicles.

7. Extraordinary Maintenance. In the event maintenance services are required for the Authority's Vehicles that cannot be completed in the Shop by the staff of mechanics in the desired time frame either because they are not identified in Exhibit A, or due to other shop priorities the Authority and the City shall determine by mutual consent how best to provide such services outside the scope of this Agreement. The City liaison will make reasonable efforts to contact the Authority representative prior to sending the vehicle to an outside facility. In the event that maintenance of the Authority's vehicles results in unusual quantities, forms, or compositions of hazardous materials or wastes that may result in unusual costs for disposal or treatment, the City shall, if practicable, consult with the Authority prior to treatment or disposal. If Black Hawk incurs such costs on the Authority's behalf, the Authority shall pay such extraordinary costs to Black Hawk in the month following the month in which the cost is billed to the Authority by Black Hawk.

8. Date of Commencement. This Agreement shall commence on January 1, 2022.

9. Payment Schedule. Black Hawk shall provide the Authority with an invoice for payment on the fifth day of each month for the previous month's services, and the Authority shall remit the monthly fee within ten (10) business days thereafter, unless the Authority's regular monthly meeting occurs more than ten (10) business days after the date of the invoice, in which case the monthly fee shall be remitted within ten (10) business days after the Authority's regular monthly meeting, and approval by the Board.

10. Control. All services provided under this Agreement shall be governed by the ordinances of the City of Black Hawk, unless otherwise specified in this Agreement. Management of Black Hawk's employees shall rest exclusively with Black Hawk. Authority shall not attempt to directly or indirectly manage, discipline or direct employees of Black Hawk. In the event of substandard performance of an employee or agent of Black Hawk, Authority may demand forthwith correction of the problem.

11. Term and Renewal.

a. The term of this Agreement shall be through and until December 31, 2022.

b. The parties have the mutual option to renew this Agreement on the same terms and conditions for unlimited one-year terms.

12. Termination. This Agreement may be terminated without cause by either party for any reason by giving the other party written notice at least forty-five (45) days in advance of the termination date. If this Agreement is so terminated, Black Hawk will be paid for all services rendered up to the date of termination.

13. Compliance with Laws; No Warranty.

a. Black Hawk shall comply with all applicable federal, state, county, and local laws, ordinances, regulations, and codes (including procurement of required permits or certificates) in Black Hawk's performance hereunder, irrespective of whether a specification is furnished. This includes any applicable state or local law, rule or regulation affecting safety and health. If materials, services, or containers furnished are required to be constructed, packaged, labeled, or registered in a prescribed manner, Black Hawk shall comply with federal law and, in addition, with applicable state or local law.

b. No warranties are provided by Black Hawk pursuant to this Agreement. Black Hawk shall perform its services with care, skill, and diligence. However, the Authority specifically waives any claims it may have against Black Hawk, except claims arising out of gross negligence by Black Hawk, or its employees.

14. Indemnification. To the extent permitted by law, each party hereto agrees to indemnify, hold harmless and defend all other parties hereto, their agents, assigns, employees, officers, and officials from and against all claims, demands, liabilities, suits, judgments and decrees, losses and costs and expenses of any kind or nature whatsoever on account of claims made by a third party and which are caused directly and solely by the Indemnifying Party or its personnel, regardless of where such claim arose. No party hereto shall be responsible for indemnifying the other party from and against willful and wanton misconduct arising hereunder.

15. Insurance.

a. Each party hereto agrees to procure and maintain, at its own cost, a policy or policies of insurance sufficient to insure against all liability, claims, demands, and other obligations assumed by it pursuant to Section 14, above. More specifically, the parties hereto shall procure and maintain the minimum insurance coverage listed in subsection b. below. Such coverage shall be procured and maintained with forms and insurers acceptable to Black Hawk and the Authority. All coverage shall be continuously maintained to cover all liability, claims, demands, and other obligations assumed by the parties pursuant to Section 14, above. In the case of any claims-made policy, the necessary retroactive dates and extended reporting periods shall be procured to maintain such continuous coverage.

b. The parties hereto shall procure and maintain at its sole and exclusive expense insurance coverage, including comprehensive liability, personal injury, property damage worker's compensation and, if applicable, emergency medical service professional liability with minimum combined single limits of six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000) each occurrence and one million dollars (\$1,000,000) general aggregate. The policy shall contain a severability of interests provision. The Authority's policy required by this Section 15 shall be endorsed to include the other's officers and employees as additional insured's. Every such policy required above shall be primary insurance. No additional insured endorsement to the policy required by this Section 15 shall contain any exclusion for bodily injury or property damage arising from completed operations.

c. The certificate of insurance provided by each party shall be completed by the other party as evidence that a policy or policies providing the required coverage, conditions, and minimum limits is in full force and effect, and shall be reviewed and approved by the other party. No other form of certificate shall be used. The certificate shall identify this Agreement and shall provide that the coverage afforded under the policies shall not be cancelled, terminated, or materially changed until at least thirty (30) days prior written notice has been given to the other party. The completed certificate of insurance shall be sent to:

City of Black Hawk
P.O. Box 68
Black Hawk, Colorado 80422
Attn: City Clerk

d. Failure on the part of either party to procure or maintain a policy or policies providing the required coverage, conditions, and minimum limits shall constitute a material breach of agreement upon which the other party may immediately terminate this Agreement, or at its discretion, the non-breaching party may procure or renew any such policy or any extended reporting period thereto and may pay any and all premiums in connection therewith, and all monies so paid by the non-breaching party shall be repaid by the other upon demand.

e. Both parties reserve the right to request and receive a certified copy of any policy and any endorsement thereto.

f. Black Hawk and the Authority further understand and agree that Black Hawk and the Authority, their officers, and their employees are relying on, and do not waive or intend to waive by any provision of this Agreement, the monetary limitations or any other rights, immunities, and protections provided by the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101 et seq., C.R.S., as from time to time amended, or otherwise available to the Owner, its officers or employees.

16. Notices. Any notices or demand under which the terms of this agreement and under any statute must or may be given or made by the Black Hawk or Authority shall be in writing and shall be given or made by personal service, telegram, first class mail, or by certified or registered mail to the parties:

City of Black Hawk
P.O. Box 68
201 Selak
Black Hawk, CO 80422

Gilpin Ambulance Authority
P.O. Box 638
Black Hawk, CO 80422

17. Severability. In the event any provision of this Agreement is declared or determined to be unlawful, invalid or unconstitutional, such declaration shall not affect in any manner, the legality of the remaining provisions of this Agreement, and each provision of the

Agreement will be and is deemed to be separate and severable from each other provision.

18. Jurisdiction. This Agreement is made in and subject to the laws of the State of Colorado. Any disputes shall be brought in the District Court in and for the County of Gilpin, State of Colorado.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement as of the day and year first above-written.

CITY OF BLACK HAWK, COLORADO

David D. Spellman, Mayor

ATTEST:

Melissa A. Greiner, City Clerk

GILPIN AMBULANCE AUTHORITY



Jim Johnson, President

ATTEST:

EXHIBIT A
TYPICAL FLEET MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- 1) Lube, Oil and filter changes**
- 2) Tire repair and Tire replacement and balancing**
- 3) Brake repairs**
- 4) Tune-ups**
- 5) Replacement of belts and hoses**
- 6) Fuel injection cleaning**
- 7) Replacement of starters and alternators**
- 8) Minor exhaust repairs**
- 9) Head light, tail light, and emergency equipment repairs or replacement**
- 10) Cooling system repairs including water pumps, heater cores, radiators**
- 11) Suspension repairs, springs, struts, shocks, ball joints, tie rod ends, etc.**
- 12) Vehicle chassis electrical system**
- 13) Hydraulic repairs or replacements**
- 14) Welding and Machine work**
- 15) Bumpers, Front and rear replacements**



CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE

DATE (MM/DD/YYYY)

12/09/2020

THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED AS A MATTER OF INFORMATION ONLY AND CONFERS NO RIGHTS UPON THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. THIS CERTIFICATE DOES NOT AFFIRMATIVELY OR NEGATIVELY AMEND, EXTEND OR ALTER THE COVERAGE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES BELOW. THIS CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CONTRACT BETWEEN THE ISSUING INSURER(S), AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OR PRODUCER, AND THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER.

IMPORTANT: If the certificate holder is an ADDITIONAL INSURED, the policy(ies) must be endorsed. If SUBROGATION IS WAIVED, subject to the terms and conditions of the policy, certain policies may require an endorsement. A statement on this certificate does not confer rights to the certificate holder in lieu of such endorsement(s).

PRODUCER GYSIN & CO INSURANCE 27886 Meadow Dr Evergreen, CO 80439	CONTACT NAME: Kathy Fuller PHONE (A/C, No, Ext): (303) 674-6688 E-MAIL ADDRESS: kathy@gysinins.com FAX (A/C, No): (303) 670-1760														
INSURED Gilpin Ambulance Authority P.O. BOX 638 BLACK HAWK, Co 80422	<table><tr><th>INSURER(S) AFFORDING COVERAGE</th><th>NAIC #</th></tr><tr><td>INSURER A: National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburg</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>INSURER B:</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>INSURER C:</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>INSURER D:</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>INSURER E:</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>INSURER F:</td><td></td></tr></table>	INSURER(S) AFFORDING COVERAGE	NAIC #	INSURER A: National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburg		INSURER B:		INSURER C:		INSURER D:		INSURER E:		INSURER F:	
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INSURER B:															
INSURER C:															
INSURER D:															
INSURER E:															
INSURER F:															

COVERAGES**CERTIFICATE NUMBER:****REVISION NUMBER:**

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE POLICIES OF INSURANCE LISTED BELOW HAVE BEEN ISSUED TO THE INSURED NAMED ABOVE FOR THE POLICY PERIOD INDICATED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY REQUIREMENT, TERM OR CONDITION OF ANY CONTRACT OR OTHER DOCUMENT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE ISSUED OR MAY PERTAIN, THE INSURANCE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES DESCRIBED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO ALL THE TERMS, EXCLUSIONS AND CONDITIONS OF SUCH POLICIES. LIMITS SHOWN MAY HAVE BEEN REDUCED BY PAID CLAIMS.

INSR LTR	TYPE OF INSURANCE	ADDL INSR	SUBR WVD	POLICY NUMBER	POLICY EFF (MM/DD/YYYY)	POLICY EXP (MM/DD/YYYY)	LIMITS
A	GENERAL LIABILITY <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY <input type="checkbox"/> CLAIMS-MADE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OCCUR GEN'L AGGREGATE LIMIT APPLIES PER: <input type="checkbox"/> POLICY <input type="checkbox"/> PRO-JECT <input type="checkbox"/> LOC			VFNU-TR-0002152-00/000	01/01/2021	01/01/2022	EACH OCCURRENCE \$ 1,000,000 DAMAGE TO RENTED PREMISES (Ea occurrence) \$ 1,000,000 MED EXP (Any one person) \$ 10,000 PERSONAL & ADV INJURY \$ 1,000,000 GENERAL AGGREGATE \$ 3,000,000 PRODUCTS - COMP/OP AGG \$ 3,000,000
A	AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY <input type="checkbox"/> ANY AUTO <input type="checkbox"/> ALL OWNED AUTOS <input type="checkbox"/> HIRED AUTOS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SCHEDULED AUTOS <input type="checkbox"/> NON-OWNED AUTOS			VFNU-TR-0002152-00/000	01/01/2021	01/01/2022	COMBINED SINGLE LIMIT (Ea accident) \$ 1,000,000 BODILY INJURY (Per person) \$ BODILY INJURY (Per accident) \$ PROPERTY DAMAGE (Per accident) \$
A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UMBRELLA LIAB <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EXCESS LIAB DED <input type="checkbox"/> RETENTION \$			VFNU-TR-0002152-00/000	01/01/2021	01/01/2022	EACH OCCURRENCE \$ 1,000,000 AGGREGATE \$ 2,000,000
	WORKERS COMPENSATION AND EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY ANY PROPRIETOR/PARTNER/EXECUTIVE OFFICER/MEMBER EXCLUDED? (Mandatory in NH) If yes, describe under DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS below Y / N <input type="checkbox"/> N / A						WC STATU-TORY LIMITS <input type="checkbox"/> OTH-ER <input type="checkbox"/> E.L. EACH ACCIDENT \$ E.L. DISEASE - EA EMPLOYEE \$ E.L. DISEASE - POLICY LIMIT \$

DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS / LOCATIONS / VEHICLES (Attach ACORD 101, Additional Remarks Schedule, if more space is required)

CERTIFICATE HOLDER**CANCELLATION**

CITY OF BLACKHAWK Attention CITY CLERK P O BOX 68 BLACKHAWK, Co 80422	SHOULD ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED POLICIES BE CANCELLED BEFORE THE EXPIRATION DATE THEREOF, NOTICE WILL BE DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICY PROVISIONS. AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE
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RESOLUTION 77-2021
A RESOLUTION
APPROVING THE
PURCHASE OF CERTAIN
PROPERTY FROM
LINDSEY G. AND ROSA L.
ASHBY

**STATE OF COLORADO
COUNTY OF GILPIN
CITY OF BLACK HAWK**

Resolution No. 77-2021

**TITLE: A RESOLUTION APPROVING THE PURCHASE OF CERTAIN PROPERTY
 FROM LINDSEY G. AND ROSA L. ASHBY**

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF
BLACK HAWK, COLORADO, THAT:

Section 1. The City Council hereby approves the Contract to Buy and Sell Real Estate between the City and Lindsey G. and Rosa L. Ashby, attached hereto as **Exhibit A** in the amount of \$52,000.00, and authorizes the Mayor and the City Manager to execute the necessary documents on behalf of the City.

RESOLVED AND PASSED this 27th day of October, 2021.

David D. Spellman, Mayor

ATTEST:

Melissa A. Greiner, CMC, City Clerk

CITY OF BLACK HAWK

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

SUBJECT: Authorization to purchase three (3) mining claims consisting of 7.4 acres: the Mammoth 366 mining claim, Morning Star 4849 mining claim, and the Parole 4849 mining claim for \$52,000 plus associated closing costs not to exceed \$60,000.

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends the following motion to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

MOTION TO APPROVE *Resolution 77-2021, A Resolution approving the purchase of certain property from Lindsey G. and Rosa L. Ashby*

SUMMARY AND BACKGROUND OF SUBJECT MATTER:

The City contemplates the expansion of its open space/park system to include Gregory Hill. As a result, staff seeks approval from the City Council to purchase three (3) parcels known as the Mammoth 366 Mining Lode, Morning Star 4849 Mining Claim, and the Parole 4849 mining claim consisting of approximately 7.4 acres from Lindsey G. and Rosa L. Ashby for \$52,000.

AGENDA DATE: October 27, 2021

DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR APPROVAL: ☒ Yes ☐ No

STAFF PERSON RESPONSIBLE: Stephen Cole, City Manager

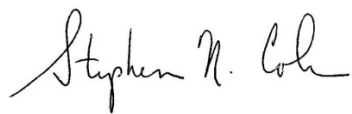
DOCUMENTS ATTACHED: Purchase agreement

RECORD: ☐ Yes ☒ No

CoBH CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE REQUIRED ☐ Yes ☒ No

CITY ATTORNEY REVIEW: ☒ Yes ☐ N/A

SUBMITTED BY:



Stephen N. Cole, City Manager

CONTRACT TO BUY AND SELL REAL ESTATE

Oct 9, 2021

1. PARTIES AND PROPERTY. The City of Black Hawk, Colorado (Buyer), agrees to buy, and Lindsey G. and Rosa L. Ashby (Seller), agree to sell on the terms and conditions set forth in this contract, the following described real estate in the County of Gilpin, Colorado, to wit:

See Exhibit A, attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference, together with all interest of Seller in vacated streets and alleys adjacent thereto, all easements and other appurtenances thereto, all improvements thereon and all attached fixtures thereon, except as herein excluded (collectively the "Property").

2. PURCHASE PRICE AND TERMS. The purchase price shall be Fifty-Two Thousand Dollars (\$52,000.00) (the "Purchase Price"), which amount is calculated at Seven Thousand Dollars (\$7,000.00) per acre, said Purchase Price to be adjusted upwards or downwards to reflect the actual acreage at the agreed upon per acre value, plus closing costs, said closing costs to be paid in their entirety by Buyer.

3. NOT ASSIGNABLE. This contract shall not be assignable by Buyer without Seller's prior written consent. Except as so restricted, this contract shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the heirs, personal representatives, successors and assigns of the parties.

4. EVIDENCE OF TITLE. Seller shall furnish to Buyer, at Buyer's expense a current commitment for owner's title insurance policy in an amount equal to the purchase price, on or before July 23, 2021 (Title Deadline).

5. DATE OF CLOSING. The date of closing shall be August 18, 2021, or by mutual agreement at an earlier date. The hour and place of closing shall be as designated by mutual agreement of the parties.

6. TRANSFER OF TITLE. Subject to tender or payment at closing as required herein and compliance by Buyer with the other terms and provisions hereof, Seller shall execute and deliver a good and sufficient special warranty deed to Buyer, on closing, conveying the Property free and clear of all taxes except the general taxes for the year of closing, and except matters shown by public records satisfactory to Buyer. The special warranty deed shall include a deed restriction that restricts the uses of the Property by Buyer to open space, and related park and recreational purposes for the preservation and conservation of sites, scenes, open space, and vistas of scientific and historic interest, including trails and may also include the ability for a rail served historic property experience. Title shall be conveyed free and clear of all liens for special improvements installed as of the date of Buyer's signature hereon, whether assessed or not; except: (i) distribution utility easements (including cable TV), (ii) those matters reflected by the Title Documents accepted by Buyer in accordance with subsection 6(a), (iii) those rights, if any, of third parties in the Property not shown by the public records in accordance with subsection 6(b), (iv) inclusion of

the Property within any special taxing district, and (v) subject to building and zoning regulations.

7. PAYMENT OF ENCUMBRANCES. Any encumbrance required to be paid shall be paid at or before closing from the proceeds of this transaction or from any other source.

8. PRORATIONS. General taxes for the year of closing, based on the taxes for the calendar year immediately preceding closing, rents, water, and sewer charges, homeowner's association dues, and interest on continuing loan(s), if any, shall be prorated to date of closing.

9. POSSESSION. Possession of the Property shall be delivered to Buyer at closing.

10. TIME OF ESSENCE/REMEDIES. Time is of the essence hereof. If any note or check received as earnest money hereunder or any other payment due hereunder is not paid, honored, or tendered when due, or if any other obligation hereunder is not performed or waived as herein provided, there shall be the following remedies:

(a) IF BUYER IS IN DEFAULT (Specific Performance).

