REGULAR MEETING AGENDA



City of Black Hawk City Council 211 Church Street, Black Hawk, CO

> July 22, 2020 3:00 p.m.

The City of Black Hawk is hosting Virtual City Council meetings in Zoom in response to the Coronavirus COVID-19 until further notice. There are no physical meetings at this time.

Join from a PC, Mac, iPad, iPhone, or Android device: Please click this URL to join: https://us02web.zoom.us/s/85861398572

Or join by phone:

888-475-4499 (Toll-Free)

Webinar ID: 858 6139 8572
International numbers available: https://zoom.us/u/aekAkAaLfF

Phone commands using your phone's dial pad while in a Zoom meeting:

*6 – Toggle mute/unmute

*9 – Raise your hand to make a public comment or to speak for or against a Public Hearing matter

Public Comment:

If you wish to make a public comment during the meeting, please go to:

https://www.cityofblackhawk.org/comment_signup

and provide your Name, Email address, and Telephone.

During the Public comment section of the meeting, the host will
go in order of sign up to ask for comments from those who have signed up

- 1. CALL TO ORDER:
- 2. ROLL CALL & PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE:
- 3. AGENDA CHANGES:
- 4. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST: (Council disclosures are on file w/City Clerk & Sec. of State)
- 5. PUBLIC COMMENT: Please limit comments to 5 minutes
- 6. APPROVAL OF MINUTES: June 24, 2020
- 7. PUBLIC HEARINGS:
 - A. Resolution 46-2020, A Resolution Denying a Variance to Allow a Height Variance which would Allow a Structure 103 Feet in Height (continued to August 26, 2020 at 3:00 pm)
 - B. Resolution 47-2020, A Resolution Conditionally Approving a Certificate of Architectural Compatibility and a Site Development Plan for the T Mobile Facility Located at 821 Miners Mesa Road (continued to August 26,2020 at 3:00 pm)
 - C. Resolution 54-2020, A Resolution Conditionally Approving a Certificate of Architectural Compatibility for Exterior Fencing on Property Located at 211 Horn Street (application withdrawn)

MISSION STATEMENT

D. CB17, An Ordinance Approving the Intergovernmental Agreement between the City of Black Hawk and Gilpin County Regarding the November 3, 2020 Special Election

8. ACTION ITEMS:

- A. Resolution 55-2020, A Resolution Authorizing the City to File the Attached Petition for Exclusion into the Black Hawk Business Improvement District, and Setting the Hearing Thereon
- B. Resolution 56-2020, A Resolution Approving the Land Dedication Agreement between the City of Black Hawk, Colorado and Club Vista Properties II, LLC
- C. Resolution 57-2020, A Resolution Accepting City of Black Hawk 2019 Audit
- 9. CITY MANAGER REPORTS:
- 10. CITY ATTORNEY:
- 11. EXECUTIVE SESSION:
- 12. ADJOURNMENT:



City of Black Hawk City Council

June 24, 2020

MEETING MINUTES

1. CALL TO ORDER: Mayor Spellman called the regular meeting of the City Council to order

on Wednesday, June 24, 2020, at 3:00 p.m.

2. ROLL CALL: Present were: Mayor Spellman, Aldermen Armbright, Bennett, Johnson,

Midcap, Moates, and Torres.

Virtual/Present Staff: City Attorney Hoffmann, City Manager Cole, Acting Police Chief

Cooper, Commander Jantz, Finance Director Hillis, City Clerk/Administrative Services Director Greiner, Public Works Director Isbester, Baseline Engineering Consultants Harris and Nieske, IT

Manager Muhammad.

PLEDGE OF

ALLEGIANCE: Mayor Spellman led the meeting in the recitation of the Pledge of

Allegiance.

TRIBUTE TO

THOMAS GISH: Mayor Spellman gave a moving tribute in recognition and remembrance

of long time Black Hawk resident, husband of Alderman Greg Moates, and Black Hawk Historic Preservation Commissioner, Thomas Gish, and requested a moment of silence after the Pledge of Allegiance. A memorial wreath hung on an easel next to a photo of Tommy under the

American Flag in Council Chambers.

MOMENT

OF SILENCE: In recognition and remembrance of Thomas Gish, Black Hawk resident,

and Historic Preservation Commissioner.

3. AGENDA CHANGES: City Clerk Greiner confirmed there were no changes to the agenda.

4. CONFLICTS OF

INTEREST: City Attorney Hoffmann asked Council to declare any Conflicts of Interest on any issue appearing on the agenda this afternoon other than those previous disclosures and conflicts that have already been

disclosed and are on file with the City Clerk and Secretary of State. City Council noted no conflicts.

City Attorney Hoffmann asked the virtual audience if there were any objections to any member of Council voting on any issue on the agenda this afternoon. There were no objections noted.

5. PUBLIC COMMENT: City Clerk Greiner confirmed that no one had signed up for public

comment.

6. APPROVAL OF

MINUTES: June 10, 2020 Regular Meeting

June 17, 2020 Special Meeting

MOTION TO APPROVE

Alderman Bennett MOVED and was SECONDED by Alderman

Johnson to approve the Minutes as presented.

MOTION PASSED There was no discussion, and the motion PASSED unanimously.

7. PUBLIC HEARINGS:

A. Council Bill 16, An Ordinance Approving the Intergovernmental Agreement Regarding Coronavirus Relief Fund Distributions Between the Board of County Commissioners of Gilpin County and the City of Black Hawk

Mayor Spellman read the title.

City Manager Cole explained to the Board that Gilpin County is eligible for up to \$535,569 in grant funds under the Cares Act regarding COVID19. The County is required to work with all cities with their jurisdiction on distributing the money. The funds can be used to reimburse unbudgeted expenses caused by COVID19 from March 1, 2020, through December 30, 2020. The County will receive 55% of the money, and the remainder will be divided between the City of Black Hawk and Central City. Black Hawk is eligible for 14% of the remainder of the money, or roughly \$33,740, and Central City is eligible for 86% of the remainder of the money, which is \$207,265. The distribution is based on population. If an entity does not use all of their allotment, the funds can be redistributed to another entity upon agreement of all parties. Black Hawk estimates expenses of \$66,000, and we're hoping there will be money left over that we can use to leverage the unbudgeted expenses.

PUBLIC HEARING:

Mayor Spellman declared a Public Hearing on CB16, An Ordinance Approving the Intergovernmental Agreement Regarding Coronavirus Relief Fund Distributions Between the Board of County Commissioners of Gilpin County and the City of Black Hawk open and invited anyone wanting to address the Board either "for" or "against" the proposed resolution to come forward.

No one wished to speak, and Mayor Spellman declared the Public Hearing closed.

Alderman Midcap asked if a Black Hawk resident would go to Gilpin County if they needed mortgage assistance, and City Manager Cole stated they would. City Attorney Hoffmann said that Black Hawk is in a unique position because our population is not indicative of our economy. The funds available cannot make Black Hawk whole by how it is required to be allocated. Hoffmann stated the County would have to establish a mortgage relief program for residents to access the funds, and some counties have, and some have not.

MOTION TO APPROVE

Alderman Johnson **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Armbright to approve CB16 an Ordinance Approving the Intergovernmental Agreement Regarding Coronavirus Relief Fund Distributions Between the Board of County Commissioners of Gilpin County and the City of Black Hawk.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

- B. Resolution 46-2020, A Resolution Denying a Variance to Allow a Height Variance which would Allow a Structure 103 Feet in Height (continued from June 10, 2020)
- C. Resolution 47-2020, A Resolution Conditionally Approving a Certificate of Architectural Compatibility and a Site Development Plan for the T Mobile Facility Located at 821 Miners Mesa Road (continued from June 10, 2020)

Mayor Spellman stated the Public Hearings for Resolution 46-2020 and 47-2020 had been opened during June 10, 2020 meeting, and staff is requesting the continuation of both public hearings until July 22, 2020.

PUBLIC HEARING:

Request to continue to the July 22, 2020, Black Hawk City Council meeting.

MOTION TO CONTINUE

Alderman Bennett **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Johnson to continue the Public Hearing on Resolution 46-2020 and Resolution 47-2020 until July 22, 2020, at 3:00 p.m.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

8. ACTION ITEMS:

A. Resolution 53-2020, A Resolution Awarding the Design Contract for the Miners Mesa Roadway Project to Baseline Engineering, Planning & Surveying in an Amount Not to Exceed \$131,482.00

Mayor Spellman read the title.

Public Works Director Isbester explained that with the impending development on and adjacent to the Mesa, the City is responsible for constructing the new alignment and plan and profiled for Miners Mesa Road. The City wants to be the first in so the developers have something to tie into. This work will take us up to a construction set of plans and specifications.

Mayor Spellman asked if the roadway would be adopted by ordinance. City Attorney Hoffman stated that if a new alignment and grade in its entirety were to be established, then it would need to be set by ordinance.

MOTION TO APPROVE

Alderman Armbright **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Bennett to approve Resolution 53-2020, A Resolution Awarding the Design Contract for the Miners Mesa Roadway Project to Baseline Engineering, Planning & Surveying in an Amount Not to Exceed \$131,482.00.

MOTION PASSED

There was no discussion, and the motion **PASSED** unanimously.

9. CITY MANAGER

REPORTS:

City Manager Cole had nothing to report.

10. CITY ATTORNEY: City Attorney Hoffmann had nothing to report.

11. EXECUTIVE

SESSION:

City Attorney Hoffmann recommended item number 2 only for Executive Session and the specific legal issues related to the potential litigation, potential legislation, pending litigation, and Intergovernmental Agreements.

MOTION TO ADJOURN INTO EXECUTIVE SESSION

Alderman Bennett **MOVED** and was **SECONDED** by Alderman Johnson to adjourn into Executive Session at 3:20 p.m. to hold a conference with the City's attorney to receive legal advice on specific legal questions, pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-6-402(4)(b).

MOTION PASSED There was no discussion, and the motion PASSED unanimously.

MOTION TO ADJOURN

Alderman Bennett MOVED and was SECONDED by Alderman

Johnson to adjourn the Executive Session at 3:40 p.m.

MOTION PASSED There was no discussion, and the motion PASSED unanimously.

12. ADJOURNMENT: Mayor Spellman declared the Regular Meeting of the City Council

closed at 3:40 p.m.

Melissa A. Greiner, CMC City Clerk David D. Spellman Mayor

RESOLUTION 46-2020 A RESOLUTION DENYING A VARIANCE TO ALLOW A HEIGHT VARIANCE WHICH WOULD ALLOW A STRUCTURE 103 FEET IN HEIGHT

(continued to August 26, 2020 at 3:00 p.m.)

RESOLUTION 47-2020 A RESOLUTION CONDITIONALLY **APPROVING A CERTIFICATE OF** ARCHITECTURAL COMPATIBILITY AND A SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN FOR THE T MOBILE FACILITY LOCATED AT 821 MINERS' MESA ROAD (continued to August 26, 2020 at 3:00 p.m.)

CITY OF BLACK HAWK REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

SUBJECT: To consider Resolutions for a Height Variance, Site Development Plan, and a Certificate of Architectural Compatibility for the construction of a 103-foot tall stealth CMRS telecommunications tower at 821 Miners Mesa Road.

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends continuing the hearing to the August 26, 2020, City Council date to allow the applicant time to prepare exhibits and discuss the proposal with a neighboring property owner and their representatives.

SUMMARY AND BACKGROUND OF SUBJECT MATTER:

ACENDA DATE:

Vincent Harris, AICP, Baseline Corporation

The City of Black Hawk has received an application from Chris Stryker, a representative from Vertical Bridge Development LLC, requesting the construction of a multi-user telecommunication facility. The construction will consist of installing a 103-foot self-support tower and required radio/electrical equipment at the base. The proposed facility will be fenced and the tower will be designed as a faux water tower. The application was heard at the June 10, 2020, City Council meeting and has been continued to the July 22, 2020, City Council meeting. Staff recommends continuing the hearing to the August 26, 2020, hearing to allow reasonable time for the applicant to prepare and review additional exhibits for City Council.

July 22 2020

HOLINDITE:	July 22, 2020
WORKSHOP DATE:	N/A
FUNDING SOURCE:	N/A
DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR APPROVAL:	[X]Yes []No
STAFF PERSON RESPONSIBLE:	Cynthia L. Linker CP&D Director
DOCUMENTS ATTACHED:	None Attached
RECORD:	[]Yes [X]No
CITY ATTORNEY REVIEW:	[]Yes [X]N/A
SUBMITTED BY:	REVIEWED BY:
Cymbria Y. Ymlu	Styphen M. Cole
Cynthia L. Linker, CP&D Director	Stephen N. Cole, City Manager

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COUNCIL BILL 17 ORDINANCE 2020-17 AN ORDINANCE **APPROVING THE** INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK AND GILPIN **COUNTY REGARDING** THE NOVEMBER 3, 2020 SPECIAL ELECTION

STATE OF COLORADO COUNTY OF GILPIN CITY OF BLACK HAWK

COUNCIL BILL NUMBER: CB17

ORDINANCE NUMBER: 2020-17

TITLE: AN ORDINANCE APPROVING THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK AND GILPIN COUNTY REGARDING THE NOVEMBER 3, 2020 SPECIAL ELECTION

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK, GILPIN COUNTY:

- Section 1. The Intergovernmental Agreement between the City of Black Hawk and Gilpin County regarding the City's November 3, 2020 Special Election, attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, is hereby approved, and the Mayor is authorized to execute the same on behalf of the City.
- <u>Section 2.</u> <u>Safety Clause.</u> The City Council hereby finds, determines, and declares that this Ordinance is promulgated under the general police power of the City of Black Hawk, that it is promulgated for the health, safety, and welfare of the public, and that this Ordinance is necessary for the preservation of health and safety and for the protection of public convenience and welfare. The City Council further determines that the Ordinance bears a rational relation to the proper legislative object sought to be attained.
- <u>Section 3.</u> <u>Severability.</u> If any clause, sentence, paragraph, or part of this Ordinance or the application thereof to any person or circumstances shall for any reason be adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction invalid, such judgment shall not affect application to other persons or circumstances.
- <u>Section 4.</u> <u>Effective Date</u>. The City Clerk is directed to post the Ordinance as required by the Charter. This Ordinance shall become effective upon posting by the City Clerk.

READ, PASSED AND ORDERED POSTED this 22nd day of July, 2020.

ATTEST:	David D. Spellman, Mayor
Melissa A. Greiner, CMC, City Clerk	

CITY OF BLACK HAWK REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

SUBJECT: Intergovernmental Agreement with Gilpin County for the November 3, 2020 Special Election

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends the following motion to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

MOTION TO APPROVE Council Bill 17, An Ordinance Approving an Intergovernmental Agreement Between the City of Black Hawk and Gilpin County Regarding the November 3, 2020 Special Election

SUMMARY AND BACKGROUND OF SUBJECT MATTER:

The City of Black Hawk proposed to conduct a fully coordinated election with Gilpin County on November 3, 2020.

AGENDA DATE: July 22, 2020

WORKSHOP DATE: N/A

FUNDING SOURCE: Administrative Services Election Line Item

DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR APPROVAL: [X]Yes []No

STAFF PERSON RESPONSIBLE: Melissa A. Greiner

City Clerk/Administrative Services Director

DOCUMENTS ATTACHED: IGA

RECORD: []Yes [X]No

CITY ATTORNEY REVIEW: [X]Yes []N/A

SUBMITTED BY:

Melissa A. Greiner, CMC Stephen N. Cole

City Clerk/Administrative Services Director City Manager

INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT FOR 2020 COORDINATED ELECTION

THIS INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT FOR 2020 COORDINATED ELECTION ("Agreement") is entered into by and between Gilpin County (County) by the Gilpin County Clerk and Recorder, hereinafter referred to as "County Clerk", and the City of Black Hawk, hereinafter referred to as "City" (each a "Party" and collectively, the "Parties").

RECITALS:

- A. The City plans to conduct a special election on November 3, 2020, ("Special Election") pursuant and subject to statutory and constitutional authority and requirements including without limitation Colorado Constitution Art. X, § 20 ("TABOR").
- B. The City has requested the County conduct a coordinated election using the procedures described in C.R.S. §1-7-116.
- C. The County is agreeable to conducting a coordinated election with the City subject to the terms of this Agreement.
- D. The coordinated election may include may include other jurisdictions holding elections.
- E. The County Clerk has agreed to perform the coordinated election services set forth herein in consideration for the performance by the City of its obligations and payment of election expenses, costs and fees as set forth herein.
- F. This Agreement is authorized by CRS §§ 29-1-203, and 1-1-111, and 1-7-116(2).
- G. C.R.S. §1-1-111(2) authorizes the City to contract with the County Clerk to perform all duties of the City Clerk, in connection with the conduct of the 2020 coordinated election.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of their mutual promises contained herein, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. **Purpose.** Pursuant to the terms of this agreement, the County Clerk and the City agree to the scheduling of a coordinated election on November 3, 2020. Such coordinated election involves more than one political subdivision with overlapping boundaries, and the County Clerk shall serve as the Coordinated Election Official for the political subdivisions involved in this election. This election shall be held under the provision of Title 1 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, hereafter identified as "the Code".
- 2. **Designation of Officials.** The County Clerk will serve as the "Election Official" to act as the primary liaison between the City and the County for the Coordinated Election. The City has designated Melissa A. Greiner, City Clerk, CMC, to act as the primary liaison between the City and the County Clerk as Coordinated Election Official.

3. Election responsibilities

a. **County Clerk.** Except as otherwise specifically provided in this agreement, the County Clerk will perform all duties, provide all services and supplies and render all decisions required under the Code which otherwise would have been the responsibility of the City Clerk, as City Election Official and Officer in a non-coordinated election for the City of Black Hawk.

- i. Ballots. Duties include performing all services necessary for the City's coordinated mail ballot election, including preparation of mail ballots and mail ballot voter materials, including UOCAVA ballots, receiving and processing applications for mail ballots, arranging for printing of all mail ballots and official ballots, mailing mail ballot packages to all active registered electors eligible to vote in the City's November 3, 2020, coordinated election at the last mailing address appearing in the County Clerk's records, as well as receipt of mail ballot materials, and preparation for opening and counting of ballots.
- ii. **Judges.** Duties also include appointing, training by conducting formal training sessions, paying, overseeing performance, and as required by law, providing written materials to a sufficient number of qualified election judges to adequately service the number of electors anticipated to vote at the coordinated election.
- b. City. The City is responsible for the accuracy and legality of the information which it furnishes to the County and, subject to the limitations set forth herein, shall defend and indemnify the County and the County Clerk from and against any claims or liability arising therefrom. Prior to the submission of the prepared ballot to the printer, the County Clerk will provide a proof of the ballot to the City. City shall then proofread the ballot and advise the County Clerk in writing of any changes or corrections within the 4-hour time period required by the County Clerk. The City shall certify its portion of the consolidated ballot to the County Clerk. The ballot content must be provided in Microsoft Word format, attached in an email to the County Clerk at elections@gilpincounty.org. The content must be formatted exactly as the City wishes it to appear on the November 3, 2020, ballot.
- 4. Ballot Issue Notices. The City shall certify the ballot content to the County Clerk by September 4, 2020, pursuant to CRS § 1-5-203(3)(a). The City shall provide the full text of the ballot issue notice including all information required by law including, but not limited to, pro and con summaries of up to 500 words each, and fiscal information, to the County Clerk no later than 12:00 noon on September 18, 2020, pursuant to CRS §1-7-904. By that same date, the City shall provide the County Clerk with a list of outof-county voters – active registered electors who do not reside within the County for purposes of mailing notice pursuant to CRS § 1-7-906(2). The City shall be solely responsible for the notice's preparation, accuracy, and the language contained therein. The ballot content, information and pro and con summaries provided by the City to the County Clerk must be provided in Microsoft Word document format, attached in an e-mail to the County Clerk at elections@gilpincounty.org. The County Clerk shall be responsible for combining the City's text of the notice for all political subdivisions participating in the coordinated election. At least thirty (30) days before the election, the County Clerk as Coordinated Election Official shall mail the ballot issue notice to each address of active registered electors who reside in the County as required by law pursuant to CRS § 1-7-906(1) as well as active registered electors who do not reside in the County pursuant to CRS § 1-7-906(2), but in any case not later than October 2, 2020, as required pursuant to Article X Section 20 (3) (b) of the Colorado Constitution. The City, however, shall be responsible for contacting the Gilpin County Assessor's Office to obtain a list of out-of-county voters and must provide that information to the County Clerk so that the County Clerk can timely mail the required notice to each address of active registered electors who do not reside within the County pursuant to CRS §1-7-906(2).
- 5. **Canvass of Votes.** The County Clerk shall select and appoint a board of canvassers to canvass the votes provided that the City at its option may designate one of its members or one eligible elector from the City to assist the County Clerk in the survey of the returns for the City. If the City desires to appoint one of its members or an eligible elector to assist, it shall make the appointment and notify the County Clerk

no later than fifteen (15) days prior to the election (October 19, 2020). The canvass of votes will be conducted by the County Clerk and will be completed no later than twenty-two (22) days after the election (November 25, 2020). Official results of the canvass will be provided to the City. Any certificates of election which are required by law to be forwarded to another division of government shall be the responsibility of the City. If the City determines that a separate canvass board is necessary, the City shall arrange for such board at the City's expense. The County Clerk will be present at such canvass and in no event will the election records leave the premises. In the event a recount of the City's election is necessary, such recount will be conducted by the County Clerk under the provisions provided by law at the expense of the City.