Seller may elect to treat this contract as cancelled, in which case all payments and things of value received hereunder shall be forfeited and retained on behalf of Seller, and Seller may recover such damages as may be proper, or Seller may elect to treat this contract as being in full force and effect and Seller shall have the right to specific performance or damages, or both.

(b) IF SELLER IS IN DEFAULT:

Buyer may elect to treat this contract as cancelled, in which case all payments and things of value received hereunder shall be returned and Buyer may recover such damages as may be proper, or Buyer may elect to treat this contract as being in full force and effect and Buyer shall have the right to specific performance or damages, or both.

(c) COSTS AND EXPENSES.

Anything to the contrary herein notwithstanding, in the event of any arbitration or litigation arising out of this contract, the arbitrator or court shall award to the prevailing party all reasonable costs and expenses, including attorney fees.

11. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS: Are attached as Exhibit B and incorporated by this reference. (The language of these additional provisions has not been approved by the Colorado Real Estate Commission.)

12. TERMINATION. In the event this contract is terminated, all payments and things of value received hereunder shall be returned and the parties shall be relieved of all obligations.

BUYER CITY OF BLACK HAWK


By: _____
David D. Spellman, Mayor

Date: _____

Attest: _____
Melissa A. Greiner, CMC, City Clerk

Buyer's Address: 201 Selak St.
P. O. Box 68
Black Hawk, CO 80422

SELLER LINDSEY G. AND ROSA L. ASHBY


Lindsey G. Ashby


Rosa L. Ashby

Seller's Address: 1304 Main Street - Box 397
Georgetown, Colorado 80444

EXHIBIT A

N002298 4849 -PAROLE

ASHBY LINDSEY G & ROSA L PO BOX 397, GEORGETOWN, CO, 80444-0397

S: 12 T: 3S R: 73W MINE: PAROLE - 4849 100% 3.18 ACRES GREGORY

N000040 4849 -MORNING STAR

ASHBY LINDSEY G & ROSA L PO BOX 397, GEORGETOWN, CO, 80444-0397

S: 12 T: 3S R: 73W MINE: MORNING STAR - 4849 100% 3.19 ACRES GREGORY

N002297 366 -MAMMOTH

ASHBY LINDSEY G & ROSA L PO BOX 397, GEORGETOWN, CO, 80444-0397

S: 12 T: 3S R: 73W MINE: MAMMOTH - 366 100% 1.03 ACRES GREGORY

EXHIBIT B

To that certain Contract to Buy and Sell Real Estate dated October, 2021, by and between Lindsey G. and Rosa L. Ashby, as Seller, and the City of Black Hawk, Colorado, as Buyer, regarding the acquisition of any and all interest in the land described herein. To the extent these Additional Provisions conflict with, modify, or supplement other portions of the Contract, the provisions contained in these Additional Provisions shall govern and control the rights and obligations of the parties.

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS (continued):

16.A. Broker Commission: None

16.C. Facsimile Signatures: Facsimile signatures are acceptable.

16.D. Counterparts: This Contract may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be considered an original for all purposes, and all of which when taken together shall constitute one and the same Contract.

16.E. Notices: Any notice which a party desires or is required to give hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed given when delivered personally to each party, delivered by facsimile, or deposited in the United States mails, postage prepaid, either registered or certified, return receipt requested, to the parties at the following addresses:

Seller: Lindsey G. and Rosa L. Ashby
1304 Main Street
Georgetown, Colorado 80444
Attn: Lindsey G. Ashby

Buyer: City of Black Hawk
Attn: Stephen Cole, City Manager
P.O. Box 68
Black Hawk, Colorado 80422

16.F. Next Business Day: In the event any date described herein for payment or performance of the provisions hereof falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the time for such payment or performance shall be extended to the next business day.

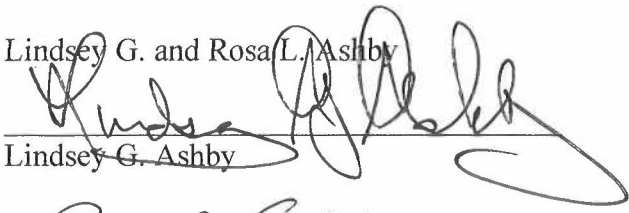
16.G. Entire Document: Seller and Buyer acknowledge that there are no statements, warranties, or representations between them that are not included in this Agreement, and this Agreement shall not be modified or changed in any manner, unless in writing, and executed by all the parties hereto.

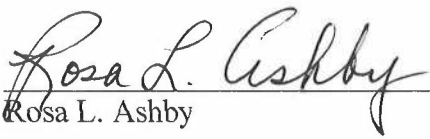
16.H. Survival of Contract Provisions: To the extent that the provisions herein set forth require performance to be completed subsequent to the Closing, such provisions shall survive the

closing and be binding upon the parties hereto and shall not merge into the deed or deeds to be delivered in accordance with this Contract.

SELLER:

Lindsey G. and Rosa L. Ashby


Lindsey G. Ashby


Rosa L. Ashby

BUYER:

THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK,
COLORADO

By:

David D. Spellman, Mayor

Attest:

Melissa A. Greiner, CMC, City Clerk

RESOLUTION 78-2021
A RESOLUTION
APPROVING THE
COLORADO OPIOIDS
SETTLEMENT
MEMORANDUM OF
UNDERSTANDING

**STATE OF COLORADO
COUNTY OF GILPIN
CITY OF BLACK HAWK**

Resolution No. 78-2021

**TITLE: A RESOLUTION APPROVING THE COLORADO OPIOIDS
SETTLEMENT MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING**

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF
BLACK HAWK, COLORADO, THAT:

Section 1. The City Council hereby approves the Colorado Opioids Settlement Memorandum of Understanding substantially in the form attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference, and authorizes the Mayor to execute the same on behalf of the City. The City Council further authorizes the Mayor to execute any additional documents necessary to effectuate the settlement with the "Big 3" opioid distributors, McKesson, Cardinal Health and Johnson & Johnson.

RESOLVED AND PASSED this 27th day of October, 2021.

David D. Spellman, Mayor

ATTEST:

Melissa A. Greiner, CMC, City Clerk

CITY OF BLACK HAWK

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

SUBJECT: Authorizing the Mayor to enter into a Memorandum of Understanding with the Colorado Attorney General to include settlement documents pursuant to the Janssen Settlement Agreement dated July 21, 2021, which includes the Janssen Settlement participation form, Distributer Settlement, and Escrow Agreement.

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends the following motion to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

MOTION TO APPROVE *Resolution 78-2021, a Resolution approving the Colorado Opioids Settlement Memorandum of Understanding.*

SUMMARY AND BACKGROUND OF SUBJECT MATTER: On August 22, 2018, the City Council approved a Professional Services Agreement with Keller Rohrbach, L.L.P. to pursue claims for damages against pharmaceutical companies who manufacture, distribute, or sell opioids. The City was notified of a settlement with one of the defendants known as the “Janssen Settlement” dated July 21, 2021. The State of Colorado anticipates receiving settlement proceeds of \$400 million to address treatment, prevention, and recovery specifically. The State has developed a process for managing and distributing settlement proceeds distributed over an 18-year period. The State has created a State General Abatement Council made up of State and local representatives who will ensure the distribution of Opioid funds complies with the terms of the agreement. Once the City opts into this settlement agreement, the City will be required to enter into a subsequent agreement with other municipalities and counties within Region 10, comprised of Gilpin County, Clear Creek County, and Jefferson County. We anticipate future settlements with other defendants will follow a similar process. As a result, the staff recommends the City Council enter into the MOU with the Attorney General.

AGENDA DATE: October 27, 2021

DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR APPROVAL: [X]Yes []No

STAFF PERSON RESPONSIBLE: Stephen Cole, City Manager

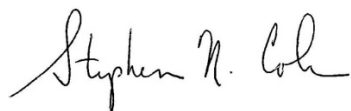
DOCUMENTS ATTACHED: Colorado Opioids Settlement Memorandum of Understanding

RECORD: []Yes [X]No

CoBH CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE REQUIRED []Yes [X]No

CITY ATTORNEY REVIEW: [X]Yes []N/A

SUBMITTED BY:



Stephen N. Cole, City Manager

**COLORADO OPIOIDS SETTLEMENT MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING
("MOU")**

Thursday, August 26, 2021

August 25, 2021 Attorney General version

A. Definitions

As used in this MOU:

1. "Approved Purpose(s)" shall mean forward-looking strategies, programming, and services to abate the opioid epidemic as identified by the terms of any Settlement. If a Settlement is silent on Approved Purpose(s), then Approved Purpose(s) shall mean those forward-looking strategies to abate the opioid epidemic identified in **Exhibit A** or any supplemental forward-looking abatement strategies added to **Exhibit A** by the Abatement Council. Consistent with the terms of any Settlement, "Approved Purposes" shall also include the reasonable administrative costs associated with overseeing and administering Opioid Funds from each of the four (4) Shares described in Section (B)(2). Reimbursement by the State or Local Governments for past expenses are not Approved Purpose(s). "Approved Purposes" shall include attorneys' fees and expenses incurred in the course of the opioid litigation that are paid through the process discussed below.
2. "County Area" shall mean a county in the State of Colorado plus the Local Governments, or portion of any Local Government, within that county.
3. "Effective Date" shall mean the date on which a court of competent jurisdiction, including any bankruptcy court, enters the first Settlement by order or consent decree. The Parties anticipate that more than one Settlement will be administered according to the terms of this MOU, but that the first entered Settlement will trigger the formation of the Abatement Council in Section (C) and the Regional Councils in Section (F)(5).¹
4. "General Abatement Fund Council," or "Abatement Council," shall have the meaning described in Section (C), below.

¹ For the avoidance of doubt, the McKinsey Settlement and any other Settlement that precedes the finalization of drafting this MOU are not considered a trigger for purposes of the calculation of "Effective Date."

5. “Local Government(s)” shall mean all counties in the State of Colorado and the municipalities, towns, and county and city municipal corporations that are listed in **Exhibit B**.
6. “National Opioid Settlement Administrative Fund” shall mean any fund identified by a Settlement for the national distribution of Opioid Funds.
7. “Opioid Funds” shall mean damage awards obtained through a Settlement.
8. “Opioid Settling Defendant” shall mean any person or entity, or its affiliates, that engages in or has engaged in the manufacture, marketing, promotion, distribution, or dispensing of licit opioids.
9. “Participating Local Government(s)” shall mean all Local Governments that sign this MOU, and if required under terms of a particular Settlement, who have executed a release of claims with the Opioid Settlement Defendant(s). For the avoidance of doubt, a Local Government must sign this MOU to become a “Participating Local Government.” Local Governments may designate the appropriate individual from their entity to sign the MOU.
10. “Party” or “Parties” shall mean the State and/or Participating Local Government(s).
11. “Qualified Settlement Fund Account,” or “QSF Account,” shall mean an account set up as a qualified settlement fund, 468b fund, as authorized by Treasury Regulations 1.468B-1(c) (26 CFR §1.468B-1).
12. “Regional Council” shall have the meaning described in Section (F)(5), below.
13. “Settlement” shall mean the negotiated resolution of legal or equitable claims against an Opioid Settling Defendant when that resolution has been jointly entered into by the State and the Participating Local Governments, or by any individual Party or collection of Parties that opt to subject their Settlement to this MOU. Unless otherwise directed by an order from a United States Bankruptcy Court, “Settlement” shall also include distributions from any liquidation under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code or confirmed plan under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code that treats the claims of the State and Local Governments against an Opioid Settling Defendant.
14. “The State” shall mean the State of Colorado acting through its Attorney General and the Colorado Department of Law.

B. Allocation of Settlement Proceeds

1. All Opioid Funds shall be held in accordance with the terms of any Settlement. If a Settlement allows Opioid Funds to be held in a National Opioid Settlement Administrative Fund, then Opioid Funds shall be held in such National Opioid Settlement Administrative Fund. If a Settlement does not allow for Opioid Funds

to be held in a National Opioid Settlement Administrative Fund, Opioid Funds shall be held in a Colorado-specific QSF Account or, under the following limited circumstances, in the State's Custodial Account: 1) if at the time of a Settlement, a Colorado-specific QSF Account is not yet established, although in such case, the Opioid Funds shall be transferred to the Colorado-specific QSF Account once it is established or 2) where the Abatement Fund Council determines Opioids Funds cannot be legally held in a Colorado-specific QSF Account. Regardless of whether Opioid Funds are held in a National Administrative Fund, a Colorado-specific QSF Account, or in the State's Custodial Account, the Abatement Council shall appoint one of its members to serve as the point of contact in accordance Section (C)(4)(b)(i), below.

2. All Opioid Funds, at the time of a Settlement or at the time designated in the Settlement documents, shall be divided and distributed as follows:²
 - a. **10%** directly to the State ("State Share") for Approved Purposes in accordance with Section (D), below;
 - b. **20%** directly to Participating Local Governments ("LG Share") for Approved Purposes in accordance with Section (E), below;
 - c. **60%** directly to Regions ("Regional Share") for Approved Purposes in accordance with Section (F), below; and
 - d. **10%** to specific abatement infrastructure projects ("Statewide Infrastructure Share") for Approved Purposes in accordance with Section (G), below.
3. Distribution of the Shares in Section B(2)(a) – (d) shall be direct, meaning that funds held in accordance with Section B(1) shall be disbursed directly to the State, Participating Local Governments, Regions, and the Statewide Infrastructure Share according to the terms of this MOU.
4. All Opioid Funds, regardless of allocation, shall be used for Approved Purposes.
5. Participating Local Governments may elect to share, pool, or collaborate with their respective allocation of the LG or Regional Shares in any manner they choose, so long as such sharing, pooling, or collaboration is used for Approved Purposes and complies with the terms of this MOU and any Settlement.

C. General Abatement Fund Council

1. A General Abatement Fund Council (the "Abatement Council"), consisting of representatives appointed by the State and Participating Local Governments, shall

² This MOU treats multi-county health departments as county health departments for purposes of allocation and distribution of abatement proceeds and therefore multi-county health departments shall not receive any Opioid Funds directly. Third-Party Payors ("TPPs") are not Parties to this MOU.

be created to ensure the distribution of Opioid Funds complies with the terms of any Settlement and to provide oversight of the Opioid Funds in accordance with the terms of this MOU.

2. **Membership:** The Abatement Council shall consist of the following thirteen (13) members, who shall serve in their official capacity only.

a. **State Members:** Seven (7) members shall be appointed by the State, as authorized volunteers of the State, as follows:

- (i) A Chair to serve as a non-voting member, except in the event of a tie;
- (ii) Two (2) members who are licensed professionals with significant experience in substance use disorders;
- (iii) Three (3) members who are professionals with significant experience in prevention, education, recovery, treatment, criminal justice, rural public health issues, or government administration related to substance use disorders; and
- (iv) One (1) member or family member affected directly by the opioid crisis.

b. **Local Government Members:** Six (6) members shall be appointed by the Participating Local Governments. Local Government Members shall be a County Commissioner, Mayor, City or Town Council Member, or a professional with significant experience in prevention, education, recovery, treatment, criminal justice, rural public health issues, or governmental administration related to substance use disorders. A Participating Local Government may determine which Local Government Members are eligible (or ineligible) to serve on the General Abatement Fund Council. County Commissioners, City or Town Council Members, and/or Mayors from the Regions identified in **Exhibit C** shall collaborate to appoint Local Government Members as follows:

- (i) Two (2) Members from Regions 1, 5, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18;
- (ii) Two (2) Members from Regions 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 16; and
- (iii) Two (2) Members from Regions 3, 4, 19.

c. **Terms:** The Abatement Council shall be established within ninety (90) days of the Effective Date. In order to do so, within sixty (60) days of the Effective Date, the State shall appoint the State Members in accordance with Section (C)(2)(a), and after conferral with the Local Governments, CCI and CML shall jointly appoint six (6) Local Government Members for an initial term not to exceed one year. Thereafter, Members shall be

appointed in accordance with this Section and Sections (C)(2)(a) and (b) and may serve no more than two (2) consecutive two-year terms, for a total of four (4) consecutive years. Except that, beginning in the second year only, two (2) State Members and two (2) Local Government members shall be appointed for a three-year term and may serve one consecutive two-year term thereafter. The Chair shall have no term but may be replaced at the State's discretion.

- (i) If a State or Local Government Member resigns or is otherwise removed from the Abatement Council prior to the expiration of their term, a replacement Member shall be appointed within sixty (60) days in accordance with Sections (C)(2)(a) and (b).
- (ii) If a Local Government Member vacancy exists for more than sixty (60) days, the State shall appoint a replacement Local Government Member to serve until the vacancy is filled in accordance with Section (C)(2)(b).

- 3. **Duties:** The Abatement Council is primarily responsible for ensuring that the distribution of Opioid Funds complies with the terms of this MOU. The Abatement Council is also responsible for oversight of Opioid Funds from the Regional Share in accordance with Section (F), below, and for developing processes and procedures for the distribution and oversight of Opioid Funds from the Statewide Infrastructure Share in accordance with Section (G) below.
- 4. **Governance:** The Abatement Council shall draft its own bylaws or other governing documents, which must include appropriate conflict of interest and dispute resolution provisions, in accordance with the terms of this MOU and the following principles:
 - a. **Authority:** The Abatement Council does not have rulemaking authority. The terms of this MOU and any Settlement, as entered by any court of competent jurisdiction, including any bankruptcy court, control the authority of the Abatement Council and the Abatement Council shall not stray outside the bounds of the authority and power vested by this MOU and any Settlement.
 - b. **Administration:** The Abatement Council shall be responsible for an accounting of all Opioid Funds. The Abatement Council shall be responsible for releasing Opioid Funds in accordance with Section (B)(1) for the Regional and Statewide Infrastructure Shares in Sections (B)(2)(c) and (d) and shall develop policies and procedures for the release and oversight of such funds in accordance with Sections (F) and (G). Should the Abatement Council require assistance with providing an accounting of Opioid Funds, it may seek assistance from the State.

- (i) The Abatement Council shall appoint one of its members to serve as a point of contact for the purpose of communicating with the entity holding Opioid Funds in accordance with Section (B)(1) and in that role shall only act as directed by the Abatement Council.
- c. **Transparency:** The Abatement Council shall operate with all reasonable transparency and operate in a manner consistent with all Colorado laws relating to open records and meetings regardless of whether the Abatement Council is otherwise obligated to comply with them.
 - (i) The Abatement Council shall develop a centralized public dashboard or other repository for the publication of expenditure data from any Party or Regional Council that receives Opioid Funds in accordance with Sections (D)-(G).
 - (ii) The Abatement Council may also require outcome related data from any Party or Regional Council that receives Opioid Funds in accordance with Sections (D)-(G) and may publish such outcome related data in the centralized public dashboard or other repository described above. In determining which outcome related data may be required, the Abatement Council shall work with all Parties and Regional Councils to identify appropriate data sets and develop reasonable procedures for collecting such data sets so that the administrative burden does not outweigh the benefit of producing such outcome related data.
 - (iii) For purposes of funding the centralized public dashboard or other repository described above, the Abatement Council shall make good faith efforts to seek funding from outside sources first, otherwise the State shall provide such funding.
- d. **Collaboration:** The Abatement Council shall facilitate collaboration between the State, Participating Local Governments, Regional Councils, and other stakeholders for the purposes of sharing data, outcomes, strategies, and other relevant information related to abating the opioid crisis in Colorado.
- e. **Decision Making:** The Abatement Council shall seek to make all decisions by consensus. In the event consensus cannot be achieved, unless otherwise required in this MOU, the Abatement Council shall make decisions by a majority vote of its Members. The Chair shall only vote in the event of a tie.
- f. **Due Process:** The Abatement Council shall develop the due process procedures required by Section (G)(3)(d) for Parties to dispute or challenge remedial actions taken by the Abatement Council for Opioid Funds from the Statewide Infrastructure Share. The Abatement Council

shall also abide by the due process principles required by Section (F)(12)-(13) for Regions to dispute or challenge remedial actions taken by the Abatement Council for Opioid Funds from the Regional Share.

- g. **Legal Status:** The Abatement Council shall not constitute a separate legal entity.
- h. **Legal Representation:** To the extent permitted by law, the State shall provide legal counsel to State Members for all legal issues arising from those State Members' work on the Abatement Council. At all times, Local Government Members of the Abatement Council are entitled to receive legal representation from their respective governmental entities. In the event of a conflict, the Abatement Council and its members may retain the services of other legal counsel.
- i. **Compensation:** No member of the Abatement Council shall be compensated for their work related to the Abatement Council.

D. State Share

- 1. In accordance with Sections (B)(1) and (B)(2)(a), and the terms of any Settlement, the State Share shall be paid directly to the State in accordance with the terms of this Section (D).
- 2. The State maintains full discretion over distribution of the State Share anywhere within the State of Colorado, however, the State Share shall be used for Approved Purposes only. The State will work to reduce administrative costs as much as practicable.
- 3. On an annual basis, as determined by the Abatement Council, the State shall provide all expenditure data, including administrative costs, from the State Share to the Abatement Council for purposes of maintaining transparency in accordance with Section (C)(4)(c)(i). The Abatement Council may require the State to provide additional outcome-related data in accordance with Section (C)(4)(c)(ii) and the State shall comply with such requirements.
- 4. If the State disputes the amount of Opioid Funds it receives from the State Share, the State shall alert the Abatement Council within sixty (60) days of discovering the information underlying the dispute. Failure to alert the Abatement Council within this time frame shall not constitute a waiver of the State's right to seek recoupment of any deficiency in its State Share.

E. LG Share

- 1. In accordance with Sections (B)(1) and (B)(2)(b), and the terms of any Settlement, the LG Share shall be paid directly to Participating Local Governments in accordance with the terms of this Section (E).

2. Allocations to Participating Local Governments from the LG Share shall first be determined using the percentages shown in **Exhibit D**.
3. The LG Share for each County Area shall then be allocated among the county and the other Participating Local Governments within it. **Exhibit E** reflects the default allocation that will apply unless the Participating Local Governments within a County Area enter into a written agreement providing for a different allocation. The Participating Local Governments may elect to modify the allocation for a County Area in **Exhibit E**, but such modification to the allocation in **Exhibit E** shall not change a County Area's total allocation under Section (E)(2).
4. A Local Government that chooses not to become a Participating Local Government will not receive a direct allocation from the LG Share. The portion of the LG Share that would have been allocated to a Local Government that is not a Participating Local Government will instead be re-allocated to the Regional Share for the Region where the Local Government is located, in accordance with Section (F), below.
5. In the event a Participating Local Government dissolves or ceases to exist during the term of any Settlement, the allocation for that Participating Local Government from the LG Share shall be re-allocated as directed by any Settlement, and if not specified, be re-allocated to the Regional Share for the Region in which the Participating Local Government was located, in accordance with Section (F). If a Participating Local Government merges with another Participating Local Government, the allocation for that Participating Local Government from the LG Share shall be re-allocated as directed by any Settlement, and if not specified, shall be re-allocated to the successor Participating Local Government's allocation of the LG Share. If a Participating Local Government merges with a Local Government that is not a Participating Local Government, the allocation for that Participating Local Government from the LG Share shall be re-allocated as directed by any Settlement, and if not specified, be re-allocated to the Region in which the merging Participating Local Government was located, in accordance with Section (F), below.
6. A Participating Local Government may forego its allocation of the LG Share and direct its allocation to the Regional Share for the Region where the Participating Local Government is located, in accordance with Section (F) below, by affirmatively notifying the Abatement Council on an annual basis of its decision to forego its allocation of the LG Share. A Participating Local Government's election to forego its allocation of the LG Share shall carry over to the following year unless the Participating Local Government notifies the Abatement Council otherwise. If a Participating Local Government elects to forego its allocation of the LG Share, the Participating Local Government shall be excused from the reporting requirements required by Section (E)(8).
7. Participating Local Governments maintain full discretion over the distribution of their allocation of the LG Share anywhere within the State of Colorado, however,

all Participating Local Governments shall use their allocation from the LG Share for Approved Purposes only. Reasonable administrative costs for a Participating Local Government to administer its allocation of the LG Share shall not exceed actual costs or 10% of the Participating Local Government's allocation of the LG Share, whichever is less.

8. On an annual basis, as determined by the Abatement Council, all Participating Local Governments shall provide all expenditure data, including administrative costs, from their allocation of the LG Share to the Abatement Council for purposes of maintaining transparency in accordance with Section (C)(4)(c)(i). The Abatement Council may require Participating Local Governments to provide additional outcome related data in accordance with Section (C)(4)(c)(ii) and all Participating Local Governments shall comply with such requirements.
9. If any Participating Local Government disputes the amount of Opioid Funds it receives from its allocation of the LG Share, the Participating Local Government shall alert the Abatement Council within sixty (60) days of discovering the information underlying the dispute. Failure to alert the Abatement Council within this time frame shall not constitute a waiver of the Participating Local Government's right to seek recoupment of any deficiency in its LG Share.

F. Regional Share

1. In accordance with Sections (B)(1) and (B)(2)(c), and the terms of any Settlement, the Regional Share shall be paid to the Regions in accordance with the terms of this Section (F).
2. Participating Local Governments shall organize themselves into the Regions depicted in **Exhibit C**. Municipalities located in multiple Regions may join all or some of the Regions in which they are located according to **Exhibit C**.
3. Allocations to Regions will be distributed according to **Exhibit F**. For multi-county Regions, each Region's share listed in **Exhibit F** is calculated by summing the individual percentage shares listed in **Exhibit D** for the counties within that Region. The percentages in **Exhibit F** are based on the assumption that every Local Government in each Region becomes a Participating Local Government.
4. In the event a city, town, or other municipality that is a Participating Local Government merges, dissolves, or ceases to exist during the term of any Settlement, the allocation of the Regional Share owed to the Region in which that Participating Local Government existed shall be re-allocated as directed by any Settlement, and if not specified, shall not be modified from **Exhibit F**. If a county that is a Participating Local Government merges with another county within its Region, the allocation of the Regional Share owed to the Region in which that county existed shall be re-allocated as directed by any Settlement, and if not specified, shall not be modified from **Exhibit F**. If a county that is a Participating Local Government merges with a county in a different Region during the term of

any Settlement, the allocation of the Regional Share owed to the Region in which that county existed shall be re-allocated as directed by any Settlement, and if not specified, shall be re-allocated to the Region in which that Participating Local Government merged in accordance with **Exhibit F**.

5. Each Region must create its own Regional Council while giving consideration to the regional governance models illustrated in **Exhibit G**. The Regional Council must be formed by the Participating Local Governments within the Region and each Regional Council shall designate a fiscal agent for the Region. Regional fiscal agents shall be county or municipal governments only. All funds from the Regional Share shall be distributed to the Regional Council's identified fiscal agent for the benefit of the entire Region.
 - a. Subject to this Section F(5), each Region may draft its own intra-regional agreements, bylaws, or other governing documents to determine how the Regional Council will operate. However, each voting member of a Regional Council shall be an employee or elected official of a Participating Local Government within the applicable Region. In the case of Denver, the voting members of its Regional Council shall be appointed by the Mayor. In the case of Broomfield, the voting members of its Regional Council shall be appointed by the Broomfield City and County Manager.
 - b. The Region shall not receive any Opioid Funds from the Regional Share until the Region certifies to the Abatement Council that its Regional Council has been formed and a fiscal agent has been designated. Such certification shall be in a simple form adopted by the Region and may be made via email, so long as it includes the names and affiliations of the Regional Council's members and the designated fiscal agent.
 - c. If a Region does not form and certify its Regional Council and designate its fiscal agent within one-hundred and eighty (180) days of the Effective Date, the Abatement Council shall appoint members to the Region's Regional Council. Regional Council members appointed by the Abatement Council shall serve until the Region certifies the formation of its Regional Council to the Abatement Council.
 - d. A Region shall submit a renewed certification required by Section (F)(5)(b), above, when its membership changes.
 - e. If a membership vacancy exists on a Regional Council for more than ninety (90) days and the Regional Council is unable to fill the vacancy by its regular procedures during that time, the Abatement Council shall appoint a replacement member to serve until the Region fills the vacancy.

6. A Local Government that chooses not to become a Participating Local Government shall not receive any Opioid Funds from the Regional Share or participate in the Regional Councils described in Section (F)(5) above.
7. Each Regional Council shall make requests to the Abatement Council for Opioid Funds from their allocation of the Regional Share. Each Regional Council's request for Opioid Funds from the Regional Share shall be accompanied by a 2-year plan identifying the Approved Purposes for which the requested funds will be used by the Region anywhere within the State of Colorado. A Regional Council's 2-year plan may be amended so long as such amendments comply with the terms of this MOU and any Settlement. Any Regional Council may seek assistance from the Abatement Council for purposes of developing its 2-year plan.
8. Reasonable administrative costs for a Regional Council to administer its Region's allocation of the Regional Share shall not exceed actual costs or 10% of the Region's allocation of the Regional Share, whichever is less.
9. The Abatement Council shall release funds requested by a Regional Council in accordance with Section (B)(1) if the Regional Council's 2-year plan complies with the Approved Purposes, the terms of this MOU, and the terms of any Settlement. The Abatement Council shall not deny any funding request from a Regional Council on the basis that the Abatement Council does not approve or agree with the Approved Purposes for which a Regional Council requests Opioid Funds from the Regional Share. Nor may the Abatement Council hold up, delay, or make unreasonable requests for additional or supporting information of the Regional Council prior to releasing the requested Opioid Funds. The purpose of this MOU is to facilitate Opioid Funds to their intended recipients quickly and efficiently with minimal administrative procedure.
10. On an annual basis, as determined by the Abatement Council, each Regional Council's fiscal agent shall provide to the Abatement Council the Regional Council's expenditure data, including administrative costs, from their allocation of the Regional Share and certify to the Abatement Council that the Regional Council's expenditures were for Approved Purposes and complied with its 2-year plan. The Regional Council shall subject itself to an accounting at the Abatement Council's discretion.
 - a. The Abatement Council shall review a Regional Council's expenditure data and certification to ensure compliance with the Regional Council's 2-year plan, the Approved Purposes, and the terms of this MOU and any Settlement.
 - b. The Abatement Council shall publish the Regional Council's expenditure data, including administrative costs, from the Regional Share in accordance with Section (C)(4)(c)(i). The Abatement Council may require Regional Councils to provide additional outcome related data in

accordance with Section (C)(4)(c)(ii) and all Regional Councils shall comply with such requirements.

11. If any Regional Council disputes the amount of Opioid Funds it receives from its allocation of the Regional Share, the Regional Council shall alert the Abatement Council within sixty (60) days of discovering the information underlying the dispute. Failure to alert the Abatement Council within this time frame shall not constitute a waiver of the Regional Council's right to seek recoupment of any deficiency in its Regional Share.
12. If the Abatement Council has reason to believe a Region's expenditure of its allocation of the Regional Share did not comply with the Region's 2-year Plan, the Approved Purposes, the terms of this MOU or any Settlement, as described in this Section (F), or that the Region otherwise misused its allocation of the Regional Share, the Abatement Council may take remedial action against the alleged offending Region. Such remedial action is left to the discretion of the Abatement Council and may include but not be limited to, withholding future Opioids Funds owed to the offending Region or requiring the offending Region to reimburse improperly expended Opioid Funds to the Regional Share.
13. Within one hundred and twenty (120) days of the Abatement Council being formed, in accordance with Section (C)(2)(c) above, the Abatement Council shall develop and publish due process procedures for allowing a Region to challenge or dispute any remedial action taken by the Abatement Council, including timelines during which the Region may engage in such a challenge or dispute. Such due process procedures shall reflect, at a minimum, the following principles:
 - a. Upon learning of any conduct that may warrant remedial action against a Region, the Abatement Council shall first provide notice to the Region of the conduct at issue, provide the Region an opportunity to respond, and, if appropriate, cure the alleged offending conduct. If after providing the Region such notice and opportunities to respond and cure, the Abatement Council continues to believe remedial action is warranted, the Abatement Council may take such remedial action.
 - b. If the Abatement Council decides to take remedial action against an alleged offending Region, such action may only occur by a two-thirds supermajority vote of the Abatement Council. Thus, an Abatement Council made up of twelve (12) voting members requires a vote of eight (8) Members prior to taking remedial action against an alleged offending Region.
 - c. Prior to taking any remedial action against an alleged offending Region, the Abatement Council shall first provide notice to the alleged offending Region of the remedial action to be taken and the facts underlying such remedial action. The Abatement Council shall then provide the alleged

offending Region an opportunity to challenge or dispute the remedial action in accordance with, at a minimum, the principles below:

- i. The alleged offending Region may request revisions or modifications to the proposed remedial action;
 - ii. The alleged offending Region may submit a written response to and/or request a hearing before the Abatement Council, or a third-party hearing officer,³ regarding the alleged offending conduct and proposed remedial action; and
 - iii. After such written responses are submitted and reviewed and/or a hearing is conducted, the alleged offending Region may submit an appeal to the Abatement Council of the decision to take remedial action.
- d. Remedial actions taken by the Abatement Council, in accordance with the due process principles detailed above, shall be considered final non-appealable orders and offending Regions may not seek judicial relief from remedial action taken by the Abatement Council, except as provided in Section (H), below.
- e. Subject to Section (H)(2), below, if any Party(ies) believes the Abatement Council violated the terms of this MOU, such Party(ies) may seek to enforce the terms of this MOU.

14. If the Abatement Council has reason to believe a Region's conduct, or the conduct of any Participating Local Government or individual in that Region, amounts to a violation of any criminal law, the Abatement Council shall refer such matters to the appropriate authorities and may consider such conduct in its determination of any remedial action to be taken.

15. If the Abatement Council has reason to believe that an individual involved in the receipt or administration of Opioid Funds from the Regional Share has violated any applicable ethics rules or codes, the Abatement Council shall not attempt to adjudicate such a violation. In such instances, the Abatement Council shall lodge a complaint with the appropriate forum for handling such ethical matters, such as a local home rule municipality's ethics board.

16. Costs associated with the Abatement Council's distribution and oversight of the Regional Share, as described above in this Section (F), including costs associated with any remedial action by the Abatement Council, shall be paid from the Statewide

³ Only an alleged offending Region may request the appointment of a third-party hearing officer to review any written responses and conduct any requested hearings. If an alleged offending Region makes such a request, the Abatement Council has sole discretion to appoint the third-party hearing officer and the alleged offending Region shall bear the cost of such review and/or hearing by the third-party hearing officer.

Infrastructure Share. The Abatement Council shall make all good faith efforts to limit such costs to the greatest extent possible.

G. Statewide Infrastructure Share

1. In accordance with Sections B(1) and (B)(2)(d), and the terms of any Settlement, the Statewide Infrastructure Share shall be paid to any Party or Regional Council in accordance with this Section (G).
2. The purpose of the Statewide Infrastructure Share is to promote capital improvements and provide operational assistance for developing or improving the infrastructure necessary to abate the opioid crisis anywhere within the State of Colorado. The Statewide Infrastructure Share is intended to supplement Opioid Funds received by any Party or Region.
3. Prior to distributing any Opioid Funds from the Statewide Infrastructure Share, the Abatement Council shall establish and publish policies and procedures for the distribution and oversight of the Statewide Infrastructure Share, including processes for Parties or Regions to apply for Opioid Funds from the Statewide Infrastructure Share. The Abatement Council's policies and procedures shall, at a minimum, reflect the following principles:
 - a. Opioid Funds from the Statewide Infrastructure Share shall be used for Approved Purposes only;
 - b. Opioid Funds from the Statewide Infrastructure Share shall be paid directly to the appropriate state agencies (including but not limited to the Colorado Department of Law), Regional fiscal agents, or Participating Local Governments only;
 - c. Distribution and oversight of the Statewide Infrastructure Share shall comply with the terms of this MOU and any Settlement;
 - d. Appropriate processes for remedial action will be taken against Parties or Regions that misuse Opioid Funds from the Statewide Infrastructure Share. Such processes shall include procedures for alleged offending Parties or Regions to challenge or dispute such remedial action; and
 - e. Limitations on administrative costs to be expended by recipients for administering Opioid Funds received from the Statewide Infrastructure Fund, not to exceed actual costs expended by the recipient or 10% of the amount received, whichever is less.
4. The distribution and oversight policies and procedures developed by the Abatement Council, in accordance with Section (G)(3), shall be non-appealable orders and no Party or Region may seek judicial relief related to the distribution and oversight of the Statewide Infrastructure Share.

5. On an annual basis, as determined by the Abatement Council, any Party or Regional Council that receives funds from the Statewide Infrastructure Share shall provide all expenditure data, including administrative costs, related to any Opioid Funds it received from the Statewide Infrastructure Share and subject itself to an accounting as required by the Abatement Council. The Abatement Council shall publish all expenditure data from the Statewide Infrastructure Share in accordance with Section (C)(4)(c)(i). The Abatement Council may require the Parties or Regional Councils that receive funds from the Statewide Infrastructure Share to provide additional outcome related data in accordance with Section (C)(4)(c)(ii) and the Parties or Regional Councils shall comply with such requirements.
6. Costs associated with the Abatement Council's distribution and oversight of the Statewide Infrastructure Share, as described in this Section (G), shall be paid for from the Statewide Infrastructure Share. The Abatement Council shall make all good faith efforts to limit such costs to the greatest extent possible.