- 6. **Cancellation of Election.** If all or any portion of the City's portion of the election is cancelled under the provision of CRS § 1-5-208(1.5), the City shall notify the County Clerk in writing by 4:30 PM, September 1, 2020. If all or any portion of the City's portion of the election is cancelled under the provisions of CRS § 1-5-208(2), the City shall notify the County Clerk in writing by 4:30 PM, October 6, 2020. The City will still be liable for all costs payable by City under this Agreement up to the point of cancellation of the election. The City shall provide notice by publication of the cancellation of the Election, and a copy of the notice shall be posted in the office of the County Clerk as the Coordinated Election Official.
- 7. Payment of Costs. The City shall pay the County Clerk for the City's pro rata share of the actual costs of services and supplies related to the conduct of the coordinated election, whether or not a cancellation or partial cancellation has occurred under paragraph 6 above. The City shall pay the actual costs within twenty (20) days of receipt of the County Clerk's invoice. The estimated costs for the conduct of the Election by the County Clerk under this Agreement including without limitation the cost of preparing this Agreement, are set forth in the attached Exhibit A. The parties acknowledge and agree that if a partial cancellation of the election occurs in accordance with C.R.S. § 1-5-208(1.5), the City's pro rata share of actual costs may be lower than the estimate set forth in Exhibit A. City acknowledges that the actual costs of services and supplies is unknown at this time and that such costs may exceed estimated costs.
- 8. Colorado Open Records Act. (CORA). The City shall be primarily responsible for responding to requests under CRS 24-72-201 et seq. for inspection of public records relating to the City's election conducted pursuant to this Agreement. All such requests received by the Clerk, shall be forwarded immediately to the City for response. The Clerk will cooperate with the City in the collection and copying of records requested. The City shall be responsible for any determination required as to whether the election records requested may be inspected under CORA. The City shall indemnify, save, protect, and hold harmless the Clerk from any claims or liabilities arising from denial of inspection by the City and for any costs not otherwise reimbursed to the Clerk for CORA request compliance or from litigation involving the Clerk. The City shall assume all cost of defending the Clerk against any such claims including without limitation attorney's fees and costs incurred by the County for the County Attorneys' representation of the County and Clerk in such matters.
- 9. Election Challenges. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 below, in the event of any challenge or other legal action contesting the election or the conduct of the election where the contest involves a City candidate or ballot issue, the City shall bear all costs of the City and the County Clerk in defending such challenge or other legal action and of any liability resulting therefrom including costs, expenses, and attorney fees.. The City shall retain the right to appoint special outside counsel to defend the City against any challenge or other legal action related to a City candidate or ballot issue. If a new election or other procedure must be conducted as a result of such challenge or recount or other legal action, the City shall pay its proportional share of actual costs of the new election or other procedure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a court determines that an act or omission of the County Clerk or of

the City made necessary the new election or other procedure, or if the court otherwise makes a determination regarding the comparative degree of fault or negligence of the County Clerk and the City, the responsible party shall respectively pay the entire cost of any liability resulting therefrom and of any new election or other procedure ordered by a court, or the parties shall pay all such costs related to the new election or other procedure in such amounts as may be determined by the court.

- 10. **Indemnification.** Any indemnification of the County Clerk or County to be provided by City under the terms of this Agreement shall include all costs and expenses and reasonable attorney fees incurred by the County Clerk and/or County in defending any matter subject to the indemnification.
- 11. **General Provisions.** This Agreement may be amended only in writing and following the same formality as the execution of this initial Agreement. If any provision of the Agreement is held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, such holdings shall not affect the validity, legality, or enforceability of the remaining provisions.
- 12. **TABOR.** The parties understand and acknowledge that the City is subject to Article X, § 20 of the Colorado Constitution ("TABOR"). The parties do not intend to violate the terms and requirements of TABOR by the execution of this Agreement. It is understood and agreed that the Agreement does not create a multi-fiscal-year direct or indirect debt or obligation within the meaning of TABOR and therefore, notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contract to the contrary, all payment obligations of the City are expressly dependent and conditioned upon the continuing availability of funds beyond the term of the City's current fiscal period ending upon the next succeeding December 31.
- 13. **Further Assurances.** The parties shall execute any other documents and take any other action necessary to carry out the intent of this Agreement.
- 14. **Governing Law, Jurisdiction & Venue.** This Agreement and the rights of the parties under it will be governed by and constructed in accordance with the laws of the State of Colorado. The courts of the State of Colorado shall have sole and exclusive jurisdiction of any disputes or litigation arising under this Agreement. Venue for any and all legal actions arising under this Agreement shall lie in the District Court for and in the County of Gilpin, State of Colorado.
- 15. **Paragraph Headings.** The paragraph headings in this Agreement are for reference only and shall not affect the interpretation or meaning of any provision of this Agreement.
- 16. **Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which will be deemed an original. Delivery of an executed signature page by email transmission will constitute effective and binding execution and delivery of this Agreement.
- 17. **Severability.** If any provision of this Agreement is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, void or unenforceable, such provision shall be deemed to be severable, and all other provisions of this Agreement shall remain fully enforceable, and this Agreement shall be interpreted in all respects as if such provision were omitted.
- 18. **Immunities Preserved.** It is the intention of the parties that this Agreement shall not be construed as a contractual waiver of any immunities or defenses provided by the Colorado Governmental Immunities Act, CRS §§ 24-10-101 et seq.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the	ne Parties hereto have e	executed this Agreement to be effective this	day
of	, 2020.		
GILPIN COUNTY		CITY OF BLACK HAWK	
Ву:		Ву:	
Sharon McCormick		Name:	
Gilpin County Clerk ar		Title:	
Date:		Date:	
		Attest:	
Gail Watson, Chair Board of County Commiss	ioners		
Date:			
Attest:			
		Exhibit A	
Estimated Costs for Ci	ty Election		
November 2020			
_86Voters x \$ Cost estimates include s			
	IGA preparation. Add	ditional legal fees may apply in the event of suges, or CORA requests or other election matters	-
Total: \$	_		

RESOLUTION 55-2020 A RESOLUTION **AUTHORIZING THE CITY** TO FILE THE ATTACHED PETITION FOR **EXCLUSION INTO THE** BLACK HAWK BUSINESS **IMPROVEMENT** DISTRICT, AND SETTING THE HEARING THEREON

STATE OF COLORADO COUNTY OF GILPIN CITY OF BLACK HAWK

Resolution No. 55-2020

TITLE: A RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE CITY TO FILE THE ATTACHED PETITION FOR EXCLUSION INTO THE BLACK HAWK BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT, AND SETTING THE HEARING THEREON

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK, COLORADO, THAT:

<u>Section 1.</u> The City hereby authorizes the Mayor to execute the attached Petition for Exclusion of Property into the Black Hawk Business Improvement District (the "District") on behalf of the City to exclude the City Hall property from the boundaries of the District.

Section 2. The City hereby sets the public hearing on the City's Petition for Exclusion for August 12, 2020, at 3:00 p.m., or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard.

RESOLVED AND PASSED this 22nd day of July, 2020.

CITY OF BLACK HAWK REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

SUBJECT: Request for consideration of the Petition for Exclusion into the Black Hawk Business Improvement District and Setting the Hearing

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends the following motion to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

MOTION TO APPROVE Resolution 55, A Resolution Authorizing the City to File the Attached Petition for Exclusion into the Black Hawk Business Improvement District, and Setting the Hearing Thereon

SUMMARY AND BACKGROUND OF SUBJECT MATTER: The City of Black Hawk received a petition from the City of Black Hawk (the "Petition") for exclusion of property more particularly described as follows:

Accounts: R008729, R007001, R007864, and R007865

Address: 201 Selak Street

all in the City of Black Hawk, County of Gilpin, State of Colorado.

AGENDA DATE: July 22, 2020

WORKSHOP DATE: N/A

FUNDING SOURCE: N/A

DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR APPROVAL: [X]Yes []No

STAFF PERSON RESPONSIBLE: Melissa Greiner, City Clerk/Administrative Services Director

DOCUMENTS ATTACHED: Petition for Exclusion

RECORD: []Yes [X]No

<u>CITY ATTORNEY REVIEW:</u> [X]Yes []N/A

SUBMITTED BY:

REVIEWED BY:

Melissa A. Greiner

City Clerk/Administrative Services Director

Stephen N. Cole City Manager

PETITION FOR EXCLUSION OF PROPERTY FROM THE BLACK HAWK BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

TO: City Council, City of Black Hawk, Colorado.

The undersigned, the City of Black Hawk, hereby respectfully petitions the City Council pursuant to Section 31-25-1220, C.R.S., for the exclusion of the hereinafter described land from the Black Hawk Business Improvement District.

The undersigned hereby requests that the herein described property be excluded from said District and that an Ordinance be adopted by the City Council excluding said property from said District, and that from and after the entry of such Ordinance, said property shall not liable for taxes, assessments and other obligations of said District.

The undersigned represents to the City Council that it is the owner of the property hereinafter described and that no other persons, entity or entities own an interest therein.

Acceptance of the Petition shall be deemed to have occurred at that time when the City Council sets the date for the public hearing for consideration of the Petition.

This Petition is accompanied by a deposit of \$100; said deposit is believed to be sufficient to pay all pre- and post-acceptance costs of the exclusion proceedings, but should said deposit be insufficient, the undersigned further agrees that it shall pay in full the fees and costs incurred by the City and the District for the publication of notice of the hearing on exclusion, publication of the ordinance approving the exclusion (if any), filing and recording fees, and all other costs of exclusion of the land into said District, whether or not such exclusion is approved.

The description of said land situate in the County of Gilpin, State of Colorado, is:

Accounts: R008729, R007001, R007864, and R007865, 201 Selak Street (see Exhibit A)

all in the City of Black Hawk, County of Gilpin, State of Colorado as more fully described on the "Property Record Cards" from the Gilpin County Assessor's website attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.

This is a verified petition.

Petitioner(s):	City of Black Hawk		
	·	David D. Spellman, Mayor	
Petitioner		-	
Street Address:	201 Selak Street, Black Hav	wk, Colorado 80422-0068	
STATE OF COLOR	ADO)		
)ss.		
COUNTY OF GILPI	IN)		
The foregoing	a instrument was asknowledge	ad before me this day of	2020
The folegoing	g mstrument was acknowledge	ed before me this day of	, 2020
by:			
Witness my hand and	d official seal.		
My commission expi	res:		
Notary Public Signat	ure:		

EXHIBIT A

Any and all land that is now part of Lot 6A of CITY OF BLACK HAWK, BLOCK 28 AMENDMENT NO. 1 - that was previously part of the eastern portion (historically referenced as 9 feet) of Lot 5, All of Lots 6, 7, and 8 of Block 28, City of Black Hawk, County of Gilpin, State of Colorado.

A RESOLUTION A RESOLUTION APPROVING THE LAND DEDICATION AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK, COLORADO AND CLUB VISTA PROPERTIES II, LLC

STATE OF COLORADO COUNTY OF GILPIN CITY OF BLACK HAWK

Resolution No. 56-2020

TITLE: A RESOLUTION APPROVING THE LAND DEDICATION AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK, COLORADO AND CLUB VISTA PROPERTIES II, LLC

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK, COLORADO, THAT:

<u>Section 1</u>. The Land Dedication Agreement by and between the City of Black Hawk and Club Vista Properties II, LLC, attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, is hereby approved, and the Mayor is authorized to execute the same on behalf of the City.

RESOLVED AND PASSED this 22nd day of July, 2020.

	David D. Spellman, Mayor
ATTEST:	
Melissa A. Greiner, CMC, City Clerk	

CITY OF BLACK HAWK REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

SUBJECT: Approval of the Land Dedication Agreement between the City of Black Hawk and Club Vista Properties, II, LLC

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends the following motion to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

MOTION TO APPROVE Resolution 56, A Resolution Approving the Land Dedication Agreement Between the City of Black Hawk, Colorado and Club Vista Properties II, LLC

SUMMARY AND BACKGROUND OF SUBJECT MATTER:

The dedicated land is necessary for future Miners Mesa Development.

AGENDA DATE: July 22, 2020

WORKSHOP DATE: N/A

FUNDING SOURCE: N/A

STAFF PERSON RESPONSIBLE: Stephen N. Cole, City Manager

DOCUMENTS ATTACHED: Land Dedication Agreement

RECORD: [X]Yes []No

CITY ATTORNEY REVIEW: [X]Yes []N/A

SUBMITTED BY:

Stephen N. Cole, City Manager

LAND DEDICATION AGREEMENT

THIS LAND DEDICATION AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is made this ____ day of July, 2020, by and between the CITY OF BLACK HAWK, COLORADO (the "City"), and CLUB VISTA PROPERTIES II, L.L.C., a Nevada limited liability company (hereinafter referred to as "Club Vista").

- A. Club Vista is the owner of that property more particularly described in **Exhibit A**, attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference (the "Club Vista Property"), which property is located within that portion of the City known as Miner's Mesa;
- B. Club Vista is in the process of preparing a land use application for the ultimate development of a portion of the Club Vista Property;
- C. The City has recently annexed certain property adjacent to Miner's Mesa, and as part of the approval of the annexation, the City has determined it necessary to improve and extend the municipal roadway system, including Miner's Mesa Road;
- D. A portion of the proposed extension of Miner's Mesa Road traverses the Club Vista Property, and Club Vista desires to dedicate the property necessary for the improvement and extension of Miner's Mesa Road (the "Dedication Property"), subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement; and
 - E. The City desires to accept the Dedication Property as set forth below.

AGREEMENT

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the mutual promises and covenants contained herein, the sufficiency of which are mutually acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Conveyance of the Dedication Property</u>. Club Vista shall sell and otherwise convey by Bargain and Sale Deed, and the City agrees to accept, for the consideration set forth in Section 2 of this Agreement, all right, title and interest in the Dedication Property more particularly described in **Exhibit B**. Delivery of the Bargain and Sale Deed shall be delivered at closing, subject to all terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement.
- 2. <u>Consideration for Conveyance of the Dedication Property</u>. In exchange for the conveyance of the Dedication Property, the City agrees that the conveyance of the Dedication Property shall be considered the total contribution by Club Vista for any further land dedication, impact fees, cash-in-lieu, construction, improvement or other consideration in connection with the expansion of the Miner's Mesa public roadway system, and no additional property or financial contribution of any kind shall be required by or for the development of the Club Vista Property by Club Vista or its successor and assigns. The terms and provisions hereof shall survive the expiration or termination of this Agreement.
 - 3. <u>Merchantability of Title</u>.

- (a) Club Vista represents and warrants that, to Club Vista's actual knowledge and based upon the county assessor records, Club Vista owns fee simple title in and to the Dedication Property.
- (b) The City may, at its option and expense, obtain a current commitment for a title insurance policy and obtain a title insurance policy current as of the Closing Date (as defined below).
- 4. <u>Closing Documents</u>. At closing, Club Vista shall execute and deliver to the City a Bargain and Sale Deed, in a form mutually agreeable to the Parties, conveying the property described in Exhibit B to the City in fee simple, free and clear of all monetary encumbrances arising by, through and under Club Vista.
- 5. <u>Closing</u>. The date, time and location of closing shall be mutually agreed upon by the City and Club Vista as soon as possible following the execution of this Agreement ("Closing Date"); provided, however, that if for any reason a closing does not occur on or before June 30, 2020 ("Closing Deadline"), this Agreement shall terminate.
- 6. <u>Waiver of Defects</u>. In executing this Agreement, Club Vista waives all objections it may have concerning defects, if any, in the formalities whereby it is executed, or concerning the power of the City to impose conditions on Club Vista as set forth herein, and concerning the procedure, substance, and form of the ordinances or resolutions adopting this Agreement.
- 7. <u>Modifications</u>. This Agreement shall not be amended except by subsequent written agreement of the parties.
- 8. <u>Captions</u>. The captions to this Agreement are inserted only for the purpose of convenient reference and in no way define, limit, or prescribe the scope or intent of this Agreement or any part thereof.
- 9. <u>Binding Effect</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective heirs, successors, and assigns as the case may be.
- 10. <u>Invalid Provision</u>. If any provision of this Agreement shall be determined to be void by any court of competent jurisdiction, then such determination shall not affect any other provision hereof, and all of the other provisions shall remain in full force and effect. It is the intention of the parties hereto that if any provision of this Agreement is capable of two constructions, one of which would render the provision void and the other which would render the provision valid, then the provision shall have the meaning which renders it valid.
- 11. <u>Governing Law</u>. The laws of the State of Colorado shall govern the validity, performance and enforcement of this Agreement. Should either party institute legal suit or action for enforcement of any obligation contained herein, it is agreed that venue of such suit or action shall be in Gilpin County, Colorado.

12. <u>Notice</u>. All notice required under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be hand-delivered or sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, to the addresses of the parties herein set forth. All notices so given shall be considered effective seventy-two (72) hours after deposit in the United States mail with the proper address as set forth below. Either party by notice so given may change the address to which future notices shall be sent.

Notice to the City:

City Manager City of Black Hawk P.O. Box 68 Black Hawk, Colorado 80422

With copy to:

Corey Y. Hoffmann Black Hawk City Attorney Hoffmann, Parker, Wilson & Carberry, P.C. 511 16th Street, Suite 610 Denver, Colorado 80202

Notice to Club Vista:

Club Vista Properties II, L.L.C. c/o Ventana Capital, Inc. 9801 E. Easter Ave. Centennial, CO 80112 Attn: Bryan Horan

- 13. <u>Assignment or Assignments</u>. There shall be no transfer or assignment of any of the rights or obligations of under this Agreement without the prior written approval of the non-assigning party.
- 14. <u>Title and Authority</u>. Club Vista represents and warrants that the undersigned individual(s) has or have full power and authority to enter into this Agreement. Club Vista understands that the City is relying on such representations and warranties in entering into this Agreement. City represents and warrants that the undersigned individual(s) has or have full power and authority to enter into this Agreement. City understands that Club Vista is relying on such representations and warranties in entering into this Agreement.

[balance of page intentionally left blank]

WHEREFORE, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement on the day and year first above-written.

CITY OF BLACK HAWK, COLORADO

	By:	David D. Spellman, Mayor	
ATTEST:			
Melissa A. Greiner, CMC, City Clerk	_		
APPROVED AS TO FORM:			
Corey Y. Hoffmann, City Attorney	_		

By: Darwin Horan Authorized Signatory Its: STATE OF) ss. COUNTY OF Poullas The foregoing instrument was subscribed, sworn to, and acknowledged before me this 5 day of June , 2020, by Darwin Horan as the Authorized Signatory of Club Vista Properties II, L.L.C. My commission expires: (SEAL) MICHAEL RIEDEL **NOTARY PUBLIC** STATE OF COLORADO NOTARY ID 20204011611 MY COMMISSION EXPIRES MARCH 26, 2024

CLUB VISTA PROPERTIES II, LLC

EXHIBIT A

A PARCEL OF LAND LOCATED WITHIN LOT 1, BLOCK 1, MINERS' MESA SUBDIVISION FILING NO; 4, BEING LOCATED WITHIN THE NORTH HALF OF SECTION 18, TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 72 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, CITY OF BLACK HAWK, COUNTY OF GILPIN, STATE OF COLORADO AND MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BASIS OF BEARINGS: BEARINGS ARE BASED ON THE WEST LINE OF LOT 1, BLOCK 1, MINERS' MESA SUBDIVISION FILING NO. 4, RECORDED AT RECEPTION NO. 147815 AS BEARING NORTH 10°55'57" EAST, THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF SAID LOT BEING A NO. 4 REBAR AND 1-1/4" RED PLASTIC CAP MARKED "PLS 26296" AND THE NORTHERLY ANGLE POINT BEING A NO. 5 REBAR AND 1-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP MARKED "PLS 10945" WITH ALL BEARINGS CONTAINED HEREIN RELATIVE THERETO.

BEGINNING AT THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF SAID LOT 1, BLOCK 1, MINERS' MESA SUBDIVISION FILING NO. 4:

THENCE NORTH 10°55'57" EAST ON THE WESTERLY LINE OF SAID LOT 1, A DISTANCE OF 65.15 FEET;

THENCE SOUTH 75°07'40" EAST A DISTANCE OF 582.90 FEET;

THENCE SOUTH 14°52'20" WEST A DISTANCE OF 35.00 FEET;

THENCE SOUTH 75°07'40" EAST A DISTANCE OF 773.61 FEET;

THENCE SOUTH 79°38'41" EAST A DISTANCE OF 522.48 FEET TO THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF SAID LOT 1;

THENCE ON THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF SAID LOT 1 THE FOLLOWING FIVE (5) COURSES:

- 1. ON THE ARC OF A NON-TANGENT CURVE TO THE LEFT 77.77 FEET, SAID CURVE HAVING A RADIUS OF 400.00 FEET, A DELTA ANGLE OF 11° 08' 23" AND BEING SUBTENDED BY A CHORD BEARING SOUTH 75°22'32" WEST A DISTANCE OF 77.65 FEET TO A REVERSE CURVE;
- 2. ON THE ARC OF A CURVE TO THE RIGHT 461.99 FEET, SAID CURVE HAVING A RADIUS OF 500.00 FEET, A DELTA ANGLE OF 52° 56′ 24″ AND BEING SUBTENDED BY A CHORD BEARING NORTH 83°43′28″ WEST A DISTANCE OF 445.73 FEET;
- 3. NORTH 57°15'16" WEST A DISTANCE OF 68.07 FEET TO A POINT OF CURVATURE;
- 4. ON THE ARC OF A CURVE TO THE LEFT 101.55 FEET, SAID CURVE HAVING A RADIUS OF 275.00 FEET, A DELTA ANGLE OF 21° 09′ 31″ AND BEING SUBTENDED BY A CHORD BEARING NORTH 67°50′01″ WEST A DISTANCE OF 100.98 FEET TO A POINT OF NON-TANGENCY;

5. THENCE NORTH 75°07'40" WEST A DISTANCE OF 1199.64 FEET TO THE **POINT OF BEGINNING**, CONTAINING 101,434 SQUARE FEET OR 2.33 ACRES MORE OR LESS.

SURVEYOR'S STATEMENT

I, AARON ALVIN DEMO, A PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR IN THE STATE OF COLORADO DO HEREBY STATE THAT THIS EXHIBIT DESCRIPTION WAS PREPARED UNDER MY PERSONAL SUPERVISION AND CHECKING, AND THAT IT IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, INFORMATION, BELIEF, AND IN MY PROFESSIONAL OPINION, AND THAT IT IS NOT A MONUMENTED LAND SURVEY.

AARON ALVIN DEMO, PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR COLORADO PLS NO. 38285 FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BASELINE ENGINEERING CORP.

BASELINE ENGINEERING CORP. 4007 SOUTH LINCOLN AVE, SUITE 405 LOVELAND, COLORADO 80537 (970) 353-7600

34 of 161

M:\co-BLACK HAWK ON CALL PROJECTS\co-S-20-04 MINERS' MESA ROAD EXTENSION\Drawings\S-20-04 ACCESS EASEMENT.dwg, 2/21/2020 8:02:42 AM, Doug Lancaster

007 S. LINCOLN AVENUE, SUITE 405 · LOVELAND, COLORADO 80537 P. 970.353,7600 · F. 866,879,4864 · www.baselinecorp.com

EXHIBIT B

Recorded atReception No	o'clock	M.,	, Recorder
BARGAIN AND SALE DEED			
limited liability comp Ave., Centennial, CO other good and valua BLACK HAWK ("C	pany ("Grantor") 80112, Attn: Buble consideration Grantee"), whose unty of Gilpin, a	y, whose addre ryan Horan, fo n, in hand paid e address is 2 and State of Co	VISTA PROPERTIES II, L.L.C., a Nevada ss is c/o Ventana Capital, Inc., 9801 E. Easter or the consideration of ten dollars (\$10.00) and d, hereby sells and conveys to THE CITY OF 01 Selak Street, P.O. Box 68, Black Hawk, plorado, the following real property, situate in
See Exhibit A, attached hereto, and incorporated herein by this reference.			
Signed this	STH day of _	JUNE	, 2020.
			CLUB VISTA PROPERTIES II, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company By: Darwin Moran Its: Authorized Signatory
STATE OF COUNTY OF	0004/95)) ss.)	
The foregoing instrument was subscribed, sworn to, and acknowledged before me this day of Josef , 2020, by Darwin Horan as the Authorized Signatory of Club Vista Properties II, L.L.C.			
My commission	on expires:		3/26/2024
(SEAL) MICHAEL RIEDEL NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF COLORAE NOTARY ID 20204011	DO 611	scription (§38-35-106.5,	Notary Public C.R.S.)

{00131062 2}

RESOLUTION 57-2020 A RESOLUTION ACCEPTING CITY OF BLACK HAWK 2019 AUDIT

STATE OF COLORADO COUNTY OF GILPIN CITY OF BLACK HAWK

Resolution No. 57-2020

TITLE: A RESOLUTION ACCEPTING CITY OF BLACK HAWK 2019 AUDIT

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK HAWK, COLORADO, THAT:

<u>Section 1</u>. The City Council hereby approves the 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Audit) for the City of Black Hawk.

RESOLVED AND PASSED this 22nd day of July, 2020.

CITY OF BLACK HAWK REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

SUBJECT: 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report – (Audit) **RECOMMENDATION:** Staff recommends Acceptance of the 2019 Audit MOTION TO APPROVE Resolution 57-2020, A Resolution Accepting City of Black Hawk 2019 Audit SUMMARY AND BACKGROUND OF SUBJECT MATTER: Colorado State law requires that the financial statements of the City of Black Hawk be audited by an independent Certified Public Accountant. The City's auditor, John Cutler & Associates, LLC has issued a clean or unqualified opinion. This means the Financial Statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City. This is the best type of opinion an auditee may receive from an external auditor. **AGENDA DATE:** July 22, 2020 **WORKSHOP DATE: N/A FUNDING SOURCE:** General Fund **DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR APPROVAL:** [X] Yes [] No STAFF PERSON RESPONSIBLE: Lance Hillis, Finance Director **DOCUMENTS ATTACHED:** 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Audit) **RECORD:** []Yes [X]No **CITY ATTORNEY REVIEW:** [X]N/A []Yes **SUBMITTED BY:**

Stephen N. Cole, City Manager

Lance Hillis, Finance Director

City of Black Hawk, Colorado



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Prepared By

Finance Department

Lance Hillis Finance Director

Black Hawk, Colorado Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

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INCORPORATED 1864

Office of the City Manager

201 Selak P.O. Box 68 Black Hawk, CO 80422 www.cityofblackhawk.org 303-582-0292 Office 303-582-0848 Fax

Mayor David D. Spellman

Aldermen

Linda Armbright Paul G. Bennett Hal Midcap Jim Johnson Greg Moates Benito Torres

City Attorney
Corey Y. Hoffmann

City Manager Stephen N. Cole

City Clerk /
Administrative Services Director
Melissa A, Greiner

Finance Director Lance R. Hillis

Fire Chief / Emergency Manager Christopher K. Woolley

Acting Police Chief Troy D. Cooper

Public Works Director Thomas Isbester

Community Planning & Development Director

Cynthia L. Linker

COLORADO'S SECOND OLDEST MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

June 30, 2020

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council, Citizens of the City of Black Hawk, Colorado and the Financial Community:

We are pleased to transmit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Black Hawk for the year ended December 31, 2019. This submittal is in accordance with Colorado State Statutes and the City of Black Hawk Charter provisions. This report of the financial condition of the City as of December 31, 2019, and the activity which brought about that condition meets the City Charter requirements as well as provides full financial disclosure in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The Finance Department prepared this report in conformance with standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and the Colorado State Auditor. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City's management.

The purpose of the CAFR is to provide citizens, investors, grantor agencies and other interested parties with reliable information concerning the financial condition of the City. The City management believes the data as presented is accurate in all material respects. The data is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial position and results of City operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. Also, all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

State law requires that the financial statements of the City of Black Hawk be audited by independent certified public accountants selected by the City Council. The independent auditing firm of John Cutler & Associates, whose report is included herein, has audited the basic financial statements and related notes.

GAAP requires that the City's management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A). This transmittal letter should be read in conjunction with MD&A.

REPORTING ENTITY DEFINITION

The financial reporting entity, the City, includes all the funds of the primary government as well as all of its component units. Additional financial information concerning the blended component units may be obtained through the Finance Department of the City of Black Hawk, Colorado.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City is a political subdivision of the State of Colorado which was incorporated on March 11, 1864, under a territorial charter, prior to the time Colorado became a state in 1876. The City is located in central Colorado in Gilpin County, approximately 35 miles west of Denver at the intersection of state highways 119 and Black Hawk Street. The City is located at an altitude of 8,042 feet and covers an area of approximately three square miles. Since 2001, upon the approval by the City's residents of a home rule charter, the City has operated under Colorado law as a home rule municipality. The City charter establishes the powers of the City and describes its system of government.

Although the City had several thousand residents at its peak as a mining town in the late 1800's, the population decreased as the mines were depleted. Prior to the legalization of limited gaming in 1991, the City was generally a seasonal residential area and tourist attraction. Since limited gaming began in 1991, the population has decreased from approximately 227 in 1990 to around 100 residents today.

The City charter creates a Council-Manager form of government and establishes the City Council as the policy-making legislative body of the City. The City council consists of six Aldermen and a Mayor. The members of the City council are elected at large for staggered four-year terms, and the Mayor is elected from the City at large for a four-year term. The Mayor presides at all City council meetings and has the same power, rights and privileges as an alderman, except the mayor shall not vote except in the case of a tie vote. The City council currently meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Special meetings are held at the request of the Mayor or any two aldermen.

The City provides a wide range of services to its residents and guests including police protection, fire protection, public works, parks, public improvements, planning and zoning, water and general administration. Sanitation services are provided by the Black Hawk/Central City Sanitation District, gas and electric service is provided by Xcel Energy, and telephone service is provided by CenturyLink.

Although the City has a small population, the daily population ranges from 10,000 - 15,000 per day, primarily due to availability of gaming. Therefore, City staffing is much larger than that normally found in a small City.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City's economy relies almost 100% on gaming for its revenue streams. The level of gaming activity within the City may be affected by, among other things, the amount of disposable income and entertainment

expenditures of individuals participating in gaming activities. The number of gaming devices operated within the City is subject to, among other things:

- The availability of space within a constitutionally defined area in which gaming is legal.
- The continued availability of money to finance the capital investment necessary to acquire, improve, construct or equip gaming establishments.
- The continued profitability of operating gaming establishments after the payment of winnings to players, all applicable licenses, taxes and fees and capital and operation expenses.

Currently, the City has 15 operating casinos with the largest ten accounting for 88.4% of device fee revenues for the City. The five largest casinos generate about 62.9% of device fee revenues. The casinos are continuing to expand; currently they make up over 1.5 million square feet, with the gaming area totaling over 232,000 square feet.

There is competition for gaming revenues. Currently, limited gaming is authorized in only three cities in the State, our City, Central City and Cripple Creek. Increases in the relative levels of gaming activity in the other two existing gaming towns in the state, the introduction of gaming to any additional Colorado local governments or the limiting of any fees imposed by the City on limited gaming may have a negative impact upon the economy and property values of the City and fees and taxes generated by the City.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The Board of Alderman of the City of Black Hawk have always made decisions and implemented policies that create long-term financial, economic and competitive incentives that benefit businesses within the City. These policies and incentives, many in the form of lower taxes and fees, have attracted and retained significant private investment in the Black Hawk casino market.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Internal Control Structure

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and, (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All accounting records for general governmental operations at the fund level are maintained on a modified accrual basis with the revenues recorded when measurable and available, and expenditures recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities incurred.

Legislative Development

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, (referred to as TABOR) which has several limitations including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The City believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment. However, the City has made certain interpretations of the amendment's language in order to determine its compliance.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City of Black Hawk has plans to make significant investments in facilities and infrastructure over the next 12-24 months. The City is currently in the design phase of the realignment of Gregory Street, including upgrades to infrastructure in preparation for new amenities.

Recently, the City has received multiple inquiries from the private sector related to the expansion of existing casino properties.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Black Hawk for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. This was the 11th consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Finally, credit also must be given to the Mayor and City council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Styphen N. Col

Stephen N. Cole

City Manager

Lance Hillis, CPA Finance Director

Lance Hillis

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Elected Officials

(In Office as of December 31, 2019)

Mayor and Alderman

David Spellman

In office since July 2006 Current term expires April 2020

Hal Midcap

In office since April 2014 Current term expires April 2022

Benito Torres

In office since April 2012 Current term expires April 2020

Paul Bennett

In office since April 2004 Current term expires April 2020

Jim Johnson

In office since April 2010 Current term expires April 2022

Greg Moates

In office since April 2008 Current term expires April 2020

Linda Armbright

In office since April 2006 Current term expires April 2022

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Appointed Principal Officials

December 31, 2019

<u>Name</u>	Position

Stephen N. Cole City Manager

Melissa A. Greiner City Clerk/Administrative Services Director

Lance R. Hillis Finance Director

Christopher K. Woolley Fire Chief

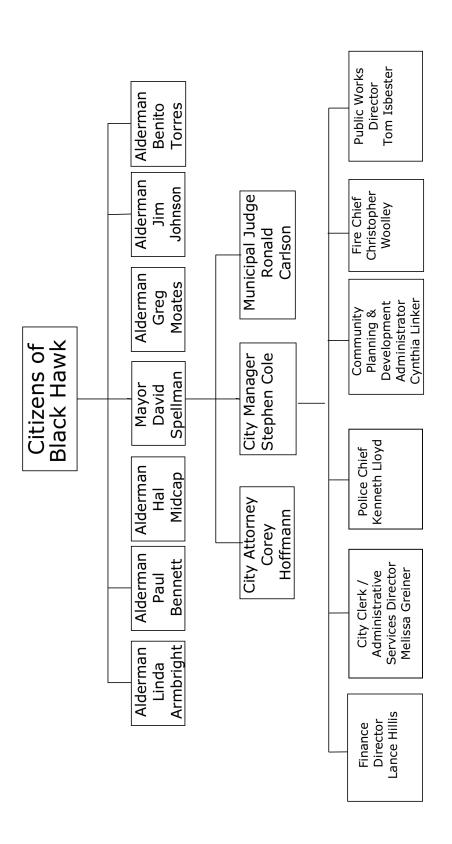
Kenneth E. Lloyd Police Chief

Cynthia L. Linker Community Planning and

Development Administrator

Thomas Isbester Public Works Director

Ronald Carlson Judge, Municipal Court





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Black Hawk Colorado

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



City Council City of Black Hawk Black Hawk, Colorado

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Black Hawk, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Black Hawk Business Improvement District, which represent 3.96%, 1.27%, and 4.1%, respectively, the assets, fund balances, and revenues of the governmental funds. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Black Hawk, Colorado, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Black Hawk, Colorado, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-16 and required supplementary information on pages 52-58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

June 30, 2020

John Luther & Associates, LLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Within this section of the City of Black Hawk, Colorado (the City) annual financial report, the City's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the calendar year ended December 31, 2019. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements, schedules and note disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$156,193,933 (net position) for the calendar year reported.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - (1) Net investment in capital assets of \$117,483,804 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
 - (2) Net position of \$13,702,693 are restricted by constraints imposed from outside the City such as debt covenants, grantors, laws, or regulations.
 - (3) There is unrestricted net position of \$25,007,436.
- The City's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$34,508,605 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$32,755,248 showing an increase of \$1,753,357 during the current year. Unassigned fund balance is \$13,001,307 at December 31, 2019.
- At the end of the current calendar year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$13,001,307, or 78.92% of total general fund expenditures, excluding transfers.
- Overall, the City continues to maintain a strong financial position, in spite of flat revenues and increasing costs.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as *net position*.

Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities, which* reports how the City's net position changed during the current calendar year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by gaming taxes from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, planning, public safety, and public works. Business-type activities include the water system.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 17 & 18 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 19 - 22 of this report.

Individual fund information for nonmajor governmental funds is found in combining statements in a later section of this report.

The *proprietary fund* is reported in the fund financial statements and generally reports water service for which the City charges customers a fee. The City's proprietary fund is classified as an enterprise fund. This enterprise fund essentially encompasses the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements.

The basic enterprise fund financial statements are presented on pages 23 - 26 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 27 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget presentations. Budgetary comparison schedules are included as "required supplementary information" for the general fund and the major special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules for all other governmental funds can be found in a later section of this report. These schedules demonstrate compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget. These budget comparison schedules are presented on pages 52 - 55.

Supplementary Information

Combining and comparative individual statements and schedules for nonmajor funds are presented as supplementary information in this report beginning on page 59.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

The City's net position at year-end is \$156,193,933. The following table provides a summary of the City's net position.

Summary of Net Position

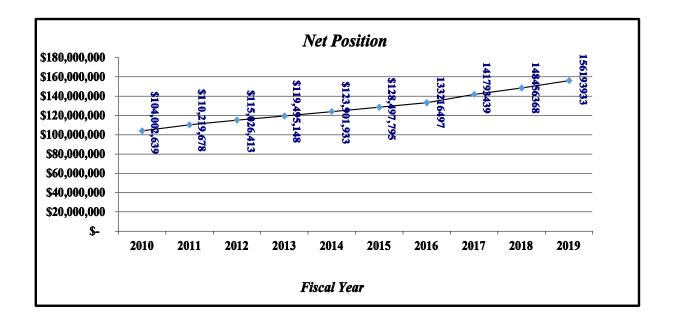
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Assets:								
Current assets	\$ 40,735,683	\$ 40,072,584	\$ 6,386,210	\$ 6,257,993	\$ 47,121,893	\$ 46,330,577		
Other assets	-	356,452	-	-	-	356,452		
Capital assets	100,629,925	96,236,870	34,198,991	34,737,815	134,828,916	130,974,685		
Total assets	141,365,608	136,665,906	40,585,201	40,995,808	181,950,809	177,661,714		
Deferred outflows	1,114,140	653,492			1,114,140	653,492		
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities	7,246,499	8,509,441	128,455	77,128	7,374,954	8,586,569		
Long-term liabilities	18,215,142	19,972,799	56,553	54,876	18,271,695	20,027,675		
Total liabilities	25,461,641	28,482,240	185,008	132,004	25,646,649	28,614,244		
Deferred inflows	1,224,367	1,109,240			1,224,367	1,109,240		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	83,284,813	77,930,646	34,198,991	34,737,815	117,483,804	112,668,461		
Restricted	13,702,693	9,441,948	-	-	13,702,693	9,441,948		
Unrestricted	18,806,234	20,219,970	6,201,202	6,125,989	25,007,436	26,345,959		
Total net position	\$ 115,793,740	\$ 107,592,564	\$ 40,400,193	\$ 40,863,804	\$ 156,193,933	\$ 148,456,368		

The City continues to maintain a high current ratio. The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio for governmental activities for 2019 is 5.7 to 1 as compared to a 4.7 to 1 at December 31, 2018. The current ratio for the business type activities at December 31, 2019 is 49.7 to 1. At December 31, 2018 the current ratio was 81.1 to 1. For the City overall, the 2019 current ratio is 6.4 to 1 as compared to 5.4 to 1 at December 31, 2018. These ratios are strong.

The City reported positive balances in net position for both governmental and business-type activities. Net position increased by \$8,201,176 for governmental activities and decreased by \$463,611 for business-type activities. The City's overall financial position improved during calendar year 2019.

Note that approximately 71.9% of the governmental activities' net position is tied up in capital. This compares to 72.4% at December 31, 2018. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. However, with business type activities, the City has spent approximately 84.7% of its net position on capital as compared to 85.0% at December 31, 2018. Capital assets in the business-type activities also provide utility services, but they also generate revenues for the fund. 75.2% of the City's total net position is included in capital assets as compared to 75.9% at December 31, 2018.

The following chart reports the total net position balances from calendar year 2010 - 2019.



(This page continued on the subsequent page)

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

Summary of Changes in Net Position

		Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities			Total			
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Revenues:												
Program:												
Charges for services	\$	1,132,950	\$	1,489,649	\$	2,564,993	\$	2,581,413	\$	3,697,943	\$	4,071,062
Operating grants Capital grants		4,010,962		4,134,420		-		-		4,010,962		4,134,420
& contributions		_		_		-		_		_		_
General:												
Taxes		15,694,895		14,284,726		-		-		15,694,895		14,284,726
Intergovernmental		8,403,874		8,497,859		-		-		8,403,874		8,497,859
Other		914,861	_	663,247		83,599		37,957		998,460		701,204
Total revenues		30,157,542		29,069,901		2,648,592		2,619,370		32,806,134		31,689,271
Program Expenses:												
General government		6,747,274		6,630,079		-		-		6,747,274		6,630,079
Planning		772,442		660,614		-		-		772,442		660,614
Public safety		7,741,781		7,376,206		-		-		7,741,781		7,376,206
Public works		5,823,921		5,569,920		-		-		5,823,921		5,569,920
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		870,948		932,211		-		-		870,948		932,211
Water		-	_	-	_	3,112,203	_	3,857,312	_	3,112,203	_	3,857,312
Total expenses		21,956,366		21,169,030		3,112,203		3,857,312		25,068,569		25,026,342
Excess (deficiency)		8,201,176		7,900,871		(463,611)		(1,237,942)		7,737,565		6,662,929
Transfers		-		-								
Changes in net position		8,201,176		7,900,871		(463,611)		(1,237,942)		7,737,565		6,662,929
Beginning net position		107,592,564		99,691,693		40,863,804		42,101,746		148,456,368		141,793,439
Ending net position	_\$_	115,793,740		107,592,564	<u>\$</u>	40,400,193	<u>\$</u>	40,863,804	<u>\$</u>	156,193,933	<u>\$</u>	148,456,368

GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Gaming revenues provide the City's largest revenue stream. In 2019, the City recognized \$8,304,755 in device taxes levied on gaming devices located within the City's casinos compared to \$8,633,162 in 2018. This is a decrease in revenue of 3.80%, due to a decreased in the number of gaming devices utilized by the casinos. The City also received \$8,403,874 from the State of Colorado for their share of the state gaming tax. This amount compares to \$8,497,859 in 2018. Both profits from gaming activity and gaming taxes were lower in Black Hawk in 2019 than 2018. Finally, the City received \$3,873,403 from the State of Colorado Historical Society for preservation and restoration. This amount is paid to the City, through the State of Colorado, from casino gaming taxes paid to the State of Colorado. This amount compares to \$3,970,589 in 2018 or a 2.5% decrease.