H. General Terms

1. All Parties and Regional Councils shall maintain all records related to the receipt and expenditure of Opioid Funds for no less than five (5) years and shall make such records available for review by the Abatement Council, any other Party or Regional Council, or the public. Records requested by the public shall be produced in accordance with Colorado's open records laws. Records requested by the Abatement Council or another Party or a Regional Council shall be produced within twenty-one (21) days of the date the record request was received. This requirement does not supplant any Party or Regional Council's obligations under Colorado's open records laws.
2. If any Party(ies) believes the Abatement Council has violated the terms of this MOU, the alleging Party(ies) may seek to enforce the terms of this MOU, provided the alleging Party(ies) first provides notice to the Abatement Council of the alleged violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the alleged violation. In such an enforcement action, the alleging Party(ies) may only seek to enforce the terms of the MOU against the State and the Participating Local Governments from which the Local Government Members of the Abatement Council were appointed and may only seek declaratory and/or injunctive relief. In defense of such an enforcement action, the State's Members of the Abatement Council shall be represented by the State and the Local Government Members shall be represented by the Participating Local Governments from which the Local Government Members were appointed. In the event of a conflict, the Abatement Council and its Members may seek outside representation to defend itself against such an enforcement action.
3. If any Party(ies) believes another Party(ies), not including the Abatement Council, violated the terms of this MOU, the alleging Party(ies) may seek to enforce the terms of this MOU in the court in which any applicable Settlement(s) was entered, provided the alleging Party(ies) first provide the alleged offending Party(ies)

notice of the alleged violation(s) and a reasonable opportunity to cure the alleged violation(s). In such an enforcement action, any alleging Party or alleged offending Party(ies) may be represented by their respective public entity in accordance with Colorado law.

4. Nothing in this MOU shall be interpreted to waive the right of any Party to seek judicial relief for conduct occurring outside the scope of this MOU that violates any Colorado law. In such an action, the alleged offending Party(ies), including the Abatement Council, may be represented by their respective public entities in accordance with Colorado law. In the event of a conflict, any Party, including the Abatement Council and its Members, may seek outside representation to defend itself against such an action.
5. If any Party(ies) believes another Party(ies), Region(s), or individual(s) involved in the receipt, distribution, or administration of Opioids Funds has violated any applicable ethics codes or rules, a complaint shall be lodged with the appropriate forum for handling such matters, such as a local home rule municipality's ethics board.
6. If any Party(ies) believes another Party(ies), Region(s), or individual(s) involved in the receipt, distribution, or administration of Opioid Funds violated any Colorado criminal law, such conduct shall be reported to the appropriate criminal authorities.
7. Venue for any legal action related to this MOU shall be in a court of competent jurisdiction where any applicable Settlement(s) is entered.
8. Because recovery under the terms of different Settlement(s) may vary depending on the number of Parties required to effectuate a Settlement, the Parties may conditionally agree to sign on to the MOU through a letter of intent, resolution or similar written statement, declaration or pronouncement declaring their intent to sign on to the MOU if the threshold for Party participation in a specific Settlement is achieved.⁴
9. This MOU may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument. The Parties approve the use of electronic signatures for execution of this MOU. All use of electronic signatures shall be governed by the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, C.R.S. §§ 24-71.3-101, *et seq.* The Parties agree not to deny the legal effect or enforceability of the MOU solely because it is in electronic form or

⁴ For instance, the July 21, 2021 "Distributor Settlement Agreement" includes a "Subdivision Settlement Agreement Form" that, once filled out and executed, is meant to indicate that Local Government's (or Subdivision's) election to participate in that Distributor Settlement and also, to require that Local Government to take steps to formally release any claim it may have against the Settling Distributors. With regard to the Distributor Settlement Agreement or any other Settlements that include a form similar to the Subdivision Settlement Agreement Form, the Parties may still conditionally agree to sign on to the MOU if, for instance, the threshold for Party participation in a specific Settlement is achieved.

because an electronic record was used in its formation. The Parties agree not to object to the admissibility of the MOU in the form of an electronic record, or a paper copy of an electronic document, or a paper copy of a document bearing an electronic signature, on the ground that it is an electronic record or electronic signature or that it is not in its original form or is not an original.

10. Each party represents that all procedures necessary to authorize such Party's execution of this MOU have been performed and that the person signing for such Party has been authorized to execute the MOU.

I. Payment of Counsel and Litigation Expenses Through a Back-Stop Fund

1. Some Settlements, including the McKesson Corporation, Cardinal Health, Inc., and AmerisourceBergen Corporation ("Distributor") and Johnson & Johnson/Janssen ("J&J") settlements, may provide for the payment of all or a portion of the fees and litigation expenses owed by Participating Local Governments to counsel specifically retained to file suit in the opioid litigation. If any Settlement is insufficient to cover the fee obligations of the Participating Local Governments (as discussed and modified by Judge Polster's Order of August 6 regarding fees for the Distributor and J&J settlements), the deficiencies will be covered as set forth in further detail below.
2. The Parties also recognize that, as in the Distributor and J&J settlements, certain Opioid Settling Defendants may offer premiums benefiting the entire state of Colorado when Participating Local Governments agree to the Settlement(s), thereby settling their claims in their on-going lawsuits. For example, below is the chart illustrating how Incentive Payment B (a 25% premium to the entire state) works in the Distributor Settlement at Section IV.F.2.b (p. 20):

Percentage of Litigating Subdivision Population that is Incentive B Eligible Subdivision Population⁵	Incentive Payment B Eligibility Percentage
Up to 85%	0%
85%+	30%
86+	40%
91+	50%
95+	60%
99%+	95%
100%	100%

3. If the court in *In Re: National Prescription Opiate Litigation*, MDL No. 2804 (N.D. Ohio), or if a Settlement establishes a common benefit fund or similar device to compensate attorneys for services rendered and expenses incurred that have benefited plaintiffs generally in the litigation (the "Common Benefit Fund"),

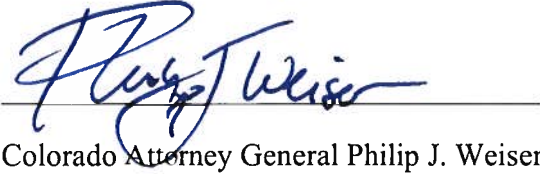
and/or requires certain governmental plaintiffs to pay a share of their recoveries from defendants into the Common Benefit Fund (“Court-Ordered Common Benefit Fund Assessment”), then the Participating Local Governments shall be required to first seek to have their attorneys’ fees and expenses paid through the Common Benefit Fund.

4. For the Distributor and J&J settlements only, counsel for Participating Local Governments shall have their expenses otherwise recoverable from Colorado Participating Local Governments compensated only through the Common Benefit Fund(s) established in those settlement(s). For the avoidance of doubt, counsel for Participating Local Governments may recover their attorneys’ fees through the Distributor and J&J settlements and through the other applicable provisions of this Section (I).
5. In addition, as a means of covering any deficiencies in paying counsel for Participating Local Governments, a supplemental Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund shall be established. The Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund is to be used to compensate counsel for Participating Local Governments that filed an initial complaint in the opioid litigation by September 1, 2020 (“Litigating Participating Local Governments”).
6. Payments out of the Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund shall be determined by a committee (the “Opioid Fee and Expense Committee”). The Opioid Fee and Expense Committee shall consist of the following five (5) members:
 - a. One (1) member appointed by CCI from a litigating county or from a litigating county and city municipal corporation;
 - b. One (1) member appointed by CML from a litigating city;
 - c. One (1) member appointed jointly by CCI and CML from a non-litigating county or city;
 - d. One (1) member appointed by the Attorney General’s Office; and
 - e. One (1) neutral member jointly appointed by all of the other members listed above.
7. The Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund shall be funded as follows from any Settlement, excluding settlements involving McKinsey and payments resulting from the Purdue or Mallinckrodt bankruptcy. For purposes only of calculating the funding of the Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund, the Parties deem 58% of the total LG Share and Regional Share to be attributable to the Litigating Local Governments. The Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund shall be funded by 8.7% of the total LG Share and 4.35% of the total Regional Share at the time such funds are actually received. No funds deposited into the Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund will be taken from the Statewide Infrastructure Share or State Share.

8. Counsel for Litigating Participating Local Governments may apply to the Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund only after applying to the Common Benefit Fund.
9. Counsel for Litigating Participating Local Governments may apply to the Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund for only a shortfall – that is, the difference between what their fee agreements would entitle them to (as limited by this Section (I)) minus what they have already collected from the Common Benefit Fund (including both the “common benefit” and “contingency fee” calculations, if any). If they receive fees/costs for common benefit work in the national fee fund, these fees/costs will be allocated proportionately across all their local government opioid clients based on the allocation model used in the Negotiation Class website to allocate the appropriate portion to Colorado clients.
10. Counsel for Litigating Participating Local Governments are limited to being paid, at most, and assuming adequate funds are available in any Common Benefit Fund and Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund, fees in an amount equal to 15% of the LG Share and 7.5% of the Regional Share attributable to their Colorado clients.
11. Any funds remaining in the Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund in excess of the amounts needed to cover the fees and litigation expenses owed by Litigating Participating Local Governments to their respective counsel shall revert to the Participating Local Governments according to the allocations described in Sections (E) and (F). Every two years, the Opioid Fee and Expense Committee shall assess the amount remaining in the Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund to determine if it is overfunded.
12. Despite the fact that a litigating entity bonus benefits the entire state, no portion of the State Share shall be used to fund the Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund or in any other way to fund any Participating Local Government’s attorneys’ fees and expenses. Because the state did not hire outside counsel, any funds for attorneys fees that the state receives from the J&J and Distributor settlement will be deposited into the State Share.
13. To participate in the Colorado Attorney Fee Back-Stop Fund, counsel must follow the requirements of C.R.S. § 13-17-304.

This **Colorado Opioids Settlement Memorandum of Understanding** is signed

this 26 day of August, 2021 by:

A handwritten signature in blue ink, reading "Philip J. Weiser", is written over a horizontal line.

Colorado Attorney General Philip J. Weiser

This **Colorado Opioids Settlement Memorandum of Understanding** is signed

this 27th day of October, 2021 by:

Name & Title David D. Spellman, Mayor

On behalf of City of Black Hawk

Exhibit A

POTENTIAL OPIOID ABATEMENT APPROVED PURPOSES

I. TREATMENT

A. TREATMENT OF OPIOID USE DISORDER AND ITS EFFECTS

1. Expand availability of treatment, including Medication-Assisted Treatment (MAT), for Opioid Use Disorder (OUD) and any co-occurring substance use or mental health issues.
2. Supportive housing, all forms of FDA-approved MAT, counseling, peer-support, recovery case management and residential treatment with access to medications for those who need it.
3. Treatment of mental health trauma issues that resulted from the traumatic experiences of the opioid user (e.g., violence, sexual assault, human trafficking) and for family members (e.g., surviving family members after an overdose or overdose fatality).
4. Expand telehealth to increase access to OUD treatment, including MAT, as well as counseling, psychiatric support, and other treatment and recovery support services.
5. Fellowships for addiction medicine specialists for direct patient care, instructors, and clinical research for treatments.
6. Scholarships for certified addiction counselors.
7. Clinicians to obtain training and a waiver under the federal Drug Addiction Treatment Act to prescribe MAT for OUD.
8. Training for health care providers, students, and other supporting professionals, such as peer recovery coaches/recovery outreach specialists, including but not limited to training relating to MAT and harm reduction.
9. Dissemination of accredited web-based training curricula, such as the American Academy of Addiction Psychiatry's Provider Clinical Support Service-Opioids web-based training curriculum and motivational interviewing.
10. Development and dissemination of new accredited curricula, such as the American Academy of Addiction Psychiatry's Provider Clinical Support Service Medication-Assisted Treatment.
11. Development of a multistate/nationally accessible database whereby health care providers can list currently available in-patient and out-patient OUD treatment services that are accessible on a real-time basis.

12. Support and reimburse services that include the full American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) continuum of care for OUD.
13. Improve oversight of Opioid Treatment Programs (OTPs) to assure evidence-informed practices such as adequate methadone dosing.

B. INTERVENTION

1. Ensure that health care providers are screening for OUD and other risk factors and know how to appropriately counsel and treat (or refer, if necessary) a patient for OUD treatment.
2. Fund Screening, Brief Intervention and Referral to Treatment (SBIRT) programs to reduce the transition from use to disorder.
3. Training and long-term implementation of SBIRT in key systems (health, schools, colleges, criminal justice, and probation), with a focus on the late adolescence and young adulthood when transition from misuse to opioid disorder is most common.
4. Purchase automated versions of SBIRT and support ongoing costs of the technology.
5. Training for emergency room personnel treating opioid overdose patients on post-discharge planning, including community referrals for MAT, recovery case management and/or support services.
6. Support work of Emergency Medical Systems, including peer support specialists, to connect individuals to treatment or other appropriate services following an opioid overdose or other opioid-related adverse event.
7. Create school-based contacts whom parents can engage to seek immediate treatment services for their child.
8. Develop best practices on addressing OUD in the workplace.
9. Support assistance programs for health care providers with OUD.
10. Engage non-profits and faith community as a system to support outreach for treatment.

C. CRIMINAL-JUSTICE-INVOLVED PERSONS

1. Address the needs of persons involved in the criminal justice system who have OUD and any co-occurring substance use disorders or mental health (SUD/MH) issues.

2. Support pre-arrest diversion and deflection strategies for persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH issues, including established strategies such as:
 - a. Self-referral strategies such as Angel Programs or the Police Assisted Addiction Recovery Initiative (PAARI);
 - b. Active outreach strategies such as the Drug Abuse Response Team (DART) model;
 - c. “Naloxone Plus” strategies, which work to ensure that individuals who have received Naloxone to reverse the effects of an overdose are then linked to treatment programs;
 - d. Officer prevention strategies, such as the Law Enforcement Assisted Diversion (LEAD) model; or
 - e. Officer intervention strategies such as the Leon County, Florida Adult Civil Citation Network.
3. Support pre-trial services that connect individuals with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH issues to evidence-informed treatment, including MAT, and related services.
4. Support treatment and recovery courts for persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH issues, but only if they provide referrals to evidence-informed treatment, including MAT.
5. Provide evidence-informed treatment, including MAT, recovery support, harm reduction, or other appropriate services to individuals with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH issues who are incarcerated, on probation, or on parole.
6. Provide evidence-informed treatment, including MAT, recovery support, harm reduction, or other appropriate re-entry services to individuals with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH issues who are leaving jail or prison or who have recently left jail or prison.
7. Support critical time interventions (CTI), particularly for individuals living with dual-diagnosis OUD/serious mental illness, and services for individuals who face immediate risks and service needs and risks upon release from correctional settings.

D. WOMEN WHO ARE OR MAY BECOME PREGNANT

1. Evidence-informed treatment, including MAT, recovery, and prevention services for pregnant women or women who could become pregnant and have OUD.
2. Training for obstetricians and other healthcare personnel that work with pregnant women and their families regarding OUD treatment.

3. Other measures to address Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome, including prevention, care for addiction and education programs.
4. Child and family supports for parenting women with OUD.
5. Enhanced family supports and child care services for parents receiving treatment for OUD.

E. PEOPLE IN TREATMENT AND RECOVERY

1. The full continuum of care of recovery services for OUD and any co-occurring substance use or mental health issues, including supportive housing, residential treatment, medical detox services, peer support services and counseling, community navigators, case management, and connections to community-based services.
2. Identifying successful recovery programs such as physician, pilot, and college recovery programs, and providing support and technical assistance to increase the number and capacity of high-quality programs to help those in recovery.
3. Training and development of procedures for government staff to appropriately interact and provide social and other services to current and recovering opioid users, including reducing stigma.
4. Community-wide stigma reduction regarding treatment and support for persons with OUD, including reducing the stigma on effective treatment.
5. Engaging non-profits and faith community as a system to support family members in their efforts to help the opioid user in the family.

II. PREVENTION

F. PRESCRIBING PRACTICES

1. Training for health care providers regarding safe and responsible opioid prescribing, dosing, and tapering patients off opioids.
2. Academic counter-detailing.
3. Continuing Medical Education (CME) on prescribing of opioids.
4. Support for non-opioid pain treatment alternatives, including training providers to offer or refer to multi-modal, evidence-informed treatment of pain.
5. Fund development of a multistate/national prescription drug monitoring program (PDMP) that permits information sharing while providing appropriate safeguards on sharing of private information, including but not limited to:

- a. Integration of PDMP data with electronic health records, overdose episodes, and decision support tools for health care providers relating to OUD.
 - b. Ensuring PDMPs incorporate available overdose/naloxone deployment data, including the United States Department of Transportation's Emergency Medical Technician overdose database.
6. Educating dispensers on appropriate opioid dispensing.

G. MISUSE OF OPIOIDS

1. Corrective advertising/affirmative public education campaigns.
2. Public education relating to drug disposal.
3. Drug take-back disposal or destruction programs.
4. Fund community anti-drug coalitions that engage in drug-abuse prevention efforts.
5. School-based programs that have demonstrated effectiveness in preventing drug misuse and seem likely to be effective in preventing the uptake and use of opioids.
6. Support community coalitions in implementing evidence-informed prevention, such as reduced social access and physical access, stigma reduction – including staffing, educational campaigns, or training of coalitions in evidence-informed implementation.
7. School and community education programs and campaigns for students, families, school employees, school athletic programs, parent-teacher and student associations, and others.
8. Engaging non-profits and faith community as a system to support prevention.

H. OVERDOSE DEATHS AND OTHER HARMS

1. Increasing availability and distribution of naloxone and other drugs that treat overdoses to first responders, overdose patients, opioid users, families and friends of opioid users, schools, community navigators and outreach workers, drug offenders upon release from jail/prison, and other members of the general public.
2. Training and education regarding naloxone and other drugs that treat overdoses for first responders, overdose patients, patients taking opioids, families, schools, and other members of the general public.

3. Developing data tracking software and applications for overdoses/naloxone revivals.
4. Public education relating to emergency responses to overdoses.
5. Free naloxone for anyone in the community.
6. Public education relating to immunity and Good Samaritan laws.
7. Educating first responders regarding the existence and operation of immunity and Good Samaritan laws.
8. Syringe service programs, including supplies, staffing, space, peer support services, and the full range of harm reduction and treatment services provided by these programs.
9. Expand access to testing and treatment for infectious diseases such as HIV and Hepatitis C resulting from intravenous opioid use.

III. ADDITIONAL AREAS

I. SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

1. Support for children's services: Fund additional positions and services, including supportive housing and other residential services, relating to children being removed from the home and/or placed in foster care due to custodial opioid use.

J. FIRST RESPONDERS

1. Law enforcement expenditures relating to the opioid epidemic.
2. Educating first responders regarding appropriate practices and precautions when dealing with fentanyl or other drugs.
3. Increase electronic prescribing to prevent diversion and forgery.