In addition, the City relies on sales and use taxes to support governmental operations and capital. Sales and use taxes provided 24.28% of the City's general governmental revenues for 2019 as compared to 18.72% in 2018. The 2019 amount is \$1,744,637 more than the 2018 amount. With the City's healthy financial position improving, we have been able to earn \$516,689 in interest earnings to support governmental activities as compared to \$235,759 in 2018. In 2019, program revenues covered just 23.4% of operating costs. This means that the government's taxpayers and the City's other general governmental revenues (e.g., device taxes) fund 76.6% of the governmental activities. As a result, the general economy and the City businesses (i.e., primarily casinos) have a major impact on the City's revenue streams.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

61.8% of the total expenses relates to public safety and public works. Note that general government reported more program costs in 2019 than program revenues. This revenue includes both preservation and restoration state funding and special assessments.

This table presents the cost of each of the City's programs, including the net costs (i.e., total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net costs illustrate the financial burden that has been placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Governmental Activities

	2019					20	18		
	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services			Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services		
General government	\$	6,747,274	\$	2,271,461	\$	6,630,079	\$	2,085,792	
Planning		772,442		430,559		660,614		(68,013)	
Public safety		7,741,781		7,634,408		7,376,206		7,242,820	
Public works		5,823,921		5,605,078		5,569,920		5,352,151	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-	
Interest		870,948		870,948		932,211		932,211	
Total	\$	21,956,366	\$	16,812,454	\$	21,169,030	\$	15,544,961	

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

The City's only enterprise fund is the water fund. The Water Fund's net positions are \$40,400,193 at December 31, 2019 and \$40,863,804 at December 31, 2018 and were \$42,101,746 at December 31, 2017

The following table compares the water fund's statements of net position for the last three years:

Summary of Net Position

	December 31, 2019		December	31, 2018	December 31, 2017		
		%		%		%	
	Amount	of Total	Amount	of Total	Amount	of Total	
Assets:							
Current assets	\$ 6,386,210	16%	\$ 6,257,993	15%	\$ 6,583,952	16%	
Other noncurrent assets	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	
Capital assets	34,198,991	84%	34,737,815	85%	35,675,705	84%	
Total assets	40,585,201	100%	40,995,808	100%	42,259,657	100%	
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities	128,455	69%	77,128	58%	107,813	68%	
Noncurrent liabilities	56,553	31%	54,876	42%	50,098	32%	
Total liabilities	185,008	100%	132,004	100%	157,911	100%	
Net position:							
Net invetment in capital assets	34,198,991	85%	34,737,815	85%	35,675,705	85%	
Restricted	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	
Unrestricted	6,201,202	15%	6,125,989	15%	6,426,041	15%	
Total net position	\$ 40,400,193	100%	\$ 40,863,804	100%	\$ 42,101,746	100%	

(This section is continued on the subsequent page)

The following table compares the water fund operations for the last three years:

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2019)	201	8	2017		
	Business-type	Percentage	Business-type	Percentage	Business-type	Percentage	
	Activities	of Total	Activities	of Total	Activities	of Total	
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for services:	\$ 2,564,993	99.9%	\$ 2,581,413	99.9%	\$ 2,721,311	100.0%	
Other	3,603	0.1%	2,670	0.1%	-	0.0%	
Total operating revenues	2,568,596	100.0%	2,584,083	100.0%	2,721,311	100.0%	
Operating Expenses:							
Personal services	957,426	30.8%	937,241	24.3%	919,225	30.0%	
Professional services	429,809	13.8%	388,319	10.1%	342,800	11.2%	
General services	226,191	7.3%	238,052	6.2%	225,264	7.4%	
Program services	1,873	0.1%	1,002	0.0%	1,495	0.0%	
Purchased services	16,377	0.5%	18,927	0.5%	18,319	0.0%	
Supplies	58,458	1.9%	70,050	1.8%	64,366	2.1%	
Repairs and maintenance	206,036	6.6%	524,262	2 13.6%	255,515	8.3%	
Capital outlay - non-capitalized	50,728	1.6%	524,917	13.6%	69,099	2.3%	
Depreciation	1,165,305	37.4%	1,154,542	29.9%	1,166,617	38.1%	
Amortization	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	
Interest		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	
Total operating expenses	3,112,203	100.0%	3,857,312	2 100.0%	3,062,700	99.4%	
Operating Income (loss)	(543,607)		(1,273,229))	(341,389)		
Non-operating revenues (expenses)							
Investment earnings	79,996		35,287	1	23,021		
Sale of fixed assets	-		-		-		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	79,996		35,287	1	23,021		
Income (Loss) before contributions and	(152.511)		(4.00-0.40		(240.250)		
transfers	(463,611)		(1,237,942	2)	(318,368)		
Capital contributions - Tap fees Capital contributions - System	-		-		643,373		
development fees	-		-		2,198,768		
Transfers				_			
Net change	(463,611)		(1,237,942	2)	2,523,773		
Beginning net position	40,863,804		42,101,746) —	39,577,973		
Ending net position	\$ 40,400,193		\$ 40,863,804	ļ	\$ 42,101,746		

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

2019 Analysis – Base fees and tiered rates on consumption have not changed since 2009. Since 2011, Charges for services have remained flat with no new customers.

Total operating expenses decreased approximately \$745,000 or 19.3% compared to 2018. The significant decrease is due to repairs & maintenance and non-capitalized capital outlay.

Even with the decrease in expenses in 2019, this fund reported an operating loss of \$463,611 as compared to an operating loss in 2018 of \$1,237,942. In total, net position decreased \$463,611 in 2019.

2018 Analysis - Total operating expenses increased approximately \$795,000 or 25.9% compared to 2017. The significant increase is due to repairs & maintenance and non-capitalized capital outlay.

With the increase in expenses in 2018, this fund reported an operating loss of \$1,273,229 as compared to an operating loss in 2017 of \$341,389. In total, net position decreased \$1,237,942 in 2018.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental Funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$34,508,605 as compared to \$32,755,248 at December 31, 2018. The majority of this increase relates to:

- The general fund revenues exceeding expenditures (less transfers).
- The preservation and restoration fund revenues exceeding expenditures by nearly \$4,418,000.

Of the 2019 year-end total fund balance, \$13,702,693 is restricted (including \$10,482,062 for the preservation & restoration fund, \$2,193,745 for the debt service fund and \$9,826 for the impact fee fund), \$201,595 is nonspendable, \$7,603,010 is assigned (including \$7,171,376 for the capital projects fund and \$431,634 for Business Improvement District) and \$13,001,307 is unassigned.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds show an increase of \$1,753,357 or 5.3% from the prior year. This compares to an increase of \$2,264,223 at December 31, 2018.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - The general fund is the City's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The general fund's fund balance increased by \$52,856 or 0.42% in 2019. In calendar year 2018, the fund balance decreased \$1,767,856.

Total revenues increased by \$984,079 or 4.3% in 2019 as compared to an increase of \$691,421 or 3.1% in 2018. The majority of the increase is from Taxes of \$1,392,600 and Investment earnings of \$113,743. However, License & permits dropped by \$351,467 and Intergovernmental revenue decreased \$110,539 offsetting a portion of the increases from the other revenue streams.

The majority of the City's revenues relate to the gaming industry. On November 4, 2008, Colorado voters approved Amendment 50, giving the electorate in the state's three gaming cities the option to approve raising the maximum wager limit

up to \$100, add the games of craps and/or roulette, and allow 24-hour gaming effective July 2, 2009. The City's casinos have implemented these changes.

However, even as the economy slowly improves, the gaming population continues to be a bit reserved, which converts to relatively flat activity. From 2018 to 2019, the average number of devices in the City experienced a decrease of 236 devices, going from 7,298 to 7,062. The decrease is the result of the inclusion of larger devices and more table games, including blackjack, poker craps and roulette, which require more floor space. Additionally, the amount of money wagered minus the amount paid out in prizes decreased 1.58% in 2019 as compared to 2018.

The City's share of the gaming tax on casinos is 10% of the total taxes paid to the State of Colorado, split between the three Colorado gaming cities, in proportion to the respective gaming revenue. The amount recognized in 2019 was \$8,403,874 or a 1.1% decrease from 2018.

Most other revenue streams were consistent with that of 2018, with the exception of Licenses & permits that decreased significantly due to timing of building permit applications.

The General fund received \$308,742 in transfers from the Preservation fund and the Transportation fund in 2019.

Expenditures in total increased \$927,708 or 5.9% in 2019.

The Mayor and Council program services expenditures increased by about \$540,000 due, in large part, to the increase in the Educational Enhancement sales tax passed on to the Gilpin School District.

Finance expenditures increased slightly in 2019 by about \$15,000 due to personnel costs.

Planning expenditures increased significantly in 2019 due to the one-time professional services paid in regard to the 500-hotel project.

Police expenditures decreased by about \$23,000 in 2019, mostly due to personnel costs and being short staffed for most of the year.

Fire expenditures increased by about \$255,000 in 2019, due in large part to the addition of three new firefighters.

Public Works expenditures increased by less than 1.00% in 2019, with personnel costs making up the majority of this increase.

The general fund transferred \$2,610,699 to the debt service fund for debt payments. In 2018, the general fund transferred \$2,665,814 to the debt service fund.

After transfers out to other funds, the fund balance increased approximately \$53,000 from 2018. The ending fund balance is considered adequate, representing the equivalent of 85.4% of annual expenditures, excluding transfers.

Preservation and Restoration Fund – During 2019, the City awarded preservation and restoration grants to City property owners totaling \$8,813, as compared to \$451,159 in 2018. The City expended approximately \$4.75 million on City owned preservation projects as compared to approximately \$1.80 million in 2018 due to the timing of capital projects. The City received preservation and restoration funding from the State totaling approximately \$3.87 million as compared to \$3.97 million in 2018.

Transportation Device Fee Fund - This fund received device fees of \$287,129 and transfers out of \$198,742 to the general fund. As was the case for 2018, this fund received a portion of its funding from Central City for a shared bus service for 2019.

Business Improvement District Fund – This fund reported property tax revenue of \$956,725. At December 31, 2019, this fund reported a fund balance of \$437,282 as compared to \$212,370 at December 31, 2018.

Capital Projects Fund – The fund spent \$2,865,662 on capital outlay and revenues were limited to only Investment earnings of \$109,008 resulting in a year-end fund balance of \$7,171,376. The significant fund balance will only be temporary as the City has capital projects planned that will use the majority of the existing fund balance.

Impact Fees Fund – This fund had no activity other than \$125 in Investment earnings for 2019. At December 31, 2019 the fund balance was \$9,826.

Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund - The general fund's budget was not amended during 2019. Note that the budget is adopted on a non-GAAP budgetary basis, which means that capital assets acquired through capital leases are not reflected with the general fund's budget.

Actual revenues were \$1,695,937 more than budgeted. Taxes made up the majority of the excess in 2019.

Total expenditures before transfers were under budget by \$1,194,413.

The City spent 93.2% of the appropriated final budget, not including transfers.

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Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2019, was \$100,629,925 and \$34,198,991 respectively. The total increase in this net investment was 4.6% for governmental activities and a 1.6% decrease for business-type activities. The overall increase was 2.9% for the City as a whole. See Note 3-D for additional information about changes in capital assets during the calendar year and outstanding at the end of the year. The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

Capital Assets

	Government	al Activities	Business	Activities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Non-depreciable assets:							
Land	\$ 27,202,392	\$ 27,031,655	\$ 1,527,388	\$ 1,527,388	\$ 28,729,780	\$ 28,559,043	
Works of art & historic treasures	1,099,310	1,099,310	-	-	1,099,310	1,099,310	
Intangible assets	9,177,880	7,476,456	9,816,922	9,816,922	18,994,802	17,293,378	
Construction in progress	16,348,571	21,240,576	562,251	12,760	16,910,822	21,253,336	
Total non-depreciable	53,828,153	56,847,997	11,906,561	11,357,070	65,734,714	68,205,067	
Depreciable assets:							
Buildings and improvements	39,631,957	31,114,621	-	-	39,631,957	31,114,621	
Plant and equipment	-	-	34,436,444	34,436,444	34,436,444	34,436,444	
Distribution system	_	-	6,390,708	6,390,708	6,390,708	6,390,708	
Vehicles and equipment	9,205,865	8,838,607	604,169	527,179	9,810,034	9,365,786	
Infrastructure	39,715,462	38,184,967			39,715,462	38,184,967	
Total depreciable assets	88,553,284	78,138,195	41,431,321	41,354,331	129,984,605	119,492,526	
Less accumulated depreciation	41,751,512	38,749,322	19,138,891	17,973,586	60,890,403	56,722,908	
Book value - depreciable assets	46,801,772	39,388,873	22,292,430	23,380,745	69,094,202	62,769,618	
Percentage depreciated	47%	50%	46%	43%	47%	47%	
Book value - all assets	\$ 100,629,925	\$ 96,236,870	\$ 34,198,991	\$ 34,737,815	\$ 134,828,916	\$ 130,974,685	

At December 31, 2019, the depreciable capital assets for governmental activities were 47% depreciated. This compares slightly up from the December 31, 2018 percentage of 50%. This comparison indicates that the City is replacing its assets at almost the same rate as they are depreciating which is a positive indicator.

With the City's business type activities, 46% of the asset values were depreciated at December 31, 2019 compared to 43% at December 31, 2018.

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Following execution of a perpetual Historic Preservation Easement, the City initiates a public works project to restore and preserve the exterior features of eligible homes to maintain the historic fabric of the City. These costs are capitalized and recorded as an intangible asset in the Governmental Activities.

The increase in the construction in progress relates to the following projects:

- Gregory Street Plaza \$2,046,570
- Gregory Street Redevelopment \$9,929,653
- Hidden Treasure Trailhead \$2,676,690

In the water fund, most of the intangible assets are water rights.

Long-term Debt

The following table presents the outstanding debt at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Outstanding Borrowings

		nmental vities		Business-	• •	Tot	% Change	
	2019	2018	201	9	2018	2019	2018	
Device fee revenue bonds	\$ 19,470,000	\$ 21,485,000	\$	- \$	-	\$ 19,470,000	\$21,485,000	-9%
Compensated absences	593,250	573,782	64	,374	62,623	657,624	636,405	3%
Total	\$ 20,063,250	\$22,058,782	\$ 64,	374 \$	62,623	\$ 20,127,624	\$22,121,405	-9%

See Note 3-F for additional information about the City's long-term debt.

Economic Conditions Affecting the City

The City was incorporated in 1864 and is located in central Colorado in Gilpin County, approximately 35 miles west of the City of Denver. The City has a population of only approximately 100. However in 1990, the City became one of three Colorado cities in which limited gaming is permitted. As a result, the City must provide most of its services to a much larger population base due to gaming. The City receives almost all of its revenue from gaming related sources.

The level of gaming activity within the City can be affected by the amount of disposable income and entertainment expenditures of individuals participating in gaming activities. The number of gaming devices operated within the City is subject to:

- The availability of space within a constitutionally defined area in which limited gaming is legal
- The continued availability of monies to finance the capital investment necessary to acquire, improve, construct or equip gaming establishments
- The continued profitability of operating gaming establishments after the payment of winnings of players, all applicable licenses, taxes and fees and capital and operation expenses.

The City monitors the gaming community very thoroughly to insure a stable revenue base.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the Finance Director or City Manager at the City, Post Office 68, Black Hawk, Colorado, 80422.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

		Primary Governmer	nt
	Governmental	Business-type	T
Assets	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3A)	\$ 35,989,086	\$ 6,107,867	\$ 42,096,953
Receivables:			
Accounts	99,559	278,343	377,902
Property taxes	1,187,021	-	1,187,021
Other taxes	1,307,422	-	1,307,422
Inventory	147,885	-	147,885
Prepaid items	53,710	-	53,710
Restricted assets	1,951,000		1,951,000
Total Current Assets	40,735,683	6,386,210	47,121,893
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets (Note 3D)			
Nondepreciable	53,828,153	11,906,561	65,734,714
Depreciable, net	46,801,772	22,292,430	69,094,202
Total Noncurrent Assets	100,629,925	34,198,991	134,828,916
Total Assets	141,365,608	40,585,201	181,950,809
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension deferrals	1,072,752	-	1,072,752
Unamortized Debt Refunding Charges	41,388		41,388
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,114,140		1,114,140
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,544,066	66,442	1,610,508
Accrued expenses	295,919	26,717	322,636
Retainage payable	153,702	27,475	181,177
Accrued interest payable	64,365	-	64,365
Deposits payable	3,046,370	-	3,046,370
Compensated absences payable	72,077	7,821	79,898
Revenue bonds payable Total Current Liabilities	2,070,000 7,246,499	128,455	2,070,000 7,374,954
Total Current Liabilities	7,240,477	126,433	7,574,754
Long-Term Liabilities (net of current portion): (Note 3F)	501 150	56.550	555 504
Compensated absences payable Net pension liability	521,173	56,553	577,726
Revenue bonds payable	293,969 17,400,000		293,969 17,400,000
Total Long-term Liabilities	18,215,142	56,553	18,271,695
Total Liabilities			
Total Liabilities	25,461,641	185,008	25,646,649
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes	1,187,021	-	1,187,021
Pension deferrals Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	37,346 1,224,367		37,346 1,224,367
Total Deferred filliows of Resources	1,224,307		1,224,307
Net Position			
Net Investment in capital assets (Note 3G)	83,284,813	34,198,991	117,483,804
Restricted for: Capital projects	0.924		0.826
Debt service	9,826 2,193,745	-	9,826 2,193,745
Preservation and restoration	10,482,062	- -	10,482,062
Emergencies (Note 2D)	870,000	-	870,000
Other program purposes	147,060	-	147,060
Unrestricted	18,806,234	6,201,202	25,007,436
Total Net Position	\$ 115,793,740	\$ 40,400,193	\$ 156,193,933

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Contributions and Interest and Contributions 3,975,026 \$ - 18,700 17,236 - 4,010,962 \$ - 4,010,962 \$ - 6rship taxes						Oper	Operating Grants,			Primary Government	ernment		
\$ 6,747,274 \$ 500,787 \$ 3,975,026 \$ 772,442	Function/Program	F.	9480	Cha	arges for	Cor	ntributions d Interest	Capital Grants	Governmental Activities	Business-Type	Type	[Total
\$ 6,747,274 \$ 500,787 \$ 3,975,026 \$ 5 772,442	Primary Government										1		
772,442 341,883	General government		6,747,274	∽	500,787	↔	3,975,026	•	\$ (2,271,461)	€	\$		(2,271,461)
5,823,921 201,607 17,236	Planning	•	7/2,442		341,883		' '		(430,559)			í	(430,559)
\$ 25,068,569 \$ 3,697,943 \$ 4,010,962 \$ - \$ 25,068,569 \$ \$ 3,697,943 \$ \$ 4,010,962 \$ - \$ \$ 25,068,569 \$ \$ 3,697,943 \$ \$ 4,010,962 \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ 25,068,569 \$ \$ 3,697,943 \$ \$ 4,010,962 \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Public safety		7,741,781		88,6/3		18,700	•	(7,634,408)			ه ت	(7,634,408)
21,956,366 1,132,950 3,112,203 \$ 25,068,569 \$ 3,697,943 \$ 4,010,962 \$ 25,068,569 \$ 3,697,943 \$ 4,010,962 \$	rublic works Interest		3,823,921 870,948		700,107				(3,003,078)		 - 	ا ا	(870,948)
\$ 25,068,569 \$ 3,697,943 \$ 4,010,962 \$ - Ceneral Revenues Property and specific ownership taxes Sales and use taxes Road and bridge taxes Device fee taxes Franchise taxes Other taxes Intergovernmental - gaming Investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers Change in Net Position Net Position Beginning of Year	Total Governmental Activities	2	1,956,366		1,132,950		4,010,962	•	(16,812,454)		,	(16	(16,812,454)
General Revenues General Revenues Property and specific ownership taxes Sales and use taxes Road and bridge taxes Device fee taxes Franchise taxes Other taxes Intergovernmental - gaming Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total General Revenues Transfers Change in Net Position	Business-Type Activities: Water		3,112,203		2,564,993				,	. (5,	(547,210)		(547,210)
taxes	Total - Primary Government	\$	5,068,569	↔	3,697,943	↔	4,010,962	∽	(16,812,454)	. (5,	(547,210)	(1)	(17,359,664)
taxes				Genera	l Revenues								
				Proper	ty and specific	owners	hip taxes		1,040,482			1	1,040,482
				Sales a	and use taxes				6,073,484			v	6,073,484
				Road a	and bridge taxe	Š			100,889		,		100,889
				Device	e fee taxes				8,304,755			~	8,304,755
				Franch	nise taxes				134,037				134,037
				Other	taxes				41,248				41,248
				Intergo	overnmental - ξ	gaming			8,403,874			∞	8,403,874
				Investr	ment earnings				516,689		966,67		589,965
				Misce	llaneous				398,172		3,603		401,775
				Total G	eneral Reven	nes			25,013,630		83,599	25	25,097,229
•				Transfe	srs				1				
l				Change	in Net Positi	u o			8,201,176	4)	(463,611)	(~	7,737,565
				Net Pos	sition Beginni	ng of Ye	ar		107,592,564	40,8	40,863,804	148	148,456,368
Net Position End of Year				Net Pos	sition End of \(\)	(ear			\$ 115,793,740	\$ 40,40	40,400,193 \$		156,193,933

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

		General	Preservation & Restoration	Transportation Device Fee		Business Improvement District	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Impact Fee	act .	Conservation Trust	nservation Trust	Total Governmental Funds
	Assets Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$ 16,336,509	\$ 11,450,339	66 \$	\$ 95;66	418,874 4,000	\$ 246,745 1,947,000	\$ 7,395,523	≶	9,826	∽	31,914	\$ 35,989,086 1,951,000
	Kecetvables: Accounts Property taxes Other taxes Inventory	86,511 10,500 1,263,419 147,885		4	- - 44,003	13,048	1 1 1 1						99,559 1,187,021 1,307,422 147,885
	Frepata tenns Total Assets	\$2,002	\$ 11,450,339	↔	143,359 \$	1,614,091	\$ 2,193,745	\$ 7,395,523	↔	9,826	\$	31,914	\$ 40,735,683
	Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances												
	Liabilities Accounts payable Grant tax payable Retainage payable Accrued expenditures Deposits payable	\$ 489,379 - 283,383 3,046,370	\$ 819,381 12,536 136,360	\$	28,213 \$	7		\$ 206,805	⇔		∨		\$ 1,544,066 12,536 153,702 283,383 3,046,370
	Total Liabilities	3,819,132	968,277		28,213	288		224,147					5,040,057
	Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes	10,500				1,176,521	'						1,187,021
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,500			 -	1,176,521				i			1,187,021
	Fund Balances (Deficits)												
	Restricted Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned	866,000 199,947 - 13,001,307	10,482,062	115	115,146	4,000 1,648 431,634	2,193,745	7,171,376		9,826		31,914	13,702,693 201,595 7,603,010 13,001,307
7	Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	14,067,254	10,482,062	115	115,146	437,282	2,193,745	7,171,376		9,826		31,914	34,508,605
0 of 161	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 17,896,886	\$ 11,450,339	∽	143,359 \$	1,614,091	\$ 2,193,745	\$ 7,395,523	↔	9,826	↔	31,914	\$ 40,735,683

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances			\$ 34,508,605
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and			
therefore are not reported in the funds.	Φ	142 201 425	
Cost of capital assets	\$	142,381,437	100 (20 025
Less accumulated depreciation		(41,751,512)	100,629,925
Net pension assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds			(293,969)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds			
			1,072,752
Bond premiums, discounts and refundings are reported as other financing sources and			
uses and expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements but capitalized on			
the government-wide statement of net position.			
Premiums, discounts and refundings	\$	82,776	
Less accumulated amortization	\$	(41,388)	\$ 41,388
Liabilities not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in			
the governmental fund balance sheets but are reported on the government-wide			
statement of net position.			
Revenue bonds	\$	(19,470,000)	
Accrued interest		(64,365)	
Compensated absences		(593,250)	(20,127,615)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds			 (37,346)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 115,793,740

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Conoral	Preservation & Destoration	Transportation Davice Eee	Business Improvement District	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Impact Fee	Conservation	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	OCIICI AI	& Nestol ation	Device ree	District	Sci vice	rioletis	201	18011	S T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
Taxes	\$ 14,376,524	· •	\$ 287,129	\$ 1,031,242	· •	-	· •	· •	\$ 15,694,895
Intergovernmental	8,448,400	3,873,403	100,011					1,604	12,423,426
Licenses and permits	144,728								144,728
Charges for services	661,370		238,179					•	899,549
Fines and forfeitures	88,673		•	•				•	88,673
Investment earnings	214,954	116,226	1,621	10,791	63,567	109,008	125	397	516,689
Miscellaneous	194,382			195,200					389,582
Total Revenues	24,129,031	3,989,629	626,948	1,237,233	63,567	109,008	125	2,001	30,157,542
Expenditures									
Current:		4		,					
General government	5,261,829	8,813		1,012,321					6,282,963
Planning	762,472							•	762,472
Public safety	7,313,889								7,313,889
Public works	3,136,030		440,539						3,576,569
Capital Outlay		4,752,872				2,865,662			7,618,534
Debt Service:									
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charoes					2,015,000 834 758				2,015,000
					00.				60.4
Total Expenditures	16,474,220	4,761,685	440,539	1,012,321	2,849,758	2,865,662			28,404,185
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures	7,654,811	(772,056)	186,409	224,912	(2,786,191)	(2,756,654)	125	2,001	1,753,357
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in Transfers out	308,742 (7,910,699)	5,300,000 $(110,000)$	(198,742)		2,610,699				8,219,441 (8,219,441)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,601,957)	5,190,000	(198,742)		2,610,699		•		•
)									
Net Change in Fund Balances	52,854	4,417,944	(12,333)	224,912	(175,492)	(2,756,654)	125	2,001	1,753,357
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	14,014,400	6,064,118	127,479	212,370	2,369,237	9,928,030	9,701	29,913	32,755,248
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 14.067.254	\$ 10,482,062	\$ 115.146	\$ 437.282	\$ 2.193.745	\$ 7.171.376	\$ 9.826	\$ 31.914	\$ 34.508.605
					ı	ı			

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Net Changes In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 1,753,357
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures on the governmental fund type operating statement. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.		
Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$ (3,002,190) 7,395,245	4,393,055
Accrued interest is reported in the statement of activities, but does not require the use of financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Liability @ 12/31/19 Liability @ 12/31/18	\$ 64,365 (69,563)	5,198
Deferred charges, premiums and discounts on bond issues are reported in the governmental fund's operating statement because these transactions require the use of current financial resources but are capitalized on the government-wide statement of net position.		(41,388)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal retirement		2,015,000
Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to government funds, however issuance creates additional long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		-
Deferred charges related to pensions are not recognized in the governmental funds, however for the government wide funds the amount is capitalized and amortized		95,422
Compensated absences are reported in the government-wide statement of activities, but do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Liability @ 12/31/19 Liability @ 12/31/18	\$ (593,250) 573,782	(19,468)
Change In Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 8,201,176

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Water Fund

Comparative Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Assets	2019	2010
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,107,867	\$ 6,047,674
Accounts receivable	278,343	210,319
Total Current Assets	6,386,210	6,257,993
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable	11,906,561	11,357,070
Depreciable, net	22,292,430	23,380,745
Total Noncurrent Assets	34,198,991	34,737,815
Total Assets	40,585,201	40,995,808
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	66,442	46,089
Retainage payable	27,475	-
Accrued expenses	26,717	23,292
Compensated absences payable	7,821	7,747
Total Current Liabilities	128,455	77,128
Long-Term Liabilities (net of current portion):		
Compensated absences payable	56,553	54,876
Total Long-Term Liabilities	56,553	54,876
Total Liabilities	185,008	132,004
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	34,198,991	34,737,815
Unrestricted	6,201,202	6,125,989
Total Net Position	\$ 40,400,193	\$ 40,863,804

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Water Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 2,564,993	\$ 2,581,413
Miscellaneous	3,603	2,670
Total Operating Revenues	2,568,596	2,584,083
Operating Expenses		
Personal services	957,426	937,241
Professional services	429,809	388,319
General services	226,191	238,052
Program services	1,873	1,002
Purchased services	16,377	18,927
Supplies	58,458	70,050
Repairs and maintenance	206,036	524,262
Capital outlay - non-capitalized	50,728	524,917
Depreciation	1,165,305	1,154,542
Total Operating Expenses	3,112,203	3,857,312
Operating Income (Loss)	(543,607)	(1,273,229)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Investment earnings	 79,996	 35,287
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	79,996	 35,287
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(463,611)	(1,237,942)
Capital Contributions - Tap Fees Capital Contributions - System Development Fees Transfers in	- - -	- - -
Change in Net Position	(463,611)	(1,237,942)
Net Position Beginning of Year	40,863,804	 42,101,746
Net Position End of Year	\$ 40,400,193	\$ 40,863,804

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Water Fund

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

		2019		2018
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Cash received from customers	\$	2,500,572	\$	2,606,298
Cash payments for personal services		(955,675)		(932,469)
Cash payments for goods and services		(938,219)		(1,796,208)
Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities		606,678		(122,379)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Transfers in		-		
Cash Flows from Capital and				
Related Financing Activities				
Capital contributions - tap fees		-		-
Capital contributions - system development fees		-		-
Payments for capital acquisitions		(626,481)		(216,652)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related				
Financing Activities		(626,481)		(216,652)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Investment earnings		79,996		35,287
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash				
and Cash Equivalents		60,193		(303,744)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		6,047,674		6,351,418
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	6,107,867	\$	6,047,674
Reconciliation to Cash and Cash Equivalents:				
Unrestricted	\$	6,107,867	\$	6,047,674
Restricted		-		-
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,107,867	\$	6,047,674

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Water Fund

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

(Continued)

	2019		2018	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities	 			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (543,607)	\$	(1,273,229)	
Adjustments:				
Depreciation	1,165,305		1,154,542	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:				
Accounts receivable	(68,024)		22,215	
Prepaid items	-		-	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	20,353		(32,625)	
Retainage payable	27,475		(1,250)	
Accrued expenses	3,425		3,196	
Compensated absences payable	 1,751		4,772	
Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 606,678	\$	(122,379)	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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The City of Black Hawk, Colorado (the "City") became a home rule city January 16, 2001, as authorized by Article 20 of the Colorado State Constitution. Prior to that date, the City functioned as a territorial charter city. A City Aldermen/Manager form of government governs the City with a Mayor and Board of Aldermen. The City aldermen appoint the City manager. The City provides the following services: public safety, street maintenance, public improvements, culture-recreation, planning and zoning, water services and general administration.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

1-A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City, this entity includes the legal entity of the City and two blended component units.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, levies their taxes or issues their debt.

Brief descriptions of the blended component units follow:

Black Hawk Business Improvement District (the District) – The District was created by ordinance passed by the City's Board of Alderman on July 26, 1995. The purpose of the District is to construct public improvements for gaming and commercial interests within the City. A separate & distinct board of directors made up of business operators located within the service area is appointed by the City's Board of Alderman, governs the District. The District board of directors shall annually file its operating plan and budget with the City for the approval of the Board of Alderman. The District is reported as blended component unit due to the Board of Alderman's operational responsibility for the component unit and because the activities of the District almost exclusively benefit the City. The District issues a separate financial report which is available at the offices of L. Paul Goedecke, P.C., 14143 Denver West Parkway, Suite 450, Lakewood, Colorado, 80401.

Black Hawk Urban Renewal Authority (Renewal Authority) – The Renewal Authority was created by resolution passed by the City's Board of Alderman in July 2008. The purpose of the Renewal Authority is to develop urban renewal projects. The Board of Alderman serves as the Renewal Authority's governing board. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements. Since the Renewal Authority has the same governing body as the City, is fiscally dependent on the City and the City has operational responsibility for the Authority, the Authority is reported as a blended component unit. During 2019, the Renewal Authority had no financial activity.

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole. The primary government and the component units are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government.

Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and grants and the City's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with charges for services to external customers.

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the City and it's discretely presented component units at year-end.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges for services to users of the City's services and fines; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment earnings; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying the function to which the program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of the City, primarily taxes. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds.

Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns.

Fund Accounting - The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City uses two categories of funds: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds - Government funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The City reports the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

General Fund – The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund's fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of the State of Colorado.

Preservation and Restoration Fund – This fund accounts for the various preservation and restoration programs of the City, which are primarily funded through gaming revenues received from the State of Colorado, earmarked for this purpose.

Transportation Device Fee Fund – This fund accounts for the collection of device fees levied on all gaming devices within the City to finance transportation services. All transportation expenditures are reported in the General fund and are funded from transfers from this fund.

Business Improvement District Fund – This fund accounts for marketing and the construction of public improvements to the commercial district and is funded by the imposition of property taxes and device fees on the casinos within its boundaries.

Debt Service Fund – This fund receives transfers from the general fund and retires the governmental activities bonded debt, excluding the District's debt.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the construction of significant City capital projects.

Impact Fee Fund – This fund accounts for the parking and related projects of the City which are funded through an impact fee collected from new developments within the City.

The Proprietary Fund - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The City's proprietary fund is classified as a major enterprise fund.

Water Fund – This fund accounts for the operations of the City's water system.

1-C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

Like the government-wide statements, the proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus on both financial reporting levels. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statements of net position. The statements of changes in fund net position present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, the governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary fund uses the accrual basis of accounting at both reporting levels. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the calendar year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current calendar year. For the City, the phrase "available for exchange transactions" means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Revenues - Non-exchange Transactions - Non-exchange transactions in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, specific ownership taxes, sales taxes, device fees, grants, and contributions. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes and specific ownership taxes is recognized in the calendar year for which the taxes are levied. (Note 3-C) Property taxes are assessed in one year for the subsequent years' budget. Recognition for the levy made in 2018 is revenue for the 2019 budget year. Therefore, a property tax receivable and a liability of an equal amount are reported as "deferred inflow" on the government-wide statement of net position and as deferred revenue at the fund financial reporting level. Sales taxes are recognized in the year, in which the underlying event takes place (i.e., the calendar year in which the sale takes place).

Revenue from grants and contributions is recognized in the calendar year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days) before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: property taxes, sales taxes, device taxes and federal and state grants.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

1-E-1 Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash balances of most City funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned from investments purchased with pooled cash is allocated to each fund based on the fund's average equity balance in the pooled fund. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and cash equivalents to include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Colorado law authorizes the City to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities.
- Certain international agency securities.
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities.
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks.
- Commercial paper limited to securities with highest rating category by at least one nationally recognized rating agency at time of purchase.
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities.
- Certain money market funds.
- Guaranteed investment contracts.
- Local government investment pools.

1-E-2 Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable. Unbilled water charges are accrued as receivables and revenue at December 31, 2019.

1-E-3 Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term transactions or interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/interfund payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances.

1-E-4 Consumable Inventory

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used (i.e., the consumption method).

On the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds, as well as the enterprise fund, are stated at cost. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when consumed. Inventories of the enterprise fund are expensed when consumed. These inventories consist primarily of fuel and public works parts.

1-E-5 Prepaid Items

On the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements, prepaids are presented using the consumption method.

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-6 Restricted Assets

Cash and investments are restricted for debt service applicable to various debt obligation covenants. These covenants require the smaller of 125% of Average Annual Debt Service, Maximum Annual Debt Service or 10% of Outstanding Principal be restricted.

1-E-7 Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The City reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the City fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the enterprise fund are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the enterprise fund's statement of net position.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars for all capital assets other than land. All land is recorded, without regard to its cost. The City's reported infrastructure consists of drainage structures, retaining walls and street lighting. Improvements to capital assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets utilized by the enterprise fund is capitalized.

The City capitalizes the cost of water rights, which includes the acquisition cost, legal and engineering costs related to the development and augmentation of those rights. Since the rights have a perpetual life, they are not amortized. All other costs, including costs incurred for the protection of those rights, are expensed.

The City capitalizes works of art and historical treasures, consisting primarily of statues and sculptures. These works are not depreciated since they are inexhaustible.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land, water rights, works of art and historical treasures and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated Lives				
Asset Class	Governmental Class Activities				
Buildings and improvements	25 - 40 Years				
Vehicles and equipment	5 - 20 Years	5 - 20 Years			
General government infrastructure	15 - 25 Years				
Water plant and equipment		40 Years			
Water distribution system		10 - 30 Years			

At the inception of capital leases at the governmental fund reporting level, expenditures and an "other financing source" of an equal amount are reported at the net present value of future minimum lease payments.

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-8 Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits do not vest.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary fund reports the total compensated liability in this fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only "when due."

1-E-9 Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of these funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are "due for payment" during the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

1-E-10 Bond Premiums, Discounts, Refunding Differences

On the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary fund type statement of net position, unamortized bond premiums and discounts are netted against bonds payable. On the government-wide and proprietary fund type statement of activities, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond refunding differences are amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunding debt or refunded debt.

At the governmental fund reporting level, bond premiums and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses, separately from the face amount of the bonds issued.

1-E-11 Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to the liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and fund balance that applies to a futures period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-12 Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position." In fiscal year 2011, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*.

Net Position - The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Investment in Capital Assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position which are associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.
- Restricted Net Position are liquid assets, which have third party limitations on their use.
- *Unrestricted Net Position* represent assets that do not have any third party limitation on their use. While City management may have categorized and segmented portion for various purposes, the City Council has the unrestricted authority to revisit or alter these managerial decisions.

Fund Balance – **Fund Balance** – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- *Nonspendable* Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- *Committed* Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Aldermen through the approval of a resolution. Only, the City Aldermen also may modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Aldermen to be used for a specific purpose.
- *Unassigned* Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund.

Flow Assumptions — When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-13 Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for providing water. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the water services. All other revenues and expenses are considered nonoperating including investment earnings, interest expense and amortization.

1-E-14 Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, system development fees, water tap fees or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction (e.g., water lines).

I-E-15 Device Fees Tax

The City adopted an ordinance imposing an occupational tax (i.e., a device fee) on gaming devices used within the City. The fee is paid on all gaming devices for which the State of Colorado has issued a device tax stamp. The City annual device fee tax is \$1,050 per slot machine and \$4,200 per live table game for 2019. The annual transportation device tax is about \$41 per device.

I-E-16 Impact Fees

The City imposes two types of impact fees.

Parking Impact Fees – The City imposes a parking impact fee, charged to developers at the time of application for a building permit. The fee is levied to aid the development of additional parking facilities. The fee is \$2,000 for each required parking space based upon various factors included in the ordinance. Parking impact fees not expended or encumbered within ten years from the date of collection are refunded.

Fire and Police Impact Fees - The City imposes a fire and police impact fee, charged to developers at the time of application for a building permit. The fee is levied for the acquisition of facilities and equipment for public safety. The fees are based upon the type and size of the development. These impact fees not expended or encumbered within six years from the date of collection are refunded.

1-E-17 Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses section in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements (i.e., they are netted).

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statement of activities are reported separately after general revenues. Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated.

1-E-18 Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-19 Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

1-E-20 Related Parties

The Mayor and Board of Alderman and resident City employees may receive preservation and restoration grants to restore their personal property in accordance with City policy and State Statutes.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

2-A. Budgetary Information – The City adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. The budget resolution reflects the total of each department's appropriation in each fund. The City also adopts an annual budget for its water fund.

Annual budgets are adopted for City funds. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for all governmental fund types with the following exception:

- Any inceptions of capital leases and related capital outlay are not budgeted
- The budget for the water fund is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting (i.e., a non-GAAP budgetary basis)

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each adopted annual operating budget is the total appropriation within each individual fund. Any change in total to a fund appropriation requires approval of the City's Board of Aldermen.

2-B. Emergency Reserves

In 1992, Colorado voters approved an amendment to the Colorado Constitution that placed certain limits on revenue and expenditures of the state and local governments. Although the limit is placed on both revenue and expenditures, the constitutional amendment actually applies to revenue collections. The amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation.

However, cities have the option of placing a ballot measure before the voters asking for approval on retaining the revenue over the limit. The City's voters approved a ballot measure on November 7, 1995 that allows the City to exclude all revenues from those included within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution requires a reserve of 3% of its fiscal spending for emergencies. The use of this reserve is restricted to the purpose for which it was established and can be used solely for declared emergencies. In accordance with Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, the City has restricted all fund balances for future expenditures in the general fund.

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Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

3-A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Colorado State statutes govern the City's deposit of cash. The Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) for banks and savings and loans requires the state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposits. The Act requires eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of the federal insurance levels to create a single institution collateral pool of defined eligible assets. Eligible collateral includes obligations of the United States, obligations of the state of Colorado or local Colorado governments, and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the state. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the assets in the pool must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk – The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered.

At December 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$34,206,137 and the bank balance was \$34,177,064. Of the bank balance, \$12,442,977 was covered by federal deposit insurance and \$21,734,087 was covered by the provisions of the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (i.e., cash collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name).

Investments

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City has no formal policy regarding interest rate risk.

Investment Type		Fair Value	
Money market accounts Colotrust state investment pool	\$	329,772 9,510,943	
Total	\$	9,840,715	

The City had invested \$9,510,944 in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) which has a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. ColoTrust is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds and is regulated by the State Securities Commissioner. It operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the entities.

The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. The government-investor does not "look through" the pool to report a pro rata share of the pool's investments, receivables, and payables.

Fair Value of Investments—The City measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

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Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The City had the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2019:

Money market account-Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund.

The money market accounts are made up of forfeited non-vested employer 401 contributions with ICMA Retirement Corporation. These funds are available to be used towards future employer 401 contributions. This investment is valued using Level 2 inputs.