K. COMMUNITY LEADERSHIP

1. Regional planning to identify goals for opioid reduction and support efforts or to identify areas and populations with the greatest needs for treatment intervention services.
2. Government dashboard to track key opioid-related indicators and supports as identified through collaborative community processes.

L. STAFFING AND TRAINING

1. Funding for programs and services regarding staff training and networking to improve staff capability to abate the opioid crisis.
2. Support infrastructure and staffing for collaborative cross-systems coordination to prevent opioid misuse, prevent overdoses, and treat those with OUD (e.g., health care, primary care, pharmacies, PDMPs, etc.).

M. RESEARCH

1. Funding opioid abatement research.
2. Research improved service delivery for modalities such as SBIRT that demonstrate promising but mixed results in populations vulnerable to OUD.
3. Support research for novel harm reduction and prevention efforts such as the provision of fentanyl test strips.
4. Support for innovative supply-side enforcement efforts such as improved detection of mail-based delivery of synthetic opioids.
5. Expanded research for swift/certain/fair models to reduce and deter opioid misuse within criminal justice populations that build upon promising approaches used to address other substances (e.g. Hawaii HOPE and Dakota 24/7).
6. Research expanded modalities such as prescription methadone that can expand access to MAT.

N. OTHER

1. Administrative costs for any of the approved purposes on this list.

Exhibit B

Colorado Local Governments*

Government Name	County	Gov't Type	Multi-County
Adams County	Adams	County	
Arvada	Adams	City	2 counties
Aurora	Adams	City	3 counties
Bennett	Adams	City	2 counties
Brighton	Adams	City	2 counties
Commerce City	Adams	City	
Federal Heights	Adams	City	
Lochbuie	Adams	City	2 counties
Northglenn	Adams	City	2 counties
Thornton	Adams	City	2 counties
Westminster	Adams	City	2 counties
Alamosa County	Alamosa	County	
Alamosa	Alamosa	City	
Hooper	Alamosa	City	
Arapahoe County	Arapahoe	County	
Aurora	Arapahoe	City	3 counties
Bennett	Arapahoe	City	2 counties
Bow Mar	Arapahoe	City	2 counties
Centennial	Arapahoe	City	
Cherry Hills Village	Arapahoe	City	
Columbine Valley	Arapahoe	City	
Deer Trail	Arapahoe	City	
Englewood	Arapahoe	City	
Foxfield	Arapahoe	City	
Glendale	Arapahoe	City	
Greenwood Village	Arapahoe	City	
Littleton	Arapahoe	City	3 counties
Sheridan	Arapahoe	City	
Archuleta County	Archuleta	County	
Pagosa Springs	Archuleta	City	
Baca County	Baca	County	
Campo	Baca	City	
Pritchett	Baca	City	
Springfield	Baca	City	
Two Buttes	Baca	City	
Vilas	Baca	City	
Walsh	Baca	City	
Bent County	Bent	County	
Las Animas	Bent	City	
Boulder County	Boulder	County	
Boulder	Boulder	City	
Erie	Boulder	City	2 counties
Jamestown	Boulder	City	
Lafayette	Boulder	City	

Colorado Local Governments*

Government Name	County	Gov't Type	Multi-County
Longmont	Boulder	City	2 counties
Louisville	Boulder	City	
Lyons	Boulder	City	
Nederland	Boulder	City	
Superior	Boulder	City	2 counties
Ward	Boulder	City	
Broomfield	Broomfield	City/County	
Chaffee County	Chaffee	County	
Buena Vista	Chaffee	City	
Poncha Springs	Chaffee	City	
Salida	Chaffee	City	
Cheyenne County	Cheyenne	County	
Cheyenne Wells	Cheyenne	City	
Kit Carson	Cheyenne	City	
Clear Creek County	Clear Creek	County	
Central City	Clear Creek	City	2 counties
Empire	Clear Creek	City	
Georgetown	Clear Creek	City	
Idaho Springs	Clear Creek	City	
Silver Plume	Clear Creek	City	
Conejos County	Conejos	County	
Antonito	Conejos	City	
La Jara	Conejos	City	
Manassa	Conejos	City	
Romeo	Conejos	City	
Sanford	Conejos	City	
Costilla County	Costilla	County	
Blanca	Costilla	City	
San Luis	Costilla	City	
Crowley County	Crowley	County	
Crowley	Crowley	City	
Olney Springs	Crowley	City	
Ordway	Crowley	City	
Sugar City	Crowley	City	
Custer County	Custer	County	
Silver Cliff	Custer	City	
Westcliffe	Custer	City	
Delta County	Delta	County	
Cedaredge	Delta	City	
Crawford	Delta	City	
Delta	Delta	City	
Hotchkiss	Delta	City	
Orchard City	Delta	City	
Paonia	Delta	City	

Colorado Local Governments*

Government Name	County	Gov't Type	Multi-County
Denver	Denver	City/County	
Dolores County	Dolores	County	
Dove Creek	Dolores	City	
Rico	Dolores	City	
Douglas County	Douglas	County	
Aurora	Douglas	City	3 counties
Castle Pines	Douglas	City	
Castle Rock	Douglas	City	
Larkspur	Douglas	City	
Littleton	Douglas	City	3 counties
Lone Tree	Douglas	City	
Parker	Douglas	City	
Eagle County	Eagle	County	
Avon	Eagle	City	
Basalt	Eagle	City	2 counties
Eagle	Eagle	City	
Gypsum	Eagle	City	
Minturn	Eagle	City	
Red Cliff	Eagle	City	
Vail	Eagle	City	
El Paso County	El Paso	County	
Calhan	El Paso	City	
Colorado Springs	El Paso	City	
Fountain	El Paso	City	
Green Mountain Falls	El Paso	City	2 counties
Manitou Springs	El Paso	City	
Monument	El Paso	City	
Palmer Lake	El Paso	City	
Ramah	El Paso	City	
Elbert County	Elbert	County	
Elizabeth	Elbert	City	
Kiowa	Elbert	City	
Simla	Elbert	City	
Fremont County	Fremont	County	
Brookside	Fremont	City	
Cañon City	Fremont	City	
Coal Creek	Fremont	City	
Florence	Fremont	City	
Rockvale	Fremont	City	
Williamsburg	Fremont	City	
Garfield County	Garfield	County	
Carbondale	Garfield	City	
Glenwood Springs	Garfield	City	
New Castle	Garfield	City	

Colorado Local Governments*

Government Name	County	Gov't Type	Multi-County
Parachute	Garfield	City	
Rifle	Garfield	City	
Silt	Garfield	City	
Gilpin County	Gilpin	County	
Black Hawk	Gilpin	City	
Central City	Gilpin	City	2 counties
Grand County	Grand	County	
Fraser	Grand	City	
Granby	Grand	City	
Grand Lake	Grand	City	
Hot Sulphur Springs	Grand	City	
Kremmling	Grand	City	
Winter Park	Grand	City	
Gunnison County	Gunnison	County	
Crested Butte	Gunnison	City	
Gunnison	Gunnison	City	
Marble	Gunnison	City	
Mount Crested Butte	Gunnison	City	
Pitkin	Gunnison	City	
Hinsdale County	Hinsdale	County	
Lake City	Hinsdale	City	
Huerfano County	Huerfano	County	
La Veta	Huerfano	City	
Walsenburg	Huerfano	City	
Jackson County	Jackson	County	
Walden	Jackson	City	
Jefferson County	Jefferson	County	
Arvada	Jefferson	City	2 counties
Bow Mar	Jefferson	City	2 counties
Edgewater	Jefferson	City	
Golden	Jefferson	City	
Lakeside	Jefferson	City	
Lakewood	Jefferson	City	
Littleton	Jefferson	City	3 counties
Morrison	Jefferson	City	
Mountain View	Jefferson	City	
Superior	Jefferson	City	2 counties
Westminster	Jefferson	City	2 counties
Wheat Ridge	Jefferson	City	
Kiowa County	Kiowa	County	
Eads	Kiowa	City	
Haswell	Kiowa	City	
Sheridan Lake	Kiowa	City	
Kit Carson County	Kit Carson	County	

Colorado Local Governments*

Government Name	County	Gov't Type	Multi-County
Bethune	Kit Carson	City	
Burlington	Kit Carson	City	
Flagler	Kit Carson	City	
Seibert	Kit Carson	City	
Stratton	Kit Carson	City	
Vona	Kit Carson	City	
La Plata County	La Plata	County	
Bayfield	La Plata	City	
Durango	La Plata	City	
Ignacio	La Plata	City	
Lake County	Lake	County	
Leadville	Lake	City	
Larimer County	Larimer	County	
Berthoud	Larimer	City	2 counties
Estes Park	Larimer	City	
Fort Collins	Larimer	City	
Johnstown	Larimer	City	2 counties
Loveland	Larimer	City	
Timnath	Larimer	City	2 counties
Wellington	Larimer	City	
Windsor	Larimer	City	2 counties
Las Animas County	Las Animas	County	
Aguilar	Las Animas	City	
Branson	Las Animas	City	
Cokedale	Las Animas	City	
Kim	Las Animas	City	
Starkville	Las Animas	City	
Trinidad	Las Animas	City	
Lincoln County	Lincoln	County	
Arriba	Lincoln	City	
Genoa	Lincoln	City	
Hugo	Lincoln	City	
Limon	Lincoln	City	
Logan County	Logan	County	
Crook	Logan	City	
Fleming	Logan	City	
Iliff	Logan	City	
Merino	Logan	City	
Peetz	Logan	City	
Sterling	Logan	City	
Mesa County	Mesa	County	
Collbran	Mesa	City	
De Beque	Mesa	City	
Fruita	Mesa	City	

Colorado Local Governments*

Government Name	County	Gov't Type	Multi-County
Grand Junction	Mesa	City	
Palisade	Mesa	City	
Mineral County	Mineral	County	
City of Creede	Mineral	City	
Moffat County	Moffat	County	
Craig	Moffat	City	
Dinosaur	Moffat	City	
Montezuma County	Montezuma	County	
Cortez	Montezuma	City	
Dolores	Montezuma	City	
Mancos	Montezuma	City	
Montrose County	Montrose	County	
Montrose	Montrose	City	
Naturita	Montrose	City	
Nucla	Montrose	City	
Olathe	Montrose	City	
Morgan County	Morgan	County	
Brush	Morgan	City	
Fort Morgan	Morgan	City	
Hillrose	Morgan	City	
Log Lane Village	Morgan	City	
Wiggins	Morgan	City	
Otero County	Otero	County	
Cheraw	Otero	City	
Fowler	Otero	City	
La Junta	Otero	City	
Manzanola	Otero	City	
Rocky Ford	Otero	City	
Swink	Otero	City	
Ouray County	Ouray	County	
Ouray	Ouray	City	
Ridgway	Ouray	City	
Park County	Park	County	
Alma	Park	City	
Fairplay	Park	City	
Phillips County	Phillips	County	
Haxtun	Phillips	City	
Holyoke	Phillips	City	
Paoli	Phillips	City	
Pitkin County	Pitkin	County	
Aspen	Pitkin	City	
Basalt	Pitkin	City	2 counties
Snowmass Village	Pitkin	City	
Prowers County	Prowers	County	

Colorado Local Governments*

Government Name	County	Gov't Type	Multi-County
Granada	Prowers	City	
Hartman	Prowers	City	
Holly	Prowers	City	
Lamar	Prowers	City	
Wiley	Prowers	City	
Pueblo County	Pueblo	County	
Boone	Pueblo	City	
Pueblo	Pueblo	City	
Rye	Pueblo	City	
Rio Blanco County	Rio Blanco	County	
Meeker	Rio Blanco	City	
Rangely	Rio Blanco	City	
Rio Grande County	Rio Grande	County	
Center	Rio Grande	City	2 counties
Del Norte	Rio Grande	City	
Monte Vista	Rio Grande	City	
South Fork	Rio Grande	City	
Routt County	Routt	County	
Hayden	Routt	City	
Oak Creek	Routt	City	
Steamboat Springs	Routt	City	
Yampa	Routt	City	
Saguache County	Saguache	County	
Bonanza	Saguache	City	
Center	Saguache	City	2 counties
Crestone	Saguache	City	
Moffat	Saguache	City	
Saguache	Saguache	City	
San Juan County	San Juan	County	
Silverton	San Juan	City	
San Miguel County	San Miguel	County	
Mountain Village	San Miguel	City	
Norwood	San Miguel	City	
Ophir	San Miguel	City	
Sawpit	San Miguel	City	
Telluride	San Miguel	City	
Sedgwick County	Sedgwick	County	
Julesburg	Sedgwick	City	
Ovid	Sedgwick	City	
Sedgwick	Sedgwick	City	
Summit County	Summit	County	
Blue River	Summit	City	
Breckenridge	Summit	City	
Dillon	Summit	City	

Colorado Local Governments*

Government Name	County	Gov't Type	Multi-County
Frisco	Summit	City	
Montezuma	Summit	City	
Silverthorne	Summit	City	
Teller County	Teller	County	
Cripple Creek	Teller	City	
Green Mountain Falls	Teller	City	2 counties
Victor	Teller	City	
Woodland Park	Teller	City	
Washington County	Washington	County	
Akron	Washington	City	
Otis	Washington	City	
Weld County	Weld	County	
Ault	Weld	City	
Berthoud	Weld	City	2 counties
Brighton	Weld	City	2 counties
Dacono	Weld	City	
Eaton	Weld	City	
Erie	Weld	City	2 counties
Evans	Weld	City	
Firestone	Weld	City	
Fort Lupton	Weld	City	
Frederick	Weld	City	
Garden City	Weld	City	
Gilcrest	Weld	City	
Greeley	Weld	City	
Grover	Weld	City	
Hudson	Weld	City	
Johnstown	Weld	City	2 counties
Keenesburg	Weld	City	
Kersey	Weld	City	
La Salle	Weld	City	
Lochbuie	Weld	City	2 counties
Longmont	Weld	City	2 counties
Mead	Weld	City	
Milliken	Weld	City	
Northglenn	Weld	City	2 counties
Nunn	Weld	City	
Pierce	Weld	City	
Platteville	Weld	City	
Raymer (New Raymer)	Weld	City	
Severance	Weld	City	
Thornton	Weld	City	2 counties
Timnath	Weld	City	2 counties
Windsor	Weld	City	2 counties

Colorado Local Governments*

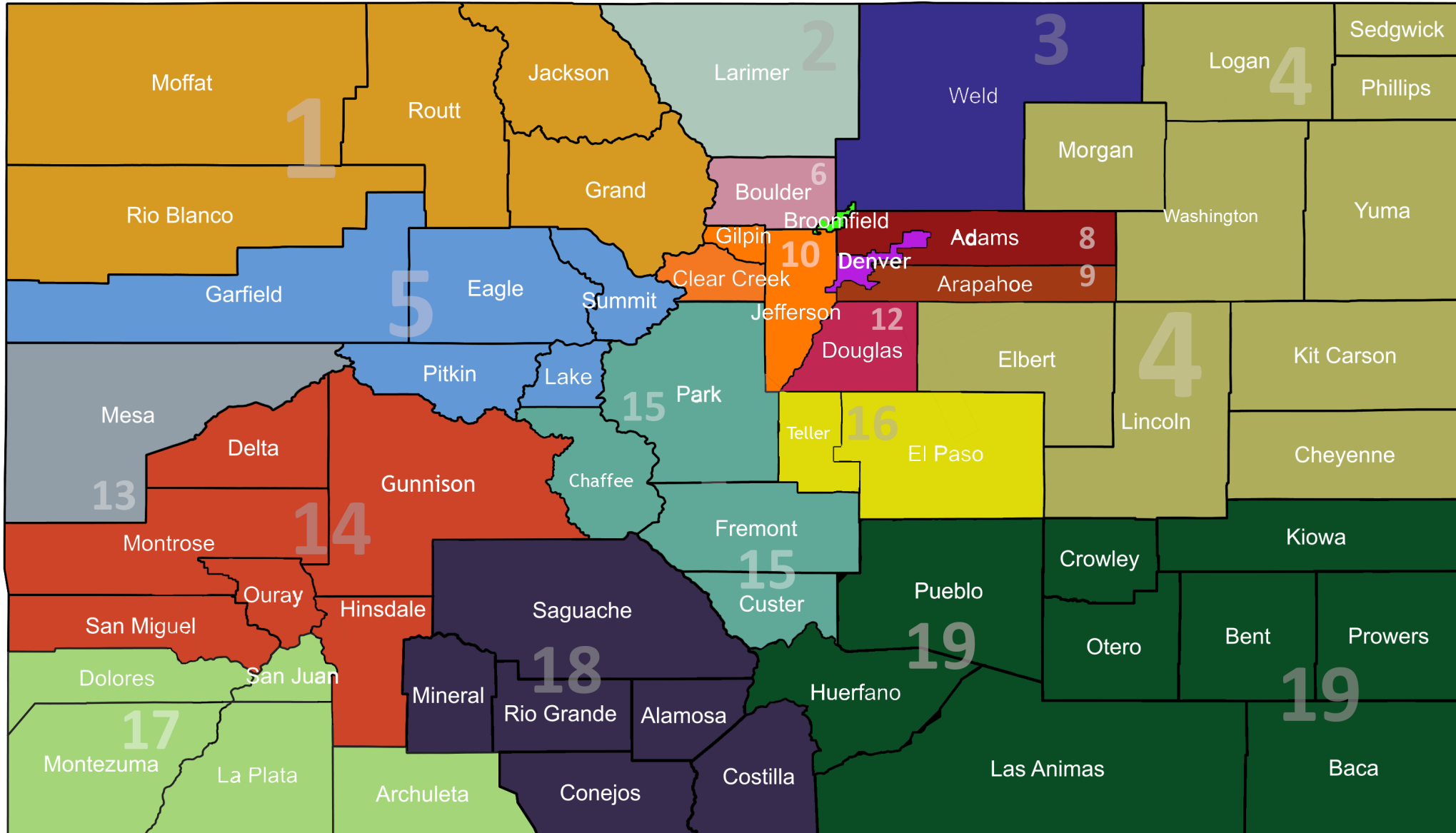
Government Name	County	Gov't Type	Multi-County
Yuma County	Yuma	County	
Eckley	Yuma	City	
Wray	Yuma	City	
Yuma	Yuma	City	

*This list includes all 64 Colorado counties and all 271 municipalities listed in the 2019 Census. Cities located in multiple counties are listed under each corresponding county subheading. City and County of Denver and City and County of Broomfield are counted in both the city and county totals. The City of Carbonate is not included in this list, as there was no population in the 2019 Census data.

This list will be reconciled as necessary to be consistent with the terms of Settlement(s) with Opioid Settling Defendant(s)

Exhibit C

Regions for the distribution of opioid settlement funds



Region 1	Region 5	Region 9	Region 13	Region 17
Region 2	Region 6	Region 10	Region 14	Region 18
Region 3	Region 7 (Broomfield)	Region 11 (Denver)	Region 15	Region 19
Region 4	Region 8	Region 12	Region 16	

Exhibit D

Exhibit D - Allocations to Colorado County Areas

County	Percentage of LG Share
Adams	9.4247%
Alamosa	0.5081%
Arapahoe	10.8071%
Archuleta	0.1370%
Baca	0.0592%
Bent	0.1133%
Boulder	5.7936%
Broomfield	1.0014%
Chaffee	0.3604%
Cheyenne	0.0159%
Clear Creek	0.1380%
Conejos	0.2108%
Costilla	0.0552%
Crowley	0.0934%
Custer	0.0412%
Delta	0.5440%
Denver	15.0042%
Dolores	0.0352%
Douglas	3.6696%
Eagle	0.6187%
El Paso	11.9897%
Elbert	0.2804%
Fremont	0.9937%
Garfield	0.8376%
Gilpin	0.0561%
Grand	0.2037%
Gunnison	0.1913%
Hinsdale	0.0112%
Huerfano	0.2505%
Jackson	0.0310%
Jefferson	10.5173%
Kiowa	0.0142%
Kit Carson	0.0940%
La Plata	0.8127%
Lake	0.0990%
Larimer	6.5211%
Las Animas	0.6304%
Lincoln	0.0819%
Logan	0.3815%
Mesa	2.8911%
Mineral	0.0039%
Moffat	0.2326%
Montezuma	0.4429%

Montrose	0.5695%
Morgan	0.4677%
Otero	0.4486%
Ouray	0.0535%
Park	0.1674%
Phillips	0.0714%
Pitkin	0.1747%
Prowers	0.1727%
Pueblo	5.6757%
Rio Blanco	0.1013%
Rio Grande	0.2526%
Routt	0.3837%
Saguache	0.0666%
San Juan	0.0097%
San Miguel	0.1005%
Sedgwick	0.0618%
Summit	0.3761%
Teller	0.6219%
Washington	0.0357%
Weld	3.8908%
Yuma	0.0992%
TOTAL	100.0000%

Exhibit E

Exhibit E - Intracounty Allocations^{1,2}

The below chart depicts the default percentage that each Local Government will receive from the LG Share amount attributed to its County Area, as described in Section (E)(3) of the MOU. The chart assumes full participation by all Local Governments

Government Name	Intracounty Share
Adams County	68.3372%
Arvada (2 Counties)	0.2632%
Aurora (3 Counties)	4.6336%
Bennett (2 Counties)	0.1670%
Brighton (2 Counties)	1.4527%
Commerce City	4.7314%
Federal Heights	1.1457%
Lochbuie (2 Counties)	0.0001%
Northglenn (2 Counties)	2.0913%
Thornton (2 Counties)	10.6435%
Westminster (2 Counties)	6.5342%

Alamosa County	85.3075%
Alamosa	14.6818%
Hooper	0.0108%

Arapahoe County	42.7003%
Aurora (3 Counties)	35.5997%
Bennett (2 Counties)	0.0324%
Bow Mar (2 Counties)	0.0159%
Centennial	0.4411%
Cherry Hills Village	0.6685%
Columbine Valley	0.1601%
Deer Trail	0.0003%
Englewood	5.5850%
Foxfield	0.0372%
Glendale	1.2289%
Greenwood Village	2.8305%
Littleton (3 Counties)	8.5654%
Sheridan	2.1347%

Archuleta County	90.0864%
Pagosa Springs	9.9136%

Baca County	85.9800%
Campo	2.4443%
Pritchett	1.5680%
Springfield	7.0100%

Government Name	Intracounty Share
Two Buttes	0.4766%
Vilas	0.9070%
Walsh	1.6141%

Bent County	80.9608%
Las Animas	19.0392%

Boulder County	47.6311%
Boulder	31.7629%
Erie (2 Counties)	0.3634%
Jamestown	0.0086%
Lafayette	3.3203%
Longmont (2 Counties)	14.6833%
Louisville	1.4455%
Lyons	0.5916%
Nederland	0.1646%
Superior (2 Counties)	0.0258%
Ward	0.0030%

Broomfield County/City	100.0000%
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Chaffee County	74.8440%
Buena Vista	5.8841%
Poncha Springs	4.2369%
Salida	15.0350%

Cheyenne County	66.8002%
Cheyenne Wells	0.8586%
Kit Carson	32.3412%

Clear Creek County	92.2164%
Central City (2 Counties)	0.0000%
Empire	0.3364%
Georgetown	1.9063%
Idaho Springs	4.7625%
Silver Plume	0.7784%

Conejos County	77.1204%
Antonito	4.6338%
La Jara	2.4313%
Manassa	1.0062%
Romeo	2.4270%
Sanford	12.3812%

Government Name	Intracounty Share
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Costilla County	97.3454%
Blanca	1.2036%
San Luis	1.4509%

Crowley County	80.7081%
Crowley	4.3597%
Olney Springs	8.3683%
Ordway	0.1853%
Sugar City	6.3786%

Custer County	96.6858%
Silver Cliff	0.7954%
Westcliffe	2.5188%

Delta County	76.3512%
Cedaredge	3.6221%
Crawford	0.4938%
Delta	16.2658%
Hotchkiss	1.0963%
Orchard City	0.1473%
Paonia	2.0236%

Denver County/City	100.0000%
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Dolores County	76.3307%
Dove Creek	17.3127%
Rico	6.3566%

Douglas County	71.8404%
Aurora (3 Counties)	0.2099%
Castle Pines	0.2007%
Castle Rock	13.5204%
Larkspur	0.0856%
Littleton (3 Counties)	0.0156%
Lone Tree	5.2786%
Parker	8.8487%

Eagle County	60.8236%
Avon	7.6631%
Basalt (2 Counties)	2.2311%
Eagle	3.1376%
Gypsum	1.7469%
Minturn	0.7771%

Government Name	Intracounty Share
Red Cliff	0.0957%
Vail	23.5250%

El Paso County	18.4181%
Calhan	0.0228%
Colorado Springs	80.1161%
Fountain	0.9892%
Green Mountain Falls (2 Counties)	0.0149%
Manitou Springs	0.2411%
Monument	0.1492%
Palmer Lake	0.0455%
Ramah	0.0033%

Elbert County	86.5840%
Elizabeth	10.2633%
Kiowa	1.5455%
Simla	1.6072%

Fremont County	60.7882%
Brookside	0.0348%
Cañon City	30.9017%
Coal Creek	0.0476%
Florence	8.0681%
Rockvale	0.0687%
Williamsburg	0.0907%

Garfield County	76.3371%
Carbondale	2.4698%
Glenwood Springs	11.8141%
New Castle	1.4295%
Parachute	1.0653%
Rifle	5.2733%
Silt	1.6110%

Gilpin County	46.8613%
Black Hawk	46.3909%
Central City (2 Counties)	6.7478%

Grand County	80.1046%
Fraser	2.4903%
Granby	5.4008%
Grand Lake	0.3174%
Hot Sulphur Springs	0.1431%
Kremmling	2.9284%

Government Name	Intracounty Share
Winter Park	8.6154%

Gunnison County	88.9185%
Crested Butte	2.3562%
Gunnison	5.9501%
Marble	0.1714%
Mount Crested Butte	2.5657%
Pitkin	0.0381%

Hinsdale County	76.0940%
Lake City	23.9060%

Huerfano County	68.2709%
La Veta	11.0719%
Walsenburg	20.6572%

Jackson County	61.5339%
Walden	38.4661%

Jefferson County	58.2140%
Arvada (2 Counties)	11.9733%
Bow Mar (2 Counties)	0.0087%
Edgewater	0.6604%
Golden	3.4815%
Lakeside	0.0030%
Lakewood	15.9399%
Littleton (3 Counties)	0.6176%
Morrison	0.2205%
Mountain View	0.1344%
Superior (2 Counties)	0.0000%
Westminster (2 Counties)	5.4779%
Wheat Ridge	3.2689%

Kiowa County	93.2138%
Eads	5.3777%
Haswell	0.6402%
Sheridan Lake	0.7682%

Kit Carson County	86.3178%
Bethune	0.1841%
Burlington	12.0640%
Flagler	0.4264%
Seibert	0.0291%
Stratton	0.9012%

Government Name	Intracounty Share
Vona	0.0775%

La Plata County	66.8874%
Bayfield	1.6292%
Durango	29.2985%
Ignacio	2.1849%

Lake County	73.4523%
Leadville	26.5477%

Larimer County	56.0589%
Berthoud (2 Counties)	0.4139%
Estes Park	0.3502%
Fort Collins	18.5702%
Johnstown (2 Counties)	0.0711%
Loveland	23.4493%
Timnath (2 Counties)	0.2964%
Wellington	0.3653%
Windsor (2 Counties)	0.4248%

Las Animas County	77.8076%
Aguilar	0.0751%
Branson	0.0101%
Cokedale	0.0188%
Kim	0.0101%
Starkville	0.0087%
Trinidad	22.0696%

Lincoln County	91.3222%
Arriba	0.3444%
Genoa	0.2222%
Hugo	1.4778%
Limon	6.6333%

Logan County	72.7982%
Crook	0.0931%
Fleming	0.3413%
Iliff	0.0095%
Merino	0.4702%
Peetz	0.2029%
Sterling	26.0848%

Mesa County	60.8549%
Collbran	0.0920%

Government Name	Intracounty Share
De Beque	0.0123%
Fruita	1.6696%
Grand Junction	37.1505%
Palisade	0.2208%

Mineral County	87.6744%
City of Creede	12.3256%

Moffat County	91.7981%
Craig	8.1862%
Dinosaur	0.0157%

Montezuma County	79.6682%
Cortez	18.6459%
Dolores	0.6106%
Mancos	1.0753%

Montrose County	92.8648%
Montrose	6.5980%
Naturita	0.1551%
Nucla	0.0703%
Olathe	0.3118%

Morgan County	61.6991%
Brush	8.5522%
Fort Morgan	27.8214%
Hillrose	0.1986%
Log Lane Village	0.6424%
Wiggins	1.0863%

Otero County	60.8168%
Cheraw	0.1888%
Fowler	1.0413%
La Junta	25.9225%
Manzanola	0.6983%
Rocky Ford	8.8215%
Swink	2.5109%

Ouray County	76.0810%
Ouray	17.6541%
Ridgway	6.2649%

Park County	96.3983%
Alma	0.7780%

Government Name	Intracounty Share
Fairplay	2.8237%

Phillips County	52.3463%
Haxtun	13.9505%
Holyoke	33.1803%
Paoli	0.5228%

Pitkin County	47.1379%
Aspen	42.0707%
Basalt (2 Counties)	1.1156%
Snowmass Village	9.6757%

Prowers County	70.4524%
Granada	0.9965%
Hartman	0.3164%
Holly	4.9826%
Lamar	21.5860%
Wiley	1.6661%

Pueblo County	54.6622%
Boone	0.0019%
Pueblo	45.3350%
Rye	0.0008%

Rio Blanco County	78.2831%
Meeker	9.1326%
Rangely	12.5843%

Rio Grande County	68.0724%
Center (2 Counties)	0.7713%
Del Norte	6.7762%
Monte Vista	20.4513%
South Fork	3.9288%

Routt County	58.5353%
Hayden	1.0679%
Oak Creek	0.6360%
Steamboat Springs	39.4499%
Yampa	0.3109%

Saguache County	92.8796%
Bonanza	0.1367%
Center (2 Counties)	6.3687%
Crestone	0.0137%

Government Name	Intracounty Share
Moffat	0.3553%
Saguache	0.2460%

San Juan County	87.0423%
Silverton	12.9577%

San Miguel County	48.7493%
Mountain Village	25.7930%
Norwood	0.4078%
Ophir	0.0816%
Sawpit	0.0272%
Telluride	24.9411%

Sedgwick County	98.7331%
Julesburg	0.3830%
Ovid	0.0295%
Sedgwick	0.8544%

Summit County	57.0567%
Blue River	0.5011%
Breckenridge	26.1112%
Dillon	4.1421%
Frisco	6.5096%
Montezuma	0.0169%
Silverthorne	5.6623%

Teller County	66.1557%
Cripple Creek	17.2992%
Green Mountain Falls (2 Counties)	0.0322%
Victor	3.1685%
Woodland Park	13.3445%

Washington County	99.1320%
Akron	0.7659%
Otis	0.1021%

Weld County	51.9387%
Ault	0.3202%
Berthoud (2 Counties)	0.0061%
Brighton (2 Counties)	0.0927%
Dacono	0.6104%
Eaton	0.4573%
Erie (2 Counties)	0.8591%
Evans	4.5121%

Government Name	Intracounty Share
Firestone	1.4648%
Fort Lupton	0.8502%
Frederick	1.2228%
Garden City	0.1514%
Gilcrest	0.1580%
Greeley	30.6922%
Grover	0.0852%
Hudson	0.0066%
Johnstown (2 Counties)	1.5416%
Keenesburg	0.0215%
Kersey	0.1378%
La Salle	0.4128%
Lochbuie (2 Counties)	0.4004%
Longmont (2 Counties)	0.0154%
Mead	0.0941%
Milliken	1.5373%
Northglenn (2 Counties)	0.0030%
Nunn	0.2558%
Pierce	0.0948%
Platteville	0.3712%
Raymer (New Raymer)	0.0597%
Severance	0.0403%
Thornton (2 Counties)	0.0000%
Timnath (2 Counties)	0.0000%
Windsor (2 Counties)	1.5865%

Yuma County	75.5598%
Eckley	2.5422%
Wray	10.2148%
Yuma	11.6832%

¹ These allocations are based on the allocation model used in the Negotiation Class website. The allocation model is the product of prolonged and intensive research, analysis, and discussion by and among members of the court-appointed Plaintiffs' Executive Committee and Settlement Committee and their retained public health and health economics experts, as well as a series of meetings with scores of cities, counties and subdivisions. Additional information about the allocation model is available on the Negotiation Class website.

The allocations in the Negotiation Class website use two different methodologies:

County-Level Allocation

The allocation model uses three factors, based on reliable, detailed, and objective data collected and reported by the federal government, to determine the share of a settlement fund that each county will receive. The three factors are: (1) the amount of opioids shipped to the county, (2) the number of opioid deaths in that county, and (3) the number of people who suffer opioid use disorder in that county.

County/Municipal-Level Allocation

The county/municipal-level allocation is a default allocation to be used if another agreement is not reached between the county and its constituent cities. The formula uses U.S. Census Bureau data on local government spending. This data covers cities and counties for 98% of the U.S. population. If a jurisdiction lacked this data, it was extrapolated based on available data.

² The municipalities of Bow Mar, Johnstown, and Timnath were not reflected as being in multiple counties in the Negotiation Class website. The estimated allocations to those cities are based on the same methodology used in the website, in consultation with the expert. For cities in multiple counties, please see each county in which that city lies.

Exhibit F

Regional Allocations		
Region Number	Region Description	Total State Share
1	Northwest	0.9522%
2	Larimer	6.5211%
3	Weld	3.8908%
4	Logan	1.5896%
5	North Central	2.1061%
6	Boulder	5.7936%
7	Broomfield	1.0014%
8	Adams	9.4247%
9	Arapahoe	10.8071%
10	Jefferson	10.7114%
11	Denver	15.0042%
12	Douglas	3.6696%
13	Mesa	2.8911%
14	Southwest	1.4700%
15	Central	1.5627%
16	El Paso/Teller	12.6116%
17	Southwest Corner	1.4375%
18	South Central	1.0973%
19	Southeast	7.4580%
Total		100.0000%

Exhibit G

Regional Governance Models

A. Membership Structure

Single-County Regions

1. Voting Members (Recommended List: Participating Local Governments to Decide)
 - 1 or 2 representatives appointed by the county (can be commissioners)
 - 1 representative appointed from the public health department
 - 1 representative from the county human services department
 - 1 representative appointed from law enforcement within region (sheriff, police, local city or town district attorney, etc.)
 - 1 representative appointed from a municipal or county court system within region
 - 1-3 representatives (total) appointed by the cities within the county (or other city or cities agreed upon) (can be councilmembers and mayors)
 - Such other representatives as participating counties/cities agree on (not to include providers who may be recipients of funds)
2. Non-Voting Members (Optional but strongly encouraged)
 - Representatives from behavioral health providers
 - Representatives from health care providers
 - Recovery/treatment experts
 - Other county or city representatives
 - A representative from the Attorney General's Office
 - Community representative(s), preferably those with lived experience with the opioid crisis
 - Harm reduction experts

Multi-County Regions

1. Voting Members (Recommended List: Participating Local Governments to Decide)
 - 1 representative appointed by each county (can be commissioners)
 - 1 representative appointed by a rotating city within each county (or other city agreed upon) (can be councilmembers and mayors)
 - 1 representative from each public health department within the region
 - 1 representative from a county human services department
 - At least 1 representative appointed from law enforcement within region (sheriff, police, local city or town district attorney, etc.)
 - 1 representative from a municipal or county court system within region
 - Such other representatives as participating counties/cities agree on (not to include providers who may be recipients of funds)
2. Non-Voting Members (Optional)
 - Representatives from behavioral health providers

- Representatives from health care providers
- Recovery/treatment experts
- Other county or city representatives
- A representative from the Attorney General’s Office
- Community representative(s), preferably those with lived experience with the opioid crisis.
- Harm reduction experts

Single-County Single-City Regions (Denver & Broomfield)

1. Voting Members (Recommended List: Participating Local Government to Decide)¹

- 1 representative appointed by the city and county
- 1 representative appointed from the public health department
- 1 representative from the county human services department
- 1 representative appointed from law enforcement within region (sheriff, police, district attorney, etc.)
- 1 representative appointed from a municipal or county court system within region
- Such other representatives as participating counties/cities agree on (not to include providers who may be recipients of funds)

2. Non-Voting Members (Optional)

- Representatives from behavioral health providers
- Representatives from health care providers
- Recovery/treatment experts
- Other county or city representatives
- A representative from the Attorney General’s Office
- Community representative(s), preferably those with lived experience with the opioid crisis.
- Harm reduction experts

B. Member Terms

- Regions may establish terms of appointment for members. Appointment terms may be staggered.

C. Procedures

- Regions will be governed by an intergovernmental agreement (“IGA”) or memorandum of understanding (“MOU”).
- Regions may adopt the Model Colorado Regional Opioid Intergovernmental Agreement, attached here as Exhibit G-1, in its entirety or alter or amend it as they deem appropriate.

¹ In Denver, the Mayor shall make voting member appointments to the Regional Council. In Broomfield, the City and County Manager shall make voting member appointments to the Regional Council.