Credit Quality Risk – Credit quality risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Colotrust, a local government investment pool that the City invests in, is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. This pool is rated AAA by Fitch and Moody's. The money market account is invested exclusively in Colotrust. The maturity schedules for the above investments are less than one year. The City has no policy regarding credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's investments may not be recovered.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City has all investments in a local government investment pool, Colotrust.

Cash and Investment Reconciliation

Petty cash Deposits Investments	\$ 1,100 34,206,138 9,840,715
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 44,047,953
Fund Reporting Level	
Governmental fund type - balance sheet Governmental fund type - balance sheet - restricted Proprietary fund type - statement of net position	\$ 35,989,086 1,951,000 6,107,867
Total	\$ 44,047,953

3-B. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2019, consisted of taxes, interest, accounts (billings for user charges, including unbilled utility receivables), and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants.

Receivables and payables are recorded on the City's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectability.

3-C. Property Taxes

Annual property taxes are levied by the City on assessed valuation as of January 1, and attached as an enforceable lien on the property at that time. Generally, property taxes are levied on December 15 for the subsequent year's operations. The taxes are payable by April. However, taxpayers may pay property taxes in two equal installments, in February and June.

Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the City.

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Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

		Balance 1/1/2019	A	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/2019
Governmental activities:						
Nondepreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$	27,031,656	\$	170,736	\$ -	\$ 27,202,392
Works of art and historical treasures		1,099,310		-	-	1,099,310
Intangible-internally generated		7,476,456		1,701,424	-	9,177,880
Construction in progress	_	21,240,575	_	6,862,251	11,754,255	16,348,571
Total nondepreciable capital assets		56,847,997		8,734,411	11,754,255	53,828,153
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings and improvements		31,114,621		8,517,336	_	39,631,957
Vehicles and equipment		8,838,607		367,258	_	9,205,865
Infrastructure	_	38,184,967	_	1,530,495		39,715,462
Total depreciable capital assets		78,138,195		10,415,089		88,553,284
Total capital assets		134,986,192		19,149,500	11,754,255	142,381,437
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements		12,723,322		1,400,475	-	14,123,797
Vehicles and equipment		7,668,585		451,370	-	8,119,955
Infrastructure		18,357,415	_	1,150,345		19,507,760
Total accumulated depreciation		38,749,322		3,002,190		41,751,512
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	96,236,870	\$	16,147,310	\$ 11,754,255	\$ 100,629,925

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Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Governmental activities depreciation expense

General government	\$ 552,892
Public safety	446,338
Public works	2,002,960
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 3,002,190

Capital asset activities for the water fund for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/2019
Business-type activities:				
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 1,527,388	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,527,388
Water rights	9,816,922	-	-	9,816,922
Construction in progress	12,760	549,491		562,251
Total nondepreciable capital assets	11,357,070	549,491		11,906,561
Depreciable capital assets:				
Plant and equipment	34,436,444	-	-	34,436,444
Distribution system	6,390,708	-	-	6,390,708
Vehicles and equipment	527,179	76,990		604,169
Total depreciable capital assets	41,354,331	76,990		41,431,321
Total capital assets	52,711,401	626,481		53,337,882
Accumulated depreciation:				
Plant and equipment	12,568,662	932,431	-	13,501,093
Distribution system	4,966,925	191,585	-	5,158,510
Vehicles and equipment	437,999	41,289		479,288
Total accumulated depreciation	17,973,586	1,165,305		19,138,891
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 34,737,815	\$ (538,824)	\$ -	\$ 34,198,991

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-E. Interfund Transfers

Interfund Transfers - Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2019, consisted of the following:

	 Transfers from:						
		Tra	nsportation	Pres	servation &		
	General	D	evice Fee	Re	estoration		
Transfer to	 fund		fund		fund	_	Total
Debt service fund	\$ 2,610,699	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,610,699
Water fund	-		-		-		-
Capital Projects fund	-		-		-		-
General fund	 5,300,000		198,742		110,000	_	5,608,742
Total	 7,910,699	\$	198,742	\$	110,000	_\$	8,219,441

Transfers are used to report revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

All City transfers either occur on a regular basis or are consistent with the purpose of the fund making the transfer.

3-F. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities Bonds - The following is a summary of the outstanding long-term bonds at December 31, 2019.

2013 Device Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 - On December 18, 2013, the City issued device tax revenue bonds, in the amount of \$10,000,000, to acquire certain water rights and replace a water treatment plant. The Series 2013 bonds carry an interest rate of 4.17% with final maturity on December 1, 2033.

Annual debt service requirements to amortize this debt, as of December 31, 2019 follow:

	Series 2013		
Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	465,000	357,786	822,786
2021	485,000	338,396	823,396
2022	505,000	318,171	823,171
2023	525,000	297,113	822,113
2024	545,000	275,220	820,220
2025-2033	6,055,000	1,331,064	7,386,064
Total	\$ 8,580,000	\$ 2,917,750	\$ 11,497,750

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

2014 Device Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A - On January 9, 2014, the City issued device tax revenue bonds, in the amount of \$10,000,000, to fund certain road and infrastructure improvements along Gregory Street. The Series 2014A bonds carry an interest rate of 4.23% with final maturity on December 1, 2033.

Annual debt service requirements to amortize this debt, as of December 31, 2019 follow:

	Series 2014A		
Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	460,000	362,723	822,723
2021	480,000	343,265	823,265
2022	500,000	322,960	822,960
2023	520,000	301,811	821,811
2024	545,000	279,815	824,815
2025-2033	6,070,000	1,354,657	7,424,657
Total	\$ 8,575,000	\$ 2,965,231	\$ 11,540,231

2016 Device Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 - On January 11, 2016, the City issued device tax revenue refunding bonds in the amount of \$6,680,000 to advance refund the 2006A Device Tax Revenue Bonds. The Series 2016 bonds carry a 2.21% interest rate with a final maturity on December 1, 2021.

Annual debt service requirements to amortize this debt, as of December 31, 2019 follow:

	Series 2016		
Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	1,145,000	51,872	1,196,872
2021	1,170,000	26,216	1,196,216
Total	\$ 2,315,000	\$ 78,088	\$ 2,393,088

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Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Changes in Long-term Debt - Changes in the City's long-term obligations consisted of the following for the year ended December 31, 2019:

Governmental Activities	Outstanding 1/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 12/31/2019	Amounts Due in One Year
2013 Device Tax Revenue					
Bonds	9,025,000	-	445,000	8,580,000	465,000
2014A Device Tax Revenue					
Bonds	9,020,000	-	445,000	8,575,000	460,000
2016 Device Tax Revenue					
Refunding Bonds	3,440,000		1,125,000	2,315,000	1,145,000
Total Bonds	21,485,000	-	2,015,000	19,470,000	2,070,000
Compensated Absences	573,782	425,026	405,558	593,250	72,077
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 22,058,782	\$ 425,026	\$ 2,420,558	\$ 20,063,250	\$ 2,142,077
Business-Type Activities					
Compensated Absences	62,623	46,144	44,393	64,374	7,821
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 62,623	\$ 46,144	\$ 44,393	\$ 64,374	\$ 7,821

All bond obligations of the City's governmental activities will be financed through future debt service fund's expendable available financial sources as they become due. All capital lease obligations of the City's governmental activities will be financed through future general fund's expendable available financial sources as they become due. Principal and interest payments related to the City's water enterprise fund are financed from income derived from the operation of the water system. The compensated absences liability will be paid from the fund in which the employees' salaries are paid, generally the general fund and the water fund.

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Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-G. Net Investment in Capital Assets

The "net investment in capital assets" amounts reported on the government-wide statement of net position as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Cost of capital assets	\$ 142,381,437	\$ 53,337,882
Less accumulated depreciation	41,751,512	19,138,891
Book value	100,629,925	34,198,991
Less capital related debt (net of premiums, (discounts) and (refunding amounts))	(19,428,612)	-
Add debt proceeds used on capital for Business-type activities	2,083,500	
Add unspent debt proceeds		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 83,284,813	\$ 34,198,991

3-H. Fund Equity

Fund Balances - Fund Balance are classified as follows:

General Fund: Inventory		
Prepaid Items	General Fund:	
Prepaid Items	Inventory	<u>\$ 147,885</u>
Prepaid Items \$1,648 Restricted - The following fund balances are legally restricted to specific purposes: General Fund: Emergency purposes \$866,000 Major Special Revenue Funds: Preservation and Restoration Fund: Preservation and restoration purposes \$10,482,062 Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund: Transportation purposes \$115,146 Business Improvement District Fund: Emergency purposes \$4,000 Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Conservation Trust Fund:		
Restricted - The following fund balances are legally restricted to specific purposes: General Fund: Emergency purposes	Business Improvement District Fund:	
General Fund: Emergency purposes	Prepaid Items	<u>\$ 1,648</u>
Emergency purposes \$866,000 Major Special Revenue Funds: Preservation and Restoration Fund: Preservation and restoration purposes \$10,482,062 Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund: Transportation purposes \$115,146 Business Improvement District Fund: Emergency purposes \$4,000 Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Conservation Trust Fund:	Restricted - The following fund balances are legally restricted to specific purposes:	
Major Special Revenue Funds: Preservation and Restoration Fund: Preservation and restoration purposes \$\frac{\$\\$10,482,062}{\$}\$ Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund: Transportation purposes \$\frac{\$\\$115,146}{\$}\$ Business Improvement District Fund: Emergency purposes \$\frac{\$\\$4,000}{\$}\$ Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Conservation Trust Fund:	General Fund:	
Preservation and Restoration Fund: Preservation and restoration purposes \$\frac{\$\\$10,482,062}\$ Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund: Transportation purposes \$\frac{\$\\$115,146}\$ Business Improvement District Fund: Emergency purposes \$\frac{\$\\$4,000}\$ Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Conservation Trust Fund:	Emergency purposes	<u>\$ 866,000</u>
Preservation and restoration purposes \$\frac{\\$10,482,062}{\}\$ Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund: Transportation purposes \$\frac{\\$115,146}{\}\$ Business Improvement District Fund: Emergency purposes \$\frac{\\$4,000}{\}\$ Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Conservation Trust Fund:	Major Special Revenue Funds:	
Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund: Transportation purposes \$\frac{\\$115,146}{\}} Business Improvement District Fund: Emergency purposes \$\frac{\\$4,000}{\}} Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Conservation Trust Fund:	Preservation and Restoration Fund:	
Transportation purposes <u>\$115,146</u> Business Improvement District Fund: Emergency purposes <u>\$4,000</u> Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Conservation Trust Fund:	Preservation and restoration purposes	<u>\$ 10,482,062</u>
Transportation purposes <u>\$115,146</u> Business Improvement District Fund: Emergency purposes <u>\$4,000</u> Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Conservation Trust Fund:	Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund:	
Emergency purposes		<u>\$ 115,146</u>
Emergency purposes \$\square \frac{\\$4,000}{\}\$ Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Conservation Trust Fund:	Business Improvement District Fund:	
Conservation Trust Fund:	•	<u>\$ 4,000</u>
	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Parks, recreation and open space purposes	Conservation Trust Fund:	
	Parks, recreation and open space purposes	\$31,914

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Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Major Debt Services Fund:
	Debt Service Fund:
	Repayment of debt principal and interest <u>\$2,193,745</u>
	Major Capital Projects Funds:
	Impact Fees Fund:
	Parking, Fire and Police purposes
•	Assigned - The following fund balances are assigned by management for specific purposes:
	Major Business Improvement District Funds:
	Business Improvement Districts Fund:
	District Enhancements <u>\$431,634</u>
	Major Capital Projects Funds:
	Capital Projects Fund:
	Capital purposes

Note 4 - Other Notes

4-A. Risk Management

The City is a member of the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA), a separate and independent governmental and legal entity, which was established pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement authorized by Colorado state statutes. The purposes of CIRSA are to provide property and casualty and workers' compensation insurance coverage and risk management services to its municipal members at a reasonable cost.

Members can participate actively in policy-making through the Board of Directors, which are nominated and elected by members; involvement on a number of board committees; and participation at annual general membership meetings. Operations are funded by individual membership contributions.

It is the intent of the members of CIRSA to create an entity in perpetuity which will administer and use funds contributed by the members to defend and indemnify, in accordance with the by-laws, any member of CIRSA against stated liability or loss, to the limit of the financial resources of CIRSA. Also, it is the intent of the members to have CIRSA provide continuing stability and availability of needed coverage at reasonable costs. All income and assets of CIRSA shall be dedicated to the exclusive benefit of its members. The by-laws shall constitute the substance of the intergovernmental contract among the members. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the three previous years.

The City carries commercial insurance coverage for the other risks of loss including workers compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

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Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

4-B. Contingent Liabilities

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for costs disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowances, if any, will be minimal.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits at December 31, 2019. In the opinion of City management, the outcome of these contingencies will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

4-C. Pensions

The City sponsors two pension plans presented below.

Defined Contribution Plan - The employees of the City (except for paid firefighters) participate in ICMA Retirement Corporation Prototype Money Purchase Plan, which is a defined contribution plan, which was established by the City and is maintained and administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. At December 31, 2019, there were 73 plan members. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees become plan members upon the start of employment. Under this plan, up to 6.00% of the plan members' compensation is withheld and remitted to the Plan Administrator along with the matching payment of 6.00% from the City. The City's contributions plus earnings become fully vested after five years with partial vesting beginning after one year. City contributions for plan members who leave employment before they are fully vested are used to reduce the City's current period contribution requirement. There is no liability for benefits under the plan beyond the City's matching payments. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City's Board of Aldermen.

Contributions actually made by plan members for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$336,737, \$332,637 and \$315,440 and the City's contributions were \$362,984, \$363,911 and \$347,539 respectively.

4-D. FPPA Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Pensions. The City contributes to the Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan ("SWDB Plan"), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which is administered by the FPPA. The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SWDB Plan have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Assets of the SWDB Plan are commingled for investment purposes in the Fire and Police Member's Benefit Fund.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The SWDB Plan provides retirement benefits for members and beneficiaries according to plan provisions as enacted and governed by FPPA's Pension Fund Board of Trustees. Colorado Revised Statutes ("CRS"), as amended, establishes basic benefit provisions under the SWDB Plan. FPPA issues an annual, publicly-available financial report that includes the assets of the SWDB Plan. That report may be obtained on FPPA's website at http://www.fppaco.org.

Benefits provided. A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty-five years of credited service and has attained the age of 55.

The annual normal retirement benefit is 2 percent of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter. The benefit earned prior to January 1, 2007 for members of affiliated Social Security employers will be reduced by the amount of Social Security income payable to the member annually.

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Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

Effective January 1, 2007, members currently covered under Social Security will receive half the benefit when compared to the SWDB Plan. Benefits paid to retired members are evaluated and may be re-determined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board's discretion and can range from 0 to the higher of 3 percent or the Consumer Price Index.

A member is eligible for an early retirement at age 50 or after 30 years of service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5 percent as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with a least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the SWDP Plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2 percent of the member's average highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

Contributions. Contribution rates for the SWDB Plan are set by state statute. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by state statute. Member contribution rates can be amended by state statute or election of the membership.

Members of the SWDB Plan and their employers are contributing at the rate of 10.5 percent and 8 percent, respectively, of base salary for a total contribution rate of 18.5 percent in 2019. In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate to the SWDB Plan beginning in 2015. Member contribution rates will increase 0.5 percent annually through 2022 to a total of 12 percent of base salary. Employer contributions will remain at 8 percent resulting in a combined contribution rate of 20 percent in 2022.

Contributions from members and employers of departments reentering the system are established by resolution and approve by the FPPA Board of Directors. The re-entry group has a combined contribution rate of 22.5 percent of base salary in 2017. It is a local decision as to whether the member or employer pays the additional 4 percent contribution. Per the 2014 member election, the re-entry group will also have their required member contribution rate increase 0.5 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 for a total combined member and employer contribution rate of 24 percent in 2022.

The contribution rate for members and employers of affiliated social security employers is 5.25 and 4 percent, respectively, of base salary for a total contribution rate of 9.25 percent in 2019. Per the 2014 member election, members of the affiliate social security group will have their required contribution rate increase 0.25 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 to a total of 6 percent of base salary. Employer contributions will remain at 4 percent resulting in a combined contribution rate of 10 percent in 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At December 31, 2019, the City reported a liability in the amount of \$293,969 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions to the SWDB Plan for the calendar year 2018 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the SWDB Plan.

At December 31, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.23252%, which was a decrease of 0.01525% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2019 the City recognized pension expense of \$47,010. At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

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Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	<u>Resources</u>	<u>Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual		
experience	\$377,725	\$ 3,140
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	\$231,252	N/A
Changes in proportion and differences between		
contributions recognized and proportionate share		
of contributions	\$ 36,644	\$ 34,206
Change in assumption and other inputs	\$284,699	N/A
Contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date	\$142,432	N/A
m . 1	φ1 0 5 2 5 52	Ф 27 246
Total	\$1,072,752	\$ 37,346

\$142,432 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made subsequent to the measurement date but before the end of the City's reporting period, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31	
2020	\$ 167,607
2021	\$ 119,331
2022	\$ 101,428
2023	\$ 168,681
2024	\$ 81,449
Thereafter	\$ 254,478

Actuarial assumptions. The actuarial valuations for the SWBP were used to determine the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018. The valuations used the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Total Pension Liability:

Actuarial Valuation Date
Actuarial Method
Amortization Method
Amortization Period
Long-term investment Rate of Return*
Projected salary increases*
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)
*Includes Inflation at 2.50%

January 1, 2019 Entry Age Normal N/A N/A

7.00 percent 4.25 – 11.25 percent

0.00 percent

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Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

Actuarially Determined Contributions:

Actuarial Valuation Date
Actuarial Method
Amortization Method
Amortization Period
Long-term investment Rate of Return*
Projected salary increases*
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)
*Includes Inflation at 2.50%

January 1, 2018
Entry Age Normal
Level % of Payroll, Open
30 Years
7.50 percent
4.0 – 14.0 percent
0.00 percent

For determining the total pension liability, the post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees uses the 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and the projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. The pre-retirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 50% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00015.

For determining the actuarial determined contributions, the post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees is a blend of the Annuitant and Employee RP-2014 generational mortality tables with blue collar adjustment projected with Scale BB. The pre-retirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 55% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00020.

At least every five years the FPPA's Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2018 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the FPPA's actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future. The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2019 and were used in the rollforward calculation of total pension liability as of December 31, 2018. Actuarial assumptions effective for actuarial valuations prior to January 1, 2019 were used in the determination of the actuarially determined contributions as of December 31, 2018. The actuarial assumptions impact actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (assumed at 2.50 percent). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	37.0%	8.03%
Equity Long/Short	9.0%	6.45%
Illiquid Alternatives	24.0%	10.00%
Fixed Income	15.0%	2.90%
Absolute Return	9.0%	5.08%
Managed Futures	4.0%	5.35%
Cash	2.0%	2.52%
Total	100.0%	

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Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDB Plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment) to determine the total pension liability.

Discount rate. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate, based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%; the municipal bond rate is 3.71% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.00%.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. Regarding the sensitivity of the net asset liability/(asset) to changes in the Single Discount Rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Proportionate share of the net pension			
liability (asset)	\$ 1,139,975	\$293,969	(\$407,778)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SWDB Plan's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at http://www.fppaco.org.

4-E. Subsequent Events

Significant 2019 budget authority has been appropriated for 2020 to complete capital projects initiated in 2019 for both the Capital Fund and the Preservation and Restoration Fund.

As a result of the coronavirus pandemic (COVID-19), economic uncertainties may have economic implications on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the City. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be estimated at this time.