- Regions may establish their own procedures through adoption of bylaws (model bylaws to be made available).
- Meetings of regional board/committee shall be open to the public and comply with the Colorado Open Meetings Law (including requirement to keep minutes).

D. Financial Responsibility/Controls

- A local government entity shall nominate and designate a fiscal agent for the Region.
- A Regional fiscal agent must be appointed by the Regional Council on an annual basis. A Regional fiscal agent may serve as long as the Regional Council determines is appropriate, including the length of any Settlement that contemplates the distribution of Opioid Funds within Colorado. However, the Regional fiscal agent also can change over time.
- Regional fiscal agents must be a board of county commissioners or a city or town council or executive department, such as a department of finance.
- Yearly reporting by fiscal agent (using standard form) to the Abatement Council.
- All documents subject to CORA.

E. Conflicts of Interest

- Voting members shall abide by the conflict-of-interest rules applicable to local government officials under state law.

F. Ethics Laws

- Voting members shall abide by applicable state or local ethics laws, as appropriate.

G. Authority

- The Regional Council for each region shall have authority to decide how funds allocated to the region shall be distributed in accordance with the Colorado MOU and shall direct the fiscal agent accordingly.
- Any necessary contracts will be entered into by the fiscal agent, subject to approval by the Regional Council.

H. Legal Status

- The region shall not be considered a separate legal entity, unless the Participating Local Governments decide, through an IGA, to create a separate governmental entity.

Exhibit G-1

MODEL COLORADO REGIONAL OPIOID
INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT²

THIS MODEL COLORADO REGIONAL OPIOID INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT (the “Regional Agreement”) is made between _____, a Participating Local Government, as defined in the Colorado MOU, in the _____ Region (“_____”) and _____, a Participating Local Government in the _____ Region, (“_____”), individually herein a “Regional PLG” and collectively the “Regional PLGs.””

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the State of Colorado and Participating Local Governments executed the Colorado Opioids Summary Memorandum of Understanding on _____ 2021 (the “Colorado MOU”), establishing the manner in which Opioid Funds shall be divided and distributed within the State of Colorado;

WHEREAS, the Regional Agreement assumes and incorporates the definitions and provisions contained in the Colorado MOU, and the Regional Agreement shall be construed in conformity with the Colorado MOU³;

WHEREAS, all Opioid Funds, regardless of allocation, shall be used for Approved Purposes;

WHEREAS, Participating Local Governments shall organize themselves into Regions, as further depicted in **Exhibit E** to the Colorado MOU;

² This Model Regional Agreement is meant to serve as an example for the various Regions and to facilitate the flow of Opioid Funds to their intended purposes. Regions are free to adopt this Regional Agreement in its entirety or alter or amend it as they deem appropriate.

³ When drafting agreements like this Regional Agreement, Regional PLGs should be conscious of the definitions used therein so as not to confuse such definitions with those used in the Colorado MOU. The Definitions in the Colorado MOU shall supersede any definitions used by Regional PLGs in a Regional Agreement.

WHEREAS, Regions may consist of Single-County Regions, Multi-County Regions, or Single County-Single City Regions (Denver and Broomfield).

WHEREAS, there shall be a 60% direct allocation of Opioid Funds to Regions through a Regional Share;

WHEREAS, each Region shall be eligible to receive a Regional Share according to **Exhibit C** to the Colorado MOU;

WHEREAS, the Colorado MOU establishes the procedures by which each Region shall be entitled to Opioid Funds from the Abatement Council and administer its Regional Share allocation;

WHEREAS, the procedures established by the Colorado MOU include a requirement that each Region shall create its own Regional Council;

WHEREAS, all aspects of the creation, administration, and operation of the Regional Council shall proceed in accordance with the provisions of the Colorado MOU;

WHEREAS, each such Regional Council shall designate a fiscal agent from a county or municipal government within that Region;

WHEREAS, each such Regional Council shall submit a two-year plan to the Abatement Council that identifies the Approved Purposes for which the requested funds will be used, and the Regional Council's fiscal agent shall provide data and a certification to the Abatement Council regarding compliance with its two-year plan on an annual basis;

WHEREAS, the Regional Agreement pertains to the procedures for the Regional PLGs to establish a Regional Council, designate a fiscal agent, and request and administer Opioid Funds in a manner consistent with the Colorado MOU;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements hereinafter set forth and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Regional PLGs incorporate the recitals set forth above and agree as follows:

1. **DEFINITIONS**. The defined terms used in this Regional Agreement shall have the same meanings as in the Colorado MOU⁴. Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined within the Regional Agreement or in the Colorado MOU shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the body of the Regional Agreement.
2. **OBLIGATIONS OF THE REGIONAL PLGS**. The Regional PLGs shall perform their respective obligations as set forth in the Regional Agreement, the Colorado MOU and the accompanying exhibits to the Colorado MOU and incorporated herein by reference.
3. **REGIONAL COUNCIL**.
 - 3.1. **Purpose:** In accordance with the Colorado MOU, a Regional Council, consisting of representatives appointed by the Regional PLGs, shall be created to oversee the procedures by which a Region may request Opioid Funds from the Abatement Council and the procedures by which the allocation of its Region's Share of Opioid Funds are administered.
 - 3.2. **Membership:** The Regional Council of a Multi-County or Single County Region shall consist of the following:
 - a. **Multi-County Region:**
 - (i) **Voting Members.** Voting Members shall be appointed by the Regional PLGs. The Regional PLGs shall collaborate to appoint Regional Council members and to the extent practicable, Voting Members shall be selected from different counties and cities. No single county or city should dominate the make-up of the Regional Council. Voting Members shall be selected as follows:
 - (1) 1 representative appointed by each county (can be commissioners).
 - (2) 1 representative appointed from a rotating city within each county (or other city agreed upon) (can be councilmembers and mayors). A rotating city member shall be selected by majority vote of the cities within each county who do not have a Voting Member currently sitting on the Regional

⁴ See FN 2, *supra*.

Council.

- (3) 1 representative from each public health department within the region.
- (4) 1 representative from a county human services department.
- (5) At least 1 representative appointed from law enforcement within the region (sheriff, police, local city or town district attorney, etc.).
- (6) 1 representative from a municipal or county court system within the region.

b. Single-County Region:

- (i) **Voting Members.** Voting Members shall be appointed by the Regional PLGs. The Regional PLGs shall collaborate to appoint Regional Council members and to the extent practicable, Voting Members shall be selected from different cities within the region. No single city should dominate the make-up of the Regional Council. Voting Members shall be selected as follows:
 - (1) 1 or 2 representatives appointed by the county (can be commissioners)
 - (2) 1 representative appointed from the public health department
 - (3) 1 representative from the county human services department
 - (4) 1 representative appointed from law enforcement within region (sheriff, police, local city or town district attorney, etc.)
 - (5) 1 representative appointed from a municipal or county court system within region
 - (6) 1-3 representatives (total) appointed by rotating cities within the county (or other city or cities agreed upon) (can be councilmembers and mayors). Rotating city members shall be selected by majority vote of the cities who do not have a Voting Member currently sitting on the Regional Council.
 - (7) Such other representatives as participating counties/cities agree on (not to include providers who may be recipients of

funds)

- c. **Non-Voting Members.** For both Multi-County and Single County Regions, Non-Voting Members are optional but are strongly encouraged. Non-voting members shall serve in an advisory capacity. Any Non-Voting Members shall be appointed by the Regional PLGs and may be comprised of all or some of the following, not to include potential recipients of funds:
 - (i) Representatives from behavioral health providers.
 - (ii) Representatives from health care providers.
 - (iii) Recovery/treatment experts.
 - (iv) Other county or city representatives.
 - (v) A representative from the Attorney General's Office.
 - (vi) Community representative(s), preferably those with lived experience with the opioid crisis.
 - (vii) Harm reduction experts.
- d. **Acting Chair:** The Voting Members for both Multi-County and Single-County Regions shall appoint one member to serve as Acting Chair of the Regional Council. The Acting Chair's primary responsibilities shall be to schedule periodic meetings and votes of the Regional Council as needed and to serve as the point of contact for disputes within the Region. The Acting Chair must be either a Member from a county within a Region, such as a county commissioner or their designee, or a Member from a city or town within a Region, such as a mayor or city or town council member or their designee.
- e. **Non-Participation:** A Local Government that chooses not to become a Participating Local Government in the Colorado MOU shall not receive any Opioid Funds from the Regional Share or participate in the Regional Council.
- f. **Terms:** The Regional Council shall be established within ninety (90) days of the first Settlement being entered by a court of competent jurisdiction, including any bankruptcy court. In order to do so, within sixty (60) days of the first Settlement being entered, CCI and CML shall jointly recommend six (6) Voting Members, and so long as such recommendations comply with the terms of Section 3.2 (a) or (b), the Regional Council shall consist of CCI/CML's recommended Members for

an initial term not to exceed one year.⁵ Thereafter, Voting Members shall be appointed in accordance with Section 3.2 (a) or (b) and shall serve two-year terms. Following the expiration of that two-year term, the Regional PLGs, working in concert, shall reappoint that Voting Member, or appoint a new Voting Member according to Section 3.2 (a) or (b).

- (i) If a Voting Member resigns or is otherwise removed from the Regional Council prior to the expiration of their term, a replacement Voting Member shall be appointed within sixty (60) days in accordance with Section 3.2 (a) or (b) to serve the remainder of the term. If the Regional PLGs are unable to fill a Voting Member vacancy within sixty (60) days, the existing Voting Members of the Regional Council at the time of the vacancy shall work collectively to appoint a replacement Voting Member in accordance with Section 3.2 (a) or (b). At the end of his or her term, the individual serving as that replacement Voting Member may be reappointed by the Regional PLGs to serve a full term consistent with this Section.
- (ii) The purpose of the two-year term is to allow Regional PLGs an increased opportunity to serve on the Regional Council. However, Regional Council members who have already served on the Regional Council may be appointed more than once and may serve consecutive terms if appointed to do so by the Regional Council.

3.3. Duties: The Regional Council is primarily responsible for engaging with the Abatement Council on behalf of its Region and following the procedures outlined in the Colorado MOU for requesting Opioid Funds from the Regional Share, which shall include developing 2-year plans, amending those plans as appropriate, and providing the Abatement Council with data through its fiscal agent regarding Opioid Fund expenditures. Upon request from the Abatement Council, the Regional Council may also be subject to an accounting from the Abatement Council.

3.4. Governance: A Regional Council may establish its own procedures through adoption of bylaws if needed. Any governing documents must be consistent with the other provisions in this section and the Colorado MOU.

3.5. Authority: The terms of the Colorado MOU control the authority of a Regional Council and a Regional Council shall not stray outside the bounds of the authority and power vested by the Colorado MOU. Should a Regional Council require legal assistance in determining its authority,

⁵ Local Governments within Multi-County or Single County Regions may decide to select initial Voting Members of the Regional Council between themselves and without CCI and CML involvement. However, the Regional Council must be established within ninety (90) days of the first Settlement being entered by a court of competent jurisdiction, including any bankruptcy court.

it may seek guidance from the legal counsel of the county or municipal government of the Regional Council's fiscal agent at the time the issue arises.

3.6. Collaboration: The Regional Council shall facilitate collaboration between the State, Participating Local Governments within its Region, the Abatement Council, and other stakeholders within its Region for the purposes of sharing data, outcomes, strategies, and other relevant information related to abating the opioid crisis in Colorado.

3.7. Transparency: The Regional Council shall operate with all reasonable transparency and abide by all Colorado laws relating to open records and meetings. To the extent the Abatement Council requests outcome-related data from the Regional Council, the Regional Council shall provide such data in an effort to determine best methods for abating the opioid crisis in Colorado.

3.8. Conflicts of Interest: Voting Members shall abide by the conflict-of-interest rules applicable to local government officials under state law.

3.9. Ethics Laws: Voting Members shall abide by their local ethics laws or, if no such ethics laws exist, by applicable state ethics laws.

3.10. Decision Making: The Regional Council shall seek to make all decisions by consensus. In the event consensus cannot be achieved, the Regional Council shall make decisions by a majority vote of its Members.

4. REGIONAL FISCAL AGENT

4.1. Purpose: According to the Colorado MOU, the Regional Council must designate a fiscal agent for the Region prior to the Region receiving any Opioid funds from the Regional Share. All funds from the Regional Share shall be distributed to the Regional Council's fiscal agent for the benefit of the entire Region.

4.2. Designation: The Regional Council shall nominate and designate a fiscal agent for the Region by majority vote. Regional fiscal agents must be a board of county commissioners or a city or town council or executive department, such as a department of finance.

4.3. Term: A Regional fiscal agent must be appointed by the Regional Council on an annual basis. A Regional fiscal agent may serve as long as the Regional Council determines is appropriate, including the length of any Settlement that contemplates the distribution of Opioid Funds within Colorado.

4.4. Duties: The Regional fiscal agent shall receive, deposit, and make available Opioid Funds distributed from the Abatement Council and provide expenditure reporting data to the

Abatement Council on an annual basis. In addition, the Regional fiscal agent shall perform certain recordkeeping duties outlined below.

- a. **Opioid Funds:** The Regional fiscal agent shall receive all Opioid Funds as distributed by the Abatement Council. Upon direction by the Regional Council, the Regional fiscal agent shall make any such Opioid Funds available to the Regional Council.
- b. **Reporting:** On an annual basis, as determined by the Abatement Council, the Regional fiscal agent shall provide to the Abatement Council the Regional Council's expenditure data from their allocation of the Regional Share and certify to the Abatement Council that the Regional Council's expenditures were for Approved Purposes and complied with its 2-year plan.
- c. **Recordkeeping:** The Regional fiscal agent shall maintain necessary records with regard the Regional Council's meetings, decisions, plans, and expenditure data.

4.5. Authority: The fiscal agent serves at the direction of the Regional Council and in service to the entire Region. The terms of the Colorado MOU control the authority of a Regional Council, and by extension, the Regional fiscal agent. A Regional fiscal agent shall not stray outside the bounds of the authority and power vested by the Colorado MOU.

5. REGIONAL TWO-YEAR PLAN

5.1. Purpose: According to the Colorado MOU, as part of a Regional Council's request to the Abatement Council for Opioid Funds from its Regional Share, the Regional Council must submit a 2-year plan identifying the Approved Purposes for which the requested funds will be used.

5.2 Development of 2-Year Plan: In developing a 2-year plan, the Regional Council shall solicit recommendations and information from all Regional PLGs and other stakeholders within its Region for the purposes of sharing data, outcomes, strategies, and other relevant information related to abating the opioid crisis in Colorado. At its discretion, a Regional Council may seek assistance from the Abatement Council for purposes of developing a 2-year plan.

5.3 Amendment: At any point, a Regional Council's 2-year plan may be amended so long as such amendments comply with the terms of the Colorado MOU and any Settlement.

6. DISPUTES WITHIN REGION. In the event that any Regional PLG disagrees with a decision of the Regional Council, or there is a dispute regarding the appointment of Voting or Non-Voting Members to the Regional Council, that Regional PLG shall inform the Acting Chair of its dispute at the earliest

possible opportunity. In Response, the Regional Council shall gather any information necessary to resolve the dispute. Within fourteen (14) days of the Regional PLG informing the Acting Chair of its dispute, the Regional Council shall issue a decision with respect to the dispute. In reaching its decision, the Regional Council may hold a vote of Voting Members, with the Acting Chair serving as the tie-breaker, or the Regional Council may devise its own dispute resolution process. However, in any disputes regarding the appointment of a Voting Member, that Voting Member will be recused from voting on the dispute. The decision of the Regional Council is a final decision.

7. **DISPUTES WITH ABATEMENT COUNCIL.** If the Regional Council disputes the amount of Opioid Funds it receives from its allocation of the Regional Share, the Regional Council shall alert the Abatement Council within sixty (60) days of discovering the information underlying the dispute. However, the failure to alert the Abatement Council within this time frame shall not constitute a waiver of the Regional Council's right to seek recoupment of any deficiency in its Regional Share.
8. **RECORDKEEPING.** The acting Regional fiscal agent shall be responsible for maintaining records consistent with the Regional Agreement.
9. **AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES.** Each Regional PLGs' representative designated below shall be the point of contact to coordinate the obligations as provided herein. The Regional PLGs designate their authorized representatives under this Regional Agreement as follows:
 - 9.1. _____ designates the _____ of the _____ or their designee(s).
 - 9.2. _____ designates the _____ of the _____ or their designee(s).
10. **OBLIGATIONS OF THE REGIONAL PLGS.** The Regional PLGs shall perform their respective obligations as set forth in the Regional Agreement, the Colorado MOU and the accompanying exhibits to the Colorado MOU and incorporated herein by reference.
11. **TERM.** The Regional Agreement will commence on _____, and shall expire on the date the last action is taken by the Region, consistent with the terms of the Colorado MOU and any Settlement. (the "Term").
12. **INFORMATIONAL OBLIGATIONS.** Each Regional PLG hereto will meet its obligations as set forth in § 29-1-205, C.R.S., as amended, to include information about this Regional Agreement in a filing with the Colorado Division of Local Government; however, failure to do so shall in no way affect the validity of this Regional Agreement or any remedies available to the Regional PLGs hereunder.
13. **CONFIDENTIALITY.** The Regional PLGs, for themselves, their agents, employees and representatives, agree that they will not divulge any confidential or proprietary information they receive from another Regional PLG or otherwise have access to, except as may be required by law. Nothing in this Regional

Agreement shall in any way limit the ability of the Regional PLGs to comply with any laws or legal process concerning disclosures by public entities. The Regional PLGs understand that all materials exchanged under this Regional Agreement, including confidential information or proprietary information, may be subject to the Colorado Open Records Act., § 24-72-201, *et seq.*, C.R.S., (the “Act”). In the event of a request to a Regional PLG for disclosure of confidential materials, the Regional PLG shall advise the Regional PLGs of such request in order to give the Regional PLGs the opportunity to object to the disclosure of any of its materials which it marked as, or otherwise asserts is, proprietary or confidential. If a Regional PLG objects to disclosure of any of its material, the Regional PLG shall identify the legal basis under the Act for any right to withhold. In the event of any action or the filing of a lawsuit to compel disclosure, the Regional PLG agrees to intervene in such action or lawsuit to protect and assert its claims of privilege against disclosure of such material or waive the same. If the matter is not resolved, the Regional PLGs may tender all material to the court for judicial determination of the issue of disclosure.

14. GOVERNING LAW; VENUE. This Regional Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Colorado. Venue for any legal action relating solely to this Regional Agreement will be in the applicable District Court of the State of Colorado for the county of the Region’s fiscal agent. Venue for any legal action relating to the Colorado MOU shall be in a court of competent jurisdiction where a Settlement or consent decree was entered, as those terms are described or defined in the Colorado MOU. If a legal action relates to both a Regional Agreement and the Colorado MOU, venue shall also be in a court of competent jurisdiction where a Settlement or consent decree was entered.

15. TERMINATION. The Regional PLGs enter into this Regional Agreement to serve the public interest. If this Regional Agreement ceases to further the public interest, a Regional PLG, in its discretion, may terminate their participation in the Regional Agreement, in whole or in part, upon written notice to the other Regional PLGs. Each Regional PLG also has the right to terminate the Regional Agreement with cause upon written notice effective immediately, and without cause upon thirty (30) days prior written notice to the other Regional PLGs. A Regional PLG’s decision to terminate this Regional Agreement, with or without cause, shall have no impact on the other Regional PLGs present or future administration of its Opioid Funds and the other procedures outlined in this Regional Agreement. Rather, a Regional PLG’s decision to terminate this Regional Agreement shall have the same effect as non-participation, as outlined in Section 3.2 (e).

16. NOTICES. “Key Notices” under this Regional Agreement are notices regarding default, disputes, or termination of the Regional Agreement. Key Notices shall be given in writing and shall be deemed

received if given by confirmed electronic transmission that creates a record that may be retained, retrieved and reviewed by a recipient thereof, and that may be directly reproduced in paper form by such a recipient through an automated process, but specifically excluding facsimile transmissions and texts when transmitted, if transmitted on a business day and during normal business hours of the recipient, and otherwise on the next business day following transmission; certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, three business days after being deposited in the United States mail; or overnight carrier service or personal delivery, when received. For Key Notices, the Regional PLGs will follow up any electronic transmission with a hard copy of the communication by the means described above. All other communications or notices between the Regional PLGs that are not Key Notices may be done via electronic transmission. The Regional PLGs agree that any notice or communication transmitted by electronic transmission shall be treated in all manner and respects as an original written document; any such notice or communication shall be considered to have the same binding and legal effect as an original document. All Key Notices shall include a reference to the Regional Agreement, and Key Notices shall be given to the Regional PLGs at the following addresses:

17. GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 17.1. Independent Entities.** The Regional PLGs enter into this Regional Agreement as separate, independent governmental entities and shall maintain such status throughout.
- 17.2. Assignment.** This Regional Agreement shall not be assigned by any Regional PLG without the prior written consent of all Regional PLGs. Any assignment or subcontracting without such consent will be ineffective and void and will be cause for termination of this Regional Agreement.
- 17.3. Integration and Amendment.** This Regional Agreement represents the entire agreement between the Regional PLGs and terminates any oral or collateral agreement or understandings. This Regional Agreement may be amended only by a writing signed by the Regional PLGs. If any provision of this Regional Agreement is held invalid or unenforceable, no other provision shall be affected by such holding, and the remaining provision of this Regional Agreement shall continue in full force and effect.

- 17.4. No Construction Against Drafting Party.** The Regional PLGs and their respective counsel have had the opportunity to review the Regional Agreement, and the Regional Agreement will not be construed against any Regional PLG merely because any provisions of the Regional Agreement were prepared by a particular Regional PLG.
- 17.5. Captions and References.** The captions and headings in this Regional Agreement are for convenience of reference only and shall not be used to interpret, define, or limit its provisions. All references in this Regional Agreement to sections (whether spelled out or using the § symbol), subsections, exhibits or other attachments, are references to sections, subsections, exhibits or other attachments contained herein or incorporated as a part hereof, unless otherwise noted.
- 17.6. Statutes, Regulations, and Other Authority.** Any reference in this Regional Agreement to a statute, regulation, policy or other authority shall be interpreted to refer to such authority then current, as may have been changed or amended since the execution of this Regional Agreement.
- 17.7. Conflict of Interest.** No Regional PLG shall knowingly perform any act that would conflict in any manner with said Regional PLG's obligations hereunder. Each Regional PLG certifies that it is not engaged in any current project or business transaction, directly or indirectly, nor has it any interest, direct or indirect, with any person or business that might result in a conflict of interest in the performance of its obligations hereunder. No elected or employed member of any Regional PLG shall be paid or receive, directly or indirectly, any share or part of this Regional Agreement or any benefit that may arise therefrom.
- 17.8. Inurement.** The rights and obligations of the Regional PLGs to the Regional Agreement inure to the benefit of and shall be binding upon the Regional PLGs and their respective successors and assigns, provided assignments are consented to in accordance with the terms of the Regional Agreement.
- 17.9. Survival.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, the Regional PLGs understand and agree that all terms and conditions of this Regional Agreement and any exhibits that require continued performance or compliance beyond the termination or expiration of this Regional Agreement shall survive such termination or expiration and shall be enforceable against a Regional PLG if such Regional PLG fails to perform or comply with such term or condition.
- 17.10. Waiver of Rights and Remedies.** This Regional Agreement or any of its provisions may not be waived except in writing by a Regional PLG's authorized representative. The failure of a

Regional PLG to enforce any right arising under this Regional Agreement on one or more occasions will not operate as a waiver of that or any other right on that or any other occasion.

17.11. No Third-Party Beneficiaries. Enforcement of the terms of the Regional Agreement and all rights of action relating to enforcement are strictly reserved to the Regional PLGs. Nothing contained in the Regional Agreement gives or allows any claim or right of action to any third person or entity. Any person or entity other than the Regional PLGs receiving services or benefits pursuant to the Regional Agreement is an incidental beneficiary only.

17.12. Records Retention. The Regional PLGs shall maintain all records, including working papers, notes, and financial records in accordance with their applicable record retention schedules and policies. Copies of such records shall be furnished to the Parties request.

17.13. Execution by Counterparts; Electronic Signatures and Records. This Regional Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument. The Regional PLGs approve the use of electronic signatures for execution of this Regional Agreement. All use of electronic signatures shall be governed by the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, C.R.S. §§ 24-71.3-101, *et seq.* The Regional PLGs agree not to deny the legal effect or enforceability of the Regional Agreement solely because it is in electronic form or because an electronic record was used in its formation. The Regional PLGs agree not to object to the admissibility of the Regional Agreement in the form of an electronic record, or a paper copy of an electronic document, or a paper copy of a document bearing an electronic signature, on the ground that it is an electronic record or electronic signature or that it is not in its original form or is not an original.

17.14. Authority to Execute. Each Regional PLG represents that all procedures necessary to authorize such Regional PLG's execution of this Regional Agreement have been performed and that the person signing for such Regional PLG has been authorized to execute the Regional Agreement.

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EXHIBIT K

Subdivision Settlement Participation Form

Governmental Entity: City of Black Hawk	State: Colorado
Authorized Official: David D. Spellman, Mayor	
Address 1: 201 Selak Street	
Address 2: PO Box 68	
City, State, Zip: Black Hawk	
Phone: 303-582-2221	
Email: cityclerk@cityofblackhawk.org	

The governmental entity identified above ("*Governmental Entity*"), in order to obtain and in consideration for the benefits provided to the Governmental Entity pursuant to the Settlement Agreement dated July 21, 2021 ("*Distributor Settlement*"), and acting through the undersigned authorized official, hereby elects to participate in the Distributor Settlement, release all Released Claims against all Released Entities, and agrees as follows.

1. The Governmental Entity is aware of and has reviewed the Distributor Settlement, understands that all terms in this Participation Form have the meanings defined therein, and agrees that by signing this Participation Form, the Governmental Entity elects to participate in the Distributor Settlement and become a Participating Subdivision as provided therein.
2. The Governmental Entity shall, within 14 days of the Reference Date and prior to the filing of the Consent Judgment, secure the dismissal with prejudice of any Released Claims that it has filed.
3. The Governmental Entity agrees to the terms of the Distributor Settlement pertaining to Subdivisions as defined therein.
4. By agreeing to the terms of the Distributor Settlement and becoming a Releasor, the Governmental Entity is entitled to the benefits provided therein, including, if applicable, monetary payments beginning after the Effective Date.
5. The Governmental Entity agrees to use any monies it receives through the Distributor Settlement solely for the purposes provided therein.
6. The Governmental Entity submits to the jurisdiction of the court in the Governmental Entity's state where the Consent Judgment is filed for purposes limited to that court's role as provided in, and for resolving disputes to the extent provided in, the Distributor Settlement. The Governmental Entity likewise agrees to arbitrate before the National Arbitration Panel as provided in, and for resolving disputes to the extent otherwise provided in, the Distributor Settlement.

7. The Governmental Entity has the right to enforce the Distributor Settlement as provided therein.
8. The Governmental Entity, as a Participating Subdivision, hereby becomes a Releasor for all purposes in the Distributor Settlement, including, but not limited to, all provisions of Part XI, and along with all departments, agencies, divisions, boards, commissions, districts, instrumentalities of any kind and attorneys, and any person in their official capacity elected or appointed to serve any of the foregoing and any agency, person, or other entity claiming by or through any of the foregoing, and any other entity identified in the definition of Releasor, provides for a release to the fullest extent of its authority. As a Releasor, the Governmental Entity hereby absolutely, unconditionally, and irrevocably covenants not to bring, file, or claim, or to cause, assist or permit to be brought, filed, or claimed, or to otherwise seek to establish liability for any Released Claims against any Released Entity in any forum whatsoever. The releases provided for in the Distributor Settlement are intended by the Parties to be broad and shall be interpreted so as to give the Released Entities the broadest possible bar against any liability relating in any way to Released Claims and extend to the full extent of the power of the Governmental Entity to release claims. The Distributor Settlement shall be a complete bar to any Released Claim.
9. The Governmental Entity hereby takes on all rights and obligations of a Participating Subdivision as set forth in the Distributor Settlement.
10. In connection with the releases provided for in the Distributor Settlement, each Governmental Entity expressly waives, releases, and forever discharges any and all provisions, rights, and benefits conferred by any law of any state or territory of the United States or other jurisdiction, or principle of common law, which is similar, comparable, or equivalent to § 1542 of the California Civil Code, which reads:

General Release; extent. A general release does not extend to claims that the creditor or releasing party does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release, and that if known by him or her would have materially affected his or her settlement with the debtor or released party.

A Releasor may hereafter discover facts other than or different from those which it knows, believes, or assumes to be true with respect to the Released Claims, but each Governmental Entity hereby expressly waives and fully, finally, and forever settles, releases and discharges, upon the Effective Date, any and all Released Claims that may exist as of such date but which Releasors do not know or suspect to exist, whether through ignorance, oversight, error, negligence or through no fault whatsoever, and which, if known, would materially affect the Governmental Entities' decision to participate in the Distributor Settlement.

11. Nothing herein is intended to modify in any way the terms of the Distributor Settlement, to which Governmental Entity hereby agrees. To the extent this Participation Form is interpreted differently from the Distributor Settlement in any respect, the Distributor Settlement controls.

I have all necessary power and authorization to execute this Participation Form on behalf of the Governmental Entity.

Signature: _____

Name: David D. Spellman

Title: Mayor

Date: 2021.10.27

EXHIBIT K

Settlement Participation Form

Governmental Entity: City of Black Hawk	State: Colorado
Authorized Official: David D. Spellman, Mayor	
Address 1: 201 Selak Street	
Address 2: PO Box 68	
City, State, Zip: Black Hawk, Colorado 80422	
Phone: 303-582-2221	
Email: cityclerk@cityofblackhawk.org	

The governmental entity identified above (“Governmental Entity”), in order to obtain and in consideration for the benefits provided to the Governmental Entity pursuant to the Settlement Agreement dated July 21, 2021 (“Janssen Settlement”), and acting through the undersigned authorized official, hereby elects to participate in the Janssen Settlement, release all Released Claims against all Released Entities, and agrees as follows.

1. The Governmental Entity is aware of and has reviewed the Janssen Settlement, understands that all terms in this Election and Release have the meanings defined therein, and agrees that by this Election, the Governmental Entity elects to participate in the Janssen Settlement and become a Participating Subdivision as provided therein.
2. The Governmental Entity shall, within 14 days of the Reference Date and prior to the filing of the Consent Judgment, dismiss with prejudice any Released Claims that it has filed.
3. The Governmental Entity agrees to the terms of the Janssen Settlement pertaining to Subdivisions as defined therein.
4. By agreeing to the terms of the Janssen Settlement and becoming a Releasor, the Governmental Entity is entitled to the benefits provided therein, including, if applicable, monetary payments beginning after the Effective Date.
5. The Governmental Entity agrees to use any monies it receives through the Janssen Settlement solely for the purposes provided therein.
6. The Governmental Entity submits to the jurisdiction of the court in the Governmental Entity’s state where the Consent Judgment is filed for purposes limited to that court’s role as provided in, and for resolving disputes to the extent provided in, the Janssen Settlement.
7. The Governmental Entity has the right to enforce the Janssen Settlement as provided therein.

8. The Governmental Entity, as a Participating Subdivision, hereby becomes a Releasor for all purposes in the Janssen Settlement, including but not limited to all provisions of Section IV (Release), and along with all departments, agencies, divisions, boards, commissions, districts, instrumentalities of any kind and attorneys, and any person in their official capacity elected or appointed to serve any of the foregoing and any agency, person, or other entity claiming by or through any of the foregoing, and any other entity identified in the definition of Releasor, provides for a release to the fullest extent of its authority. As a Releasor, the Governmental Entity hereby absolutely, unconditionally, and irrevocably covenants not to bring, file, or claim, or to cause, assist or permit to be brought, filed, or claimed, or to otherwise seek to establish liability for any Released Claims against any Released Entity in any forum whatsoever. The releases provided for in the Janssen Settlement are intended by the Parties to be broad and shall be interpreted so as to give the Released Entities the broadest possible bar against any liability relating in any way to Released Claims and extend to the full extent of the power of the Governmental Entity to release claims. The Janssen Settlement shall be a complete bar to any Released Claim.
9. In connection with the releases provided for in the Janssen Settlement, each Governmental Entity expressly waives, releases, and forever discharges any and all provisions, rights, and benefits conferred by any law of any state or territory of the United States or other jurisdiction, or principle of common law, which is similar, comparable, or equivalent to § 1542 of the California Civil Code, which reads:

General Release; extent. A general release does not extend to claims that the creditor or releasing party does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release that, if known by him or her, would have materially affected his or her settlement with the debtor or released party.

A Releasor may hereafter discover facts other than or different from those which it knows, believes, or assumes to be true with respect to the Released Claims, but each Governmental Entity hereby expressly waives and fully, finally, and forever settles, releases and discharges, upon the Effective Date, any and all Released Claims that may exist as of such date but which Releasors do not know or suspect to exist, whether through ignorance, oversight, error, negligence or through no fault whatsoever, and which, if known, would materially affect the Governmental Entities' decision to participate in the Janssen Settlement.

10. Nothing herein is intended to modify in any way the terms of the Janssen Settlement, to which Governmental Entity hereby agrees. To the extent this Election and Release is interpreted differently from the Janssen Settlement in any respect, the Janssen Settlement controls.

I have all necessary power and authorization to execute this Election and Release on behalf of the Governmental Entity.

Signature: _____

Name: David D. Spellman

Title: Mayor

Date: 2021.10.27

Colorado Subdivision Escrow Agreement

Governmental Entity: City of Black Hawk	State: CO
Authorized Official: David D. Spellman	
Address 1: 201 Selak Street	
Address 2: PO Box 68	
City, State, Zip: Black Hawk, Colorado 80422	
Phone: 303-582-2212	
Email: cityclerk@cityofblackhawk.org	

The governmental entity identified above (“*Governmental Entity*”) hereby provides Colorado Counties, Inc. (for counties) or the Colorado Municipal League (for municipalities) (“*Escrow Agent*”) the enclosed copies of the Governmental Entity’s endorsed Subdivision Settlement Participation Forms and the Colorado Opioids Settlement Memorandum of Understanding (“Colorado MOU”), to be held in escrow. The Subdivision Settlement Participation Forms apply respectively to (1) the National Settlement Agreement with McKesson Corporation, Cardinal Health, Inc., and AmerisourceBergen Corporation, dated July 21, 2021 (“*Distributor Settlement*”); and (2) the National Settlement Agreement with Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., and its parent company Johnson & Johnson, dated July 21, 2021 (“*J&J Settlement*”). Pursuant to this Agreement, the Subdivision Settlement Participation Forms and the Colorado MOU will be released only if there is 95% participation by local governments in Colorado as further explained below.

Purpose of this Agreement

By endorsing a Subdivision Settlement Participation Form in the Distributor Settlement and the J&J Settlement, a governmental entity agrees to participate in those settlements and release any legal claims it has or may have against those settling pharmaceutical companies. This Colorado Subdivision Escrow Agreement is meant to ensure that the legal claims of governmental entities in Colorado will be released only when 95% participation by certain governmental entities has been reached. That 95% participation threshold is important because it signals to the settling pharmaceutical companies that the settlement has wide acceptance which will then secure significant incentive payments under these settlement agreements.

Escrow

The Escrow Agent shall promptly report the receipt of any Governmental Entity’s endorsed Subdivision Settlement Participation Forms and Colorado MOUs to the Colorado Attorney General’s Office and to the law firm of Keller Rohrback L.L.P. These documents shall be released by the Escrow Agent to the Colorado Attorney General’s Office if and when the Escrow Agent is notified by the Attorney General’s Office and Keller Rohrback that that the threshold 95% participation levels have been reached for both the Distributor Settlement and the J&J Settlement, as further described below. If by December 29, 2021, the Escrow Agent has not received notification that the threshold 95% levels have been reached for both the Distributor Settlement and the J&J Settlements, then the documents being escrowed shall be returned to the Governmental Entities and all copies shall be destroyed.

Distributor Settlement

The Attorney General's Office and Keller Rohrback shall jointly submit a written notification to the Escrow Agent when it has been determined that the percentages of populations eligible for Incentives B and C, as described in Sections IV.F.2 and IV.F.3 of the Distributor Settlement, are each 95% or more. For purposes of this Escrow Agreement, the percentages of populations eligible for Incentives B and C under the Distributor Settlement will include governmental entities that sign a Subdivision Settlement Participation Form subject to an escrow agreement and governmental entities that sign a Subdivision Settlement Participation Form that is not subject to an escrow agreement.

J&J Settlement

The Attorney General's Office and Keller Rohrback shall jointly submit a written notification to the Escrow Agent when it has been determined that the Participation or Case-Specific Resolution Levels for Incentives B and C, as described in Sections V.E.5 and V.E.6 of the J&J Settlement, are each 95% or more. For purposes of this Escrow Agreement, the percentages or populations eligible for Incentives B and C under the J&J Settlement will include governmental entities that sign a Subdivision Settlement Participation Form subject to an escrow agreement and governmental entities that sign a Subdivision Settlement Participation Form that is not subject to an escrow agreement.

Colorado Subdivision Name City of Black Hawk

	2021.10.27
Authorized Signature	Date
David D. Spellman, Mayor	