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Required Supplementary Information General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

		2018			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
Revenues	Ф. 12.040.220	Ф 12 040 220	Φ 14 27 C 524	Ф. 1.526.204	Ф. 12.002.024
Taxes	\$ 12,840,220	\$ 12,840,220	\$ 14,376,524	\$ 1,536,304	\$ 12,983,924
Intergovernmental	8,772,000	8,772,000	8,448,400	(323,600)	8,558,939
Licenses and permits	112,700	112,700	144,728	32,028	496,195
Charges for services	538,374	538,374	661,370	122,996	686,869
Fines and forfeitures	37,800	37,800	88,673	50,873	98,386
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	70,000 62,000	70,000 62,000	214,954 194,382	144,954 132,382	101,211 219,428
Miscenarious	02,000	02,000	171,302	132,302	219,120
Total Revenues	22,433,094	22,433,094	24,129,031	1,695,937	23,144,952
Expenditures Current:					
General government	5,560,626	5,560,626	5,261,829	298,797	4,694,615
Planning	583,820	583,820	762,472	(178,652)	662,537
Public safety	8,046,595	8,046,595	7,313,889	732,706	7,082,309
Public works	3,477,592	3,477,592	3,136,030	341,562	3,107,051
Total Expenditures	17,668,633	17,668,633	16,474,220	1,194,413	15,546,512
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	4,764,461	4,764,461	7,654,811	2,890,350	7,598,440
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	308,742	308,742	308,742	-	299,518
Transfers out	(7,910,699)	(7,910,699)	(7,910,699)		(9,665,814)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,601,957)	(7,601,957)	(7,601,957)		(9,366,296)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (2,837,496)	\$ (2,837,496)	52,854	\$ 2,890,350	(1,767,856)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			14,014,400		15,782,256
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 14,067,254		\$ 14,014,400

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Required Supplementary Information Preservation & Restoration Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

		2018			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ 4,089,000	\$ 4,089,000	\$ 3,873,403	\$ (215,597)	\$ 3,970,589
Charges for services	\$ 4,089,000 -	\$ 4 ,089,000	\$ 3,873, 4 03	\$ (213,397) -	\$ 3,970,389 -
Investment earnings	18,000	18,000	116,226	98,226	24,385
Miscellaneous					
Total Revenues	4,107,000	4,107,000	3,989,629	(117,371)	3,994,974
Expenditures Current:					
Grants	_	_	8,813	(8,813)	451,159
Capital Outlay	14,814,000	14,814,000	4,752,872	10,061,128	1,797,932
Total Expenditures	14,814,000	14,814,000	4,761,685	10,052,315	2,249,091
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(10,707,000)	(10,707,000)	(772,056)	9,934,944	1,745,883
Other Financing Uses Transfers in	5,300,000	5,300,000	5,300,000		_
Transfers out	(110,000)	(110,000)	(110,000)		(110,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (5,517,000)	\$ (5,517,000)	4,417,944	\$ 9,934,944	1,635,883
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			6,064,118		4,428,235
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 10,482,062		\$ 6,064,118

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Required Supplementary Information Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

	2019									
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual					
Revenues	,									
Taxes	\$ 306,000	\$ 306,000	\$ 287,129	\$ (18,871)	\$ 297,079					
Intergovernmental	110,140	110,140	100,019	(10,121)	110,140					
Fees	236,199	236,199	238,179	1,980	208,199					
Investment earnings	1,200	1,200	1,621	421	795					
Total Revenues	653,539	653,539	626,948	(26,591)	616,213					
Expenditures										
Current: Public Works	446,200	446,200	440,539	5,661	444,025					
Fuolic Works	440,200	440,200	440,339		444,023					
Total Expenditures	446,200	446,200	440,539	5,661	444,025					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	207,339	207,339	186,409	(20,930)	172,188					
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	(198,742)	(198,742)	(198,742)		(189,518)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 8,597	\$ 8,597	(12,333)	\$ (20,930)	(17,330)					
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			127,479		144,809					
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 115,146		\$ 127,479					

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Required Supplementary Information Business Improvement District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

	2019									2018		
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget			Actual		
Revenues			_									
Taxes	\$	954,599	\$	954,599	\$	956,725	\$	2,126	\$	936,146		
Special assessments		60,000		60,000		74,517		14,517		67,577		
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		3,000 182,500		3,000 182,500		10,791 195,200		7,791 12,700		6,187 199,375		
Wilsechaneous		102,300	_	102,300	_	173,200		12,700		177,373		
Total Revenues		1,200,099		1,200,099		1,237,233		37,134		1,209,285		
Expenditures												
Current:												
General government		1,165,663		1,165,663		1,012,321		153,342		1,182,938		
Debt Service:												
Principal		-		-		-		-		-		
Interest and fiscal charges			_									
Total Expenditures		1,165,663	_	1,165,663		1,012,321		153,342		1,182,938		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	34,436	\$	34,436		224,912	\$	190,476		26,347		
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						212,370				186,023		
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	437,282			\$	212,370		

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share Statewide Defined Benefit Plan For the Years Ended December 31,

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.23252%	0.24777%	0.26760%	0.28892%	0.30502%	0.31223%
City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 293,969	\$ (356,452)	\$ 96,695	\$ (5,093)	\$ (344,239)	\$ (279,188)
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,557,550	\$ 1,449,263	\$ 1,369,538	\$ 1,398,613	\$ 1,371,688	\$ 1,356,125
City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	18.87%	-24.60%	7.06%	-0.36%	-25.1%	-20.6%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	95.2%	106.3%	98.2%	100.1%	106.8%	105.8%

Notes:

This schedule is reported as of December 31, as that is the plan year end. Information prior to 2013 is not available, additional years information will be displayed as it becomes available.

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Schedule of the City's Contributions Statewide Defined Benefit Plan For the Years Ended December 31,

	2019	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 142,432	\$	124,604	\$	115,941	\$	109,563	\$	111,889	\$	109,735	\$	108,490
Contributions in relation to the Statutorily required contributions	142,432		124,604		115,941		109,563		111,889		109,735		108,490
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,780,400	\$	1,557,550	\$	1,449,263	\$	1,369,538	\$	1,398,613	\$	1,371,688	\$	1,356,125
Contributions as a % of covered payroll	8.00%		8.00%		8.00%		8.00%		8.00%		8.00%		8.00%

Information prior to 2013 is not available, additional years information will be displayed as it becomes available.

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Note 1 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The general fund adopts an annual budget on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except that the inception of capital leases and the related capital outlay are not budgeted. Also, debt service expenditures related to capital leases are budgeted within the public works function budget, rather than separately as debt service expenditures.

The preservation and restoration, the transportation authority and the business improvement district funds adopt annual budget on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,336,509	\$ 18,274,200
Receivables:		
Accounts	86,511	58,568
Property taxes	10,500	8,842
Other taxes	1,263,419	1,292,353
Inventory	147,885	137,827
Prepaid items	52,062	295,936
Total Assets	\$ 17,896,886	\$ 20,067,726
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 489,379	\$ 425,872
Retainage payable	-	-
Accrued expenditures	283,383	238,455
Refundable deposits	3,046,370	5,380,157
Total Liabilities	3,819,132	6,044,484
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property taxes	10,500	8,842
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,500	8,842
Fund Balances		
Restricted	866,000	834,000
Nonspendable	199,947	433,763
Assigned	-	-
Unassigned	13,001,307	12,746,637
Total Fund Balances	14,067,254	14,014,400
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 17,896,886	\$ 20,067,726

City of Black Hawk, Colorado General Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 14,376,524	\$ 12,983,924
Intergovernmental	8,448,400	8,558,939
Licenses and permits	144,728	496,195
Charges for services	661,370	686,869
Fines and forfeitures	88,673	98,386
Investment earnings	214,954	101,211
Miscellaneous	 194,382	 219,428
Total Revenues	 24,129,031	 23,144,952
Expenditures Current:		
General government	5,261,829	4,694,615
Planning	762,472	662,537
Public safety	7,313,889	7,082,309
Public works	 3,136,030	3,107,051
Total Expenditures	 16,474,220	 15,546,512
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	 7,654,811	 7,598,440
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers in	308,742	299,518
Transfers out	(7,910,699)	(9,665,814)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,601,957)	(9,366,296)
Net Change in Fund Balances	52,854	(1,767,856)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	 14,014,400	 15,782,256
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 14,067,254	\$ 14,014,400

See accompanying independent auditor's report

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

		2018			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Taxes					
Property	\$ 8,750	\$ 8,750	\$ 8,768	\$ 18	\$ 8,656
Specific ownership	200	200	472	272	329
Road and bridge	101,000	101,000	100,889	(111)	100,666
Sales, use and lodging	4,011,000	4,011,000	6,073,484	2,062,484	4,328,847
Franchise	165,000	165,000	134,037	(30,963)	162,162
Device fees	8,540,550	8,540,550	8,017,626	(522,924)	8,336,083
Occupational	13,720	13,720	41,248	27,528	47,181
Total Taxes	12,840,220	12,840,220	14,376,524	1,536,304	12,983,924
Licenses and Permits					
Business licenses	54,000	54,000	53,115	(885)	51,791
Building permits	56,200	56,200	88,202	32,002	441,400
Other	2,500	2,500	3,411	911	3,004
Total Licenses and Permits	112,700	112,700	144,728	32,028	496,195
Intergovernmental					
Gaming	8,750,000	8,750,000	8,403,874	(346,126)	8,497,859
Highway users	13,500	13,500	17,236	3,736	17,395
Cigarette taxes	8,500	8,500	8,590	90	8,685
Public Safety grants	-		18,700	18,700	35,000
Total Intergovernmental	8,772,000	8,772,000	8,448,400	(323,600)	8,558,939
Charges for Services					
Plan review fees	168,000	168,000	253,681	85,681	287,227
Silver Dollar Metro District	200,374	200,374	201,607	1,233	200,374
Black Hawk transportation	=	=	-	-	-
Gilpin Ambulance Authority	20,000	20,000	25,929	5,929	42,342
Rents	150,000	150,000	180,153	30,153	156,926
Total Charges for Services	538,374	538,374	661,370	122,996	686,869
Fines and Forfeitures					
Municipal court	13,500	13,500	11,336	(2,164)	14,286
County court	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)	320
Parking	300	300	1,060	760	571
Police department services	20,000	20,000	72,866	52,866	79,796
Victim service surcharge	3,000	3,000	3,411	411	3,413
Total Fines and Forfeitures	37,800	37,800	88,673	50,873	98,386
Investment Earnings	70,000	70,000	214,954	144,954	101,211
Miscellaneous	62,000	62,000	194,382	132,382	219,428
Total Revenue	22,433,094	22,433,094	24,129,031	1,695,937	23,144,952

(continued)

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

(continued) 2019 2018 Variance Original **Final** With Final **Budget** Budget Actual **Budget** Actual **Expenditures General Government Mayor and Council** Personal services 299,693 299,693 300,396 (703)289,676 Program services 3,238,642 3,238,642 2,889,839 348,803 2,357,072 **Total Mayor and Council** 3,538,335 3,538,335 3,190,235 348,100 2,646,748 **Municipal Court** 35,558 20,000 32,900 Personal services 55,558 55,558 Professional services 14,000 14,000 9,478 4,522 9,460 Purchased services 600 600 67 533 399 Program services (399)Supplies (664)978 1,500 1,500 2,164 23,992 **Total Municipal Court** 71,658 71,658 47,666 43,338 City Manager 242,928 242,928 255,999 (13,071)Personal services 372,750 Professional services General services Purchased services 6,650 6,650 4,886 1,764 5,719 6,000 6,000 830 5,170 1,727 Program services Vehicle operation and maintenance 474 993 Supplies 525 525 51 (6,086)**Total City Manager** 256,103 256,103 262,189 381,189 City Clerk Personal services 471,233 471,233 482,834 (11,601)457,920 Professional services 30,500 30,500 45,575 (15,075)15,919 General services 5,200 5,200 3,646 1,554 4,694 Purchased services 270,750 270,750 274,259 (3,509)251,032 33,750 61,247 (27,497)25,274 Program services 33,750 Supplies 8,400 8,400 5,937 2,463 8,487 **Total City Clerk** 819,833 819,833 873,498 (53,665)763,326 Total carried forward 4,685,929 4,685,929 4,373,588 312,341 3,834,601

(continued)

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General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

(continued) 2019 2018 Variance Original **Final** With Final **Budget** Budget Actual Budget Actual Total brought forward 4,685,929 4,685,929 4,373,588 312,341 3,834,601 **Expenditures General Government** Personal services 277,577 277,577 287,213 (9,636)282,573 Professional services 5,000 5,000 3,517 1,483 4,945 27,996 General services 32,100 32,100 29,658 2,442 Purchased services 103,500 103,500 107,858 (4,358)105,087 7,500 7.500 11,062 1,045 Program services (3,562)41,600 41,600 42,121 (521)46,538 Supplies **Total MIS** 467,277 467,277 481,429 (14,152)468,184 Finance 309,820 309,820 Personal services 324,121 (14.301)308,667 Professional services 92,000 92,000 79,791 12,209 79,582 General services 500 91 409 500 85 Purchased services Program services 3,000 3,000 961 2,039 645 Supplies 2,100 2,100 1,848 252 2,851 **Total Finance** 407,420 407,420 406,812 608 391,830 **Total General Government** 5,560,626 5,560,626 5,261,829 298,797 4,694,615 Planning Personal services 298,295 298,295 266,995 31,300 300,461 Professional services 263,425 263,425 484,477 (221,052)348,476 General services Vehicle operation and maintenance 1,000 1,000 2,269 (1,269)553 Purchased services 2,200 2,200 1,655 545 1,402 5,500 5,500 1,924 Program services 3,576 4,537 Supplies 13,400 13,400 5,152 8,248 7,108 **Total Planning** 583,820 583,820 762,472 (178,652)662,537 **Public Safety** Police 4,591,191 Personal services 4,591,191 3,905,622 685,569 4,009,054 60,239 71,055 (10,816)Professional services 60,239 42,405 76,016 General services 76,016 67,395 80,419 8,621 Vehicle operation and maintenance 50,700 50,700 48,832 1,868 48,296 Purchased services 42,500 42,500 46,468 (3,968)35,243 Program services Supplies (9,745)163,416 163,416 173,161 120,457 Capital outlay **Total Police** 4,984,062 4,984,062 4,312,533 671,529 4,335,874 Total carried forward 11,128,508 11,128,508 10,336,834 791,674 9,693,026

(continued)

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

(continued)

		2019						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual			
Total brought forward	\$ 11,128,508	\$ 11,128,508	\$ 10,336,834	\$ 791,674	\$ 9,693,026			
Expenditures								
Public Safety								
Fire								
Personal services	2,845,533	2,845,533	2,824,072	21,461	2,580,795			
Professional services	19,000	19,000	16,593	2,407	15,949			
General services	14,000	14,000	15,534	(1,534)	19,543			
Vehicle operation and maintenance	28,000	28,000	17,136	10,864	27,551			
Purchased services	52,000	52,000	46,607	5,393	47,355			
Program services	2,000	2,000	861	1,139	1,180			
Supplies	102,000	102,000	80,553	21,447	54,062			
Capital outlay								
Total Fire	3,062,533	3,062,533	3,001,356	61,177	2,746,435			
Total Public Safety	8,046,595	8,046,595	7,313,889	732,706	7,082,309			
Public Works								
Personal services	2,299,192	2,299,192	2,194,926	104,266	2,101,263			
Professional services	110,000	110,000	112,812	(2,812)	61,898			
General services	708,000	708,000	571,014	136,986	625,797			
Vehicle operation and maintenance	128,000	128,000	110,858	17,142	106,165			
Purchased services	33,500	33,500	9,732	23,768	10,589			
Program services	2,000	2,000	443	1,557	338			
Supplies	165,900	165,900	126,611	39,289	167,058			
Capital outlay	31,000	31,000	9,634	21,366	33,943			
Total Public Works	3,477,592	3,477,592	3,136,030	341,562	3,107,051			
Total Expenditures	17,668,633	17,668,633	16,474,220	1,194,413	15,546,512			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	4,764,461	4,764,461	7,654,811	2,890,350	7,598,440			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	308,742	308,742	308,742	-	299,518			
Transfers out	(7,910,699)	(7,910,699)	(7,910,699)		(9,665,814)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,601,957)	(7,601,957)	(7,601,957)		(9,366,296)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (2,837,496)	\$ (2,837,496)	52,854	\$ 2,890,350	(1,767,856)			
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			14,014,400		15,782,256			
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 14,067,254		\$ 14,014,400			

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Preservation and Restoration Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019			2018
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,450,339	\$	6,267,824
Total Assets	\$	11,450,339	\$	6,267,824
Liabilities Accounts payable Grant tax payable Retainage payable	\$	819,381 12,536 136,360	\$	60,781 142,924 1
Total Liabilities		968,277		203,706
Fund Balances Restricted		10,482,062		6,064,118
Total Fund Balances		10,482,062	_	6,064,118
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	11,450,339	\$	6,267,824

See accompanying independent auditor's report

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019		2018
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts Receivable - Other taxes	\$	99,356 44,003	\$ 134,944 24,391
Total Assets	\$	143,359	\$ 159,335
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	28,213	\$ 31,856
Total Liabilities		28,213	31,856
Fund Balances Restricted		115,146	127,479
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	143,359	\$ 159,335

See accompanying independent auditor's report

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Business Improvement District Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019			2018
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	418,874	\$	186,930
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	Ф	4,000	Ф	7,500
Receivable - County Treasurer		13,048		12,593
Prepaid expenses		1,648		5,347
Property taxes receivables		1,176,521		954,599
Total Assets	\$	1,614,091	\$	1,166,969
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		288	_\$_	-
Total Liabilities		288		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property taxes		1,176,521		954,599
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,176,521		954,599
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Emergencies		4,000		7,500
Nonspendable		1,648		5,347
Unassigned		431,634		199,523
Total Fund Balances		437,282		212,370
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,614,091	\$	1,166,969

See accompanying independent auditor's report

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Conservation Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2019 and 2018

		2018		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,914	\$	29,913
Fund Balances Restricted	\$	31,914	\$	29,913

See accompanying independent auditor's report

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Conservation Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Acutal For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

	2019						2018				
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final al Budget			Actual	
Revenues				_							
Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$	1,300 150	\$	1,300 150	\$	1,604 397	\$	304 247	\$	1,296 160	
Total Revenues		1,450		1,450		2,001		551		1,456	
Expenditures Current											
Culture and recreation				-							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	1,450	\$	1,450		2,001	\$	551		1,456	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						29,913				28,457	
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	31,914			\$	29,913	

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Debt Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2019 and 2018

	20	19	2018
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	·	246,745 047,000	\$ 220,737 2,148,500
Total Assets	\$ 2,1	93,745	\$ 2,369,237
Fund Balances Restricted	\$ 2,1	93,745	\$ 2,369,237

See accompanying independent auditor's report

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

		2019						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Actual Budget				
Revenues Investment earnings	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 63,567	\$ 33,567	\$ 52,022			
Expenditures Debt Service: Principal retirement Bond issue costs Interest and fiscal charges	2,015,000 - 834,969	2,015,000 - 834,969	2,015,000 - 834,758	- - 211	1,950,000 - 895,870			
Total Expenditures	2,849,969	2,849,969	2,849,758	211	2,845,870			
(Deficiency of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(2,819,969)	(2,819,969)	(2,786,191)	33,778	(2,793,848)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Issuance of refunding bonds Payment to escrow agent	2,610,699	2,610,699	2,610,699	- - -	2,665,814			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,610,699	2,610,699	2,610,699		2,665,814			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (209,270)	\$ (209,270)	(175,492)	\$ 33,778	(128,034)			
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			2,369,237		2,497,271			
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 2,193,745		\$ 2,369,237			

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Impact Fee Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2019 and 2018

	 2019		2018
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,826	\$	9,701
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-
Retainage payable	 		
Total Liabilities	-		-
Fund Balances			
Restricted	\$ 9,826	\$	9,701
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 9,826	\$	9,701

See accompanying independent auditor's report

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Impact Fee Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

		2	019					2018
	iginal ıdget	inal idget	A	ctual	Wit	riance h Final ıdget		Actual
Revenues Impact fees Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- 125	\$	125	\$	- 6,860
Total Revenues	-	-		125		125		6,860
Expenditures Capital Outlay	-	 -					1	,530,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -		125	\$	125	(1	1,523,140)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				9,701			1	,532,841
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	9,826			\$	9,701

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$ 7,395,523	\$ 10,001,879
Total Assets	\$ 7,395,523	\$ 10,001,879
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities Accounts payable Retainage payable	\$ 206,805 17,342	\$ 69,924 3,925
Total Liabilities	224,147	73,849
Fund Balances Assigned	 7,171,376	9,928,030
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7,395,523	\$ 10,001,879

See accompanying independent auditor's report

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

		20	19		2018
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ - 5,000	\$ - 5,000	\$ - 109,008	\$ - 104,008	\$ - 44,139 -
Total Operating Revenue	5,000	5,000	109,008	104,008	44,139
Expenditures Capital Outlay	5,537,000	5,537,000	2,865,662	2,671,338	3,007,242
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,532,000)	(5,532,000)	(2,756,654)	2,775,346	(2,963,103)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in: General fund					7,000,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (5,532,000)	\$ (5,532,000)	(2,756,654)	\$ 2,775,346	4,036,897
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			9,928,030		5,891,133
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 7,171,376		\$ 9,928,030

Water Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes

in Fund Net Position - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2018)

		2	019		2018
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
Operating Revenues	# 2 002 000	# 2.002.000			Ф. 2.501.412
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 2,802,000	\$ 2,802,000	\$ 2,564,993 3,603	\$ (237,007) 3,603	\$ 2,581,413 2,670
Total Operating Revenues	2,802,000	2,802,000	2,568,596	(233,404)	2,584,083
Operating Expenses					
Personal services	927,488	927,488	957,426	(29,938)	937,241
Professional services	738,500	738,500	429,809	308,691	388,319
General services	439,000	439,000	226,191	212,809	238,052
Program services	5,000	5,000	1,873	3,127	1,002
Purchased services	22,500	22,500	16,377	6,123	18,927
Supplies	90,950	90,950	58,458	32,492	70,050
Repairs and maintenance	700,000	700,000	206,036	493,964	524,262
Capital outlay - capitalized and noncapitalized	1,166,000	1,166,000	677,209	488,791	741,569
Total Operating Expenses	4,089,438	4,089,438	2,573,379	1,516,059	2,919,422
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,287,438)	(1,287,438)	(4,783)	1,282,655	(335,339)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment earnings	25,000	25,000	79,996	54,996	35,287
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	25,000	25,000	79,996	54,996	35,287
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(1,262,438)	(1,262,438)	75,213	1,337,651	(300,052)
Capital Contributions - Tap Fees Capital Contributions - System Development Fees Transfers in	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Change in Net Position - Budgetary Basis	\$(1,262,438)	\$ (1,262,438)	75,213	\$ 1,337,651	(300,052)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis - Change in Net Position					
Deduct:					
Depreciation			(1,165,305)		(1,154,542)
Add: Capitalized capital outlay			626,481		216,652
Change in Net Position - GAAP Basis			(463,611)		(1,237,942)
Net Position Beginning of Year			40,863,804		42,101,746
Net Position End of Year			\$ 40,400,193		\$ 40,863,804

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Introduction to Statistical Section

(Unaudited)

This part of the City of Black Hawk's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding this year's financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor. In 2007, the Black Hawk Business Improvement District, a component unit, was reclassified from discretely presented to blended pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Contents	Exhibit
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information that may assist the reader in assessing the City's current financial performance by placing it in a historical perspective. Since a significant funding source for the City is state aid relating to the City's share of state gaming taxes, a trend table presenting this revenue has been added.	I - XII
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information that may assist the reader in assessing the viability of the City's two most significant "own-source" revenue sources, gaming device taxes and sales taxes. Property taxes are not a major revenue for the City, therefore, the tables relating to the City's property taxes are not presented.	XIII - XVI
Debt Capacity These tables present information that may assist the reader in analyzing the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	XVII - XX
Demographic and Economic Information These tables offer economic and demographic indicators that are commonly used for financial analysis and that can inform one's understanding the City's present and ongoing financial status. Since the gaming industry is competitive between three authorized gaming cities within the State of Colorado, selected comparison tables are presented for gaming information.	XXI - XXVII
Operating Information	XXVIII - XXX

Data Source:

activities it performs.

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the annual financial reports for the relevant years included.

These tables contain service and infrastructure indicators that can inform one's understanding how the information in the City's financial statements relates to the services the City provides and the

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities Last Ten Calendar Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Septement S. 5072.444 S. 5340.343 S. 4747.052 S. 6163.795 S. 603.596 S. 643.59 S. 643.69 S. 643.59 S. 643.69 S. 643.6	5,154,848 \$ 6, 514,249 6,532,127 6,	8 273 228			
ty 5.382,877 5.77,088 497,010 603,619 the ty 5.382,877 5.728,986 5.440,673 5.382,877 5.728,986 5.440,673 5.382,877 5.728,986 5.440,673 5.382,877 5.282,986 5.440,673 5.890,249 the tereration 1.053,198 803,364 1.026,766 708,676 the typermits are contributions 5.377,120 5.05,965 5.05,94 465,259 the typermits and contributions 5.377,120 5.05,94 465,259 442,350 thris and contributions 5.377,120 5.05,940 5.05,923 5.05,940 5.0			6,232,688 \$	6,630,079 \$	6,747,274
works 5,440,673 4,834,937 5,890,849 and recreation 1,035,198 4,834,937 5,890,849 and recreation 1,035,198 803,364 1,026,760 708,676 recreation 1,330,2256 17,008,913 19,490,933 19,490,933 s for services: 56,596 10,600 30,169 70,630 s for services: 523,282 - - - s for services: 523,282 - - - s for services: 53,77,120 3,740,755 3,496,923 109,823 r fees 5,377,120 3,740,755 3,496,923 442,350 ng grants and contributions 5,377,120 3,740,755 3,496,923 3,471,659 grants and contributions of fees 6,684,980 4,274,097 4,028,404 5,619,753 grants and contributions of fees 6,684,980 4,274,097 4,028,404 5,619,753 reparts 1,056,400 10,544,097 10,544,097 10,544,097 10,544,097 10,544,097		586,746 6,883,168	1,639,349 7,283,620	660,614 7,376,206	772,442 7,741,781
and recreation and recreation and recreation and fiscal charges	5,479,357 5,	5,116,325	5,723,860	5,569,920	5,823,921
xpenses 17,309,256 17,008,913 16,953,828 19,490,933 m Revenues: 56,596 10,600 30,169 70,630 eview fees 21,417 16,798 36,053 109,823 tees 523,282 16,798 36,053 109,823 tees 706,565 505,944 465,259 442,350 ng grants and contributions 5,377,120 3,740,755 3,496,923 3,471,659 grants and contributions 6,684,980 4,274,097 4,028,404 5,619,753 typense) Revenue (10,624,276) (12,734,816) (12,925,424) (13,871,180) typense) Revenues 105,466 7,673,775 7,285,442 6,996,325 set axes 105,466 7,673,775 7,285,442 6	1,333,559 1,	1,105,780	990,495	932,211	870,948
s for services: 56,596 10,600 30,169 70,630 regermits 1 (4798 3 (45,259 10,802 10,804 10,802 10,802 10,802 10,802 10,802 10,803 10,803 10,804 10,802 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,804 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,804 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,804 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,803 10,800 10,000	19,014,140 20,	20,235,577	21,870,012	21,169,030	21,956,366
seview fees 21,417 16,798 30,169 70,630 30,169 70,630 30,169 70,630 30,169 70,630 30,169 70,630 30,169 70,630 30,1417 16,798 30,053 442,350 grants and contributions 2,377,120 3,740,755 3,496,923 3,471,659 grants and contributions 10,624,276 112,734,816 112,925,424 113,871,180 110,440 110,48 110,440 110,480 110,440 110,480 110,440 110,440 110,480 110,440 110,480 110,440 110,480 110,440 110,480 110,480 110,480 110,480 110,480 110,480 110,480 110,600,000 110,000,000 110,000,000 110,000,00					
rices 523,282	19,158	34,002	722,339	287,227	253,681
regrants and contributions 5,377,120 3,740,755 3,496,923 3,471,659 grants and contributions 6,684,980 4,274,097 4,028,404 5,619,753 (1,525,291 1,525,291 1,525,291 (1,624,276) (1,624,276) (12,734,816) (12,925,424) (13,871,180) (13,871,180) (12,925,424) (13,871,180) (13,473,46 2,818,100 2,964,090 3,278,009 and bridge taxes 105,460 105,460 105,460 105,460 35,920 33,116 et axes 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 163,040 104,440 171,048 173,213 39,931 aneous 18,687,894 18,844,090 (2,000,000) (2,000,000)	30,248	57,753	1,219,068	441,400	88,202
grants and contributions 5,377,120 3,740,755 3,496,923 3,471,659 442,350 grants and contributions 6,684,980 4,274,097 4,028,404 5,619,753 (10,624,276) (12,734,816) (12,925,424) (13,871,180) (13,871,180) grand specific ownership taxes 453,069 457,583 447,033 164,776 and use taxes 1,547,46 2,818,100 2,964,090 3,278,009 and bridge taxes 8,015,456 7,673,775 7,285,422 6,996,325 118, taxes 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 26,682 50,915 35,818 29,666 7,180,228 7,112,195 6,770,143 6,864,191 aneous 18,687,894 18,844,090 18,082,316 18,903,144 errs² (500,000) (2,000,000)		21,390 26,600	- 200	- 208	- 201 607
ng grants and contributions 5,377,120 3,740,755 3,496,923 3,471,659 grants and contributions and contributions and contributions trogram Revenues 6,684,980 4,274,097 4,028,404 5,619,753 spense) Revenue (10,624,276) (12,734,816) (12,925,424) (13,871,180) It Revenues: 453,069 457,583 447,033 164,776 and use taxes 105,460 105,044 93,920 93,116 and bridge taxes 8,015,456 7,673,775 7,285,442 6,996,325 and bridge taxes 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 sits taxes 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 get axes 104,440 71,048 6,770,143 6,864,191 ameous 292,173 393,945 12,66,402 ameous 18,687,894 18,844,090 18,082,316 18,903,144	443,624	200,000 487,150	453,264	552,823	589,460
grants and contributions 1 - 1,525,291 rogram Revenues 6,684,980 4,274,097 4,028,404 5,619,753 rpense) Revenue (10,624,276) (12,734,816) (12,925,424) (13,871,180) IR Revenues: 453,069 457,583 447,033 164,776 rry and specific ownership taxes 453,069 457,583 447,033 164,776 and use taxes 105,460 105,044 93,920 93,116 and bridge taxes 8,015,456 7,673,775 7,285,442 6,996,325 sise taxes 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 sise taxes 26,682 7,112,195 6,777,114 6,864,191 ametous 104,440 73,291 39,931 ametous 292,173 393,945 126,402 cers 2 (500,000) (500,000) (2,000,000) -1,26,402	É	3,889,572	3,851,678	4,134,420	4,010,962
rogram Revenues 6,684,980 4,274,097 4,028,404 5,619,753 stpense) Revenue (10,624,276) (12,734,816) (12,925,424) (13,871,180) IR Revenues: 453,069 457,583 447,033 164,776 and use taxes 105,460 2,818,100 2,964,090 3,278,009 and bridge taxes 8,015,456 7,633,775 7,285,442 6,996,325 sits taxes 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 sits taxes 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 stent earnings 7,180,228 7,112,195 6,770,143 6,864,191 ameous 292,173 393,945 126,402 seneral Revenues 18,687,894 18,844,090 18,002,000 - cers² (500,000) (500,000) (2,000,000) -	341,355	33,107			
trevenue (10,624,276) (12,734,816) (12,925,424) (13,871,180) il Revenues: 453,069 457,583 447,033 164,776 ry and specific ownership taxes 2,347,346 2,818,100 2,964,090 3,278,009 and use taxes 105,460 105,044 2,964,090 3,278,009 and bridge taxes 8,015,456 7,673,775 7,285,442 6,996,325 set axes 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 site taxes 26,682 50,915 35,818 29,666 set axes 104,440 71,048 73,291 39,311 sent carnings 292,173 393,945 252,552 1,266,402 seneral Revenues 18,687,894 18,844,090 18,082,316 18,903,144	4,573,801 4,	4,789,574	6,513,748	5,624,069	5,143,912
ry and specific ownership taxes 453,069 457,583 447,033 164,776 and use taxes 2,347,346 2,818,100 2,964,090 3,278,009 and bridge taxes 105,460 105,044 93,920 93,116 and bridge taxes 105,460 105,044 93,920 93,116 and bridge taxes 105,046 105,044 93,920 93,116 sise taxes 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 sise taxes 26,682 50,915 35,818 29,666 state carnings 7,180,228 7,112,195 6,770,143 6,864,191 ameous 104,440 71,048 73,291 39,931 ameous 18,687,894 18,844,090 18,082,316 18,903,144 2,200,000 crrs² (500,000) (500,000) (2,000,000) -	(14,440,339) (15,	(15,446,003)	(15,356,264)	(15,544,961)	(16,812,454)
try and specific ownership taxes 453,069 457,583 447,033 164,776 and use taxes 1.347,346 2,818,100 2,964,090 3,278,009 and bridge taxes 1.05,460 105,044 93,920 93,116 e taxes 8,015,456 7,673,775 7,285,442 6,996,325 itse taxes 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 26,682 50,915 35,818 29,666 7,180,228 7,112,195 6,770,143 6,864,191 aneous 292,173 393,945 252,552 1,266,402 errs² (500,000) (500,000) (2,000,000) errs²					
se taxes 1,347,346 1,347,346 1,347,346 1,347,346 1,347,346 1,347,346 1,347,346 1,347,346 1,347,346 1,347,346 1,347,347 1,348,342 1,348,342 1,348,342 1,348,342 1,348,342 1,348,342 1,348,343 1,348,343 1,348,344 1,348,344,090 1,344,09	163 008	561 790	027 077	1 012 708	1 040 482
ridge taxes 105,460 105,044 93,920 93,116 ss 8,015,456 7,673,775 7,285,442 6,996,325 axes 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 26,682 50,915 35,818 29,666 7,180,228 7,112,195 6,770,143 6,864,191 as 292,173 393,945 252,552 1,266,402 18,687,894 18,844,090 18,082,316 18,903,144 7 (500,000) (500,000) (500,000)	3	3.535,442	3,913,989	4,328,847	6,073,484
ss 8,015,456 7,673,775 7,285,442 6,996,325 axes 163,040 161,485 160,027 170,728 26,682 50,915 35,818 29,666 7,180,228 7,112,195 6,770,143 6,864,191 as 292,173 393,945 252,552 1,266,402 al Revenues 18,687,894 18,844,090 (2,000,000) -		97,394	98,451	100,666	100,889
axes 163.040 161.485 160.027 170.728 25.682 20.915 35.818 29.666 7.180.228 7.112.195 6.770.143 6.864.191 104.440 71.048 73.291 39.931 292.173 393.945 252.552 1.266.402 20.00000 (500.000) (500.000) (500.000) (500.000) -	7	7,849,034	7,982,553	8,633,162	8,304,755
arnings 7,180,228 7,112,195 6,770,143 6,864,191 104,440 71,048 73,291 39,931 292,173 393,945 252,552 1,266,402 all Revenues 18,687,894 18,844,090 (5,000,000) (5,000,000) - (5,000,000)		164,524	162,966	162,162	134,037
arnings 1,180,228 1,112,193 0,710,143 0,804,191 104,440 71,048 73,291 39,931 393,945 252,552 1,266,402		22,867	14,552	47,181	41,248
us 292,173 393,945 752,552 1,266,402 all Revenues 18,687,894 18,844,090 18,082,316 18,903,144 (500,000) (500,000) (2,000,000)	7,436,400 /,	7,933,146	7,937,140	8,497,859	8,403,8/4
Tal Revenues 18,687,894 18,844,090 18,082,316 18,903,144 (500,000) (500,000) (2,000,000)		445,978	408,876	427,488	398,172
(500,000) (500,000) (2,000,000)	20,352,702 20,	20,741,625	21,409,433	23,445,832	25,013,630
		-		-	
Total General Revenues and Transfers 18,187,894 18,344,090 16,082,316 18,903,144 11,886,400	20,352,702 20,	20,741,625	21,409,433	23,445,832	25,013,630
Special Item		-			
Q. Change in Net Position \$ 7,563,618 \$ 5,609,274 \$ 3,156,892 \$ 5,031,964 \$ (3,627,759) \$	5,912,363 \$ 5,	5,295,622 \$	6,053,169 \$	7,900,871	8,201,176

¹ The majority of these revenues are the City's share of State gaming revenue set aside for historical preservation projects.

Data Source: Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities - Percentage of Total Last Ten Calendar Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses:										
General government	29.3%	31.4%	28.0%	31.6%	30.1%	27.1%	32.3%	28.5%	31.3%	30.7%
Planning	2.1%	1.6%	2.9%	3.1%	3.2%	2.7%	2.9%	7.5%	3.1%	3.5%
Public safety	31.1%	33.7%	34.5%	31.4%	31.9%	34.4%	34.0%	33.3%	34.8%	35.3%
Public works	31.4%	28.6%	28.5%	30.2%	26.3%	28.8%	25.3%	26.2%	26.3%	26.5%
Interest and fiscal charges	6.1%	4.7%	6.1%	3.6%	8.5%	7.0%	5.5%	4.5%	4.4%	4.0%
Total Expenses	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services:										
Plan review fees	0.8%	0.2%	0.7%	1.3%	1.5%	0.4%	0.7%	11.1%	5.1%	4.9%
Building permits	0.3%	0.4%	0.9%	2.0%	2.2%	0.7%	1.2%	18.7%	7.8%	1.7%
Impact fees	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Transportation fees	7.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.6%	4.1%	3.7%	3.9%
Other	10.6%	11.8%	11.5%	7.9%	11.5%	9.7%	10.2%	7.0%	9.8%	11.5%
Operating grants and contributions	80.4%	87.5%	86.8%	61.8%	76.1%	81.8%	81.2%	59.1%	73.5%	78.0%
Capital grants and contributions	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	27.1%	8.7%	7.5%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Program Revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
General Revenues:										
Taxes:										
Property and specific ownership taxes	2.4%	2.4%	2.5%	0.9%	0.8%	0.8%	2.7%	3.4%	4.3%	4.2%
Sales and use taxes	12.6%	15.0%	16.4%	17.3%	15.8%	17.6%	17.0%	18.3%	18.5%	24.3%
Road and bridge taxes	0.6%	0.6%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%
Device taxes	42.9%	40.7%	40.3%	37.0%	42.5%	41.3%	37.8%	37.3%	36.8%	33.2%
Franchise taxes	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.7%	0.5%
Other	0.1%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%
Gaming	38.4%	37.7%	37.4%	36.3%	34.1%	36.5%	38.2%	37.1%	36.2%	33.6%
Investment earnings	0.6%	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%	0.4%	0.5%	0.6%	0.8%	1.0%	2.1%
Miscellaneous	1.6%	2.1%	1.4%	6.7%	4.9%	1.8%	2.2%	1.9%	1.8%	1.6%
Total General Revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Data Source:Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Changes in Net Position - Business-type Activities Last Ten Calendar Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses: Water	\$ 3,136,516	\$ 2,933,612	\$ 3,361,705	\$ 3,564,661	\$ 3,731,731	\$ 3,756,621	\$ 3,612,095	\$ 3,062,700	\$ 3,857,312	\$ 3,112,203
Program Revenues: Charges for services - water Onesering ground contributions	3,047,644	2,981,338	2,982,990	2,984,365	2,792,603	2,754,939	2,793,711	2,721,311	2,581,413	2,564,993
Capital grants and contributions						1		2,842,141		
Total Program Revenues	3,047,644	2,981,338	2,982,990	2,984,365	2,792,603	2,754,939	2,793,711	5,563,452	2,581,413	2,564,993
Net (Expense) Revenue	\$ (88,872) \$	\$ 47,726	\$ (378,715)	\$ (580,296)	\$ (939,128)	\$ (1,001,682)	\$ (818,384)	\$ 2,500,752	\$ (1,275,899)	\$ (547,210)
General Revenues: Investment earnings	14,215	15,036	10,658	1,448	9,050	8,923	9,024	23,021	35,287	96,62
Miscellaneous 1,2	1,790,365	45,003	17,900	15,619	75,700	(323,742)	232,440	. 1	2,670	3,603
Total General Revenues	1,804,580	60,039	28,558	17,067	84,750	(314,819)	241,464	23,021	37,957	83,599
Transfers In '	500,000	500,000	2,000,000	1	8,500,000		1	1	1	1
Total General Revenues and Transfers	2,304,580	560,039	2,028,558	17,067	8,584,750	(314,819)	241,464	23,021	37,957	83,599
Change in Net Position	\$ 2,215,708 \$	\$ 607,765	\$ 1,649,843	\$ (563,229)	\$ 7,645,622	\$ (1,316,501)	\$ (576,920)	\$ 2,523,773	\$ (1,237,942)	\$ (463,611)

¹ In 2010, the Water Fund Sold \$2,322,000 in Water Rights.

² In 2015, the loss is due to old water plant removed from service *Data Source:*Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Changes in Net Position - Total Last Ten Calendar Years (accrual basis of accounting)

,	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 17,309,256 3,136,516	\$ 17,008,913 2,933,612	\$ 16,953,828 3,361,705	\$ 19,490,933 3,564,661	\$ 20,133,275 3,731,731	\$ 19,014,140 3,756,621	\$ 20,235,577 3,612,095	\$ 21,870,012 3,062,700	\$ 21,169,030 3,857,312	\$ 21,956,366 3,112,203
Total Primary Government Expenses	20,445,772	19,942,525	20,315,533	23,055,594	23,865,006	22,770,761	23,847,672	24,932,712	25,026,342	25,068,569
Program Revenues: Governmental activities Business-type activities	6,684,980	4,274,097 2,981,338	4,028,404 2,982,990	5,619,753 2,984,365	4,619,116 2,792,603	4,573,801 2,754,939	4,789,574 2,793,711	6,513,748 5,563,452	5,624,069 2,581,413	5,143,912 2,564,993
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	9,732,624	7,255,435	7,011,394	8,604,118	7,411,719	7,328,740	7,583,285	12,077,200	8,205,482	7,708,905
Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	(10,624,276) (88,872)	(12,734,816) 47,726	(12,925,424) (378,715)	(13,871,180) (580,296)	(15,514,159) (939,128)	(14,440,339) (1,001,682)	(15,446,003) (818,384)	(15,356,264) 2,500,752	(15,544,961) (1,275,899)	(16,812,454) (547,210)
Total Primary Government Net (Expense) Revenue	(10,713,148)	(12,687,090)	(13,304,139)	(14,451,476)	(16,453,287)	(15,442,021)	(16,264,387)	(12,855,512)	(16,820,860)	(17,359,664)
General Revenues and Transfers: Governmental activities Business-type activities	18,187,894 2,304,580	18,344,090 560,039	16,082,316 2,028,558	18,903,144 17,067	11,886,400 8,584,750	20,352,702 (314,819)	20,741,625 241,464	21,409,433 23,021	23,445,832	25,013,630 83,599
Total Primary Government General Revenues and Transfe 20,492,474	20,492,474	18,904,129	18,110,874	18,920,211	20,471,150	20,037,883	20,983,089	21,432,454	23,483,789	25,097,229
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	7,563,618 2,215,708	5,609,274	3,156,892 1,649,843	5,031,964 (563,229)	(3,627,759)	5,912,363 (1,316,501)	5,295,622 (576,920)	6,053,169	7,900,871 (1,237,942)	8,201,176 (463,611)
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$ 9,779,326	\$ 6,217,039	\$ 4,806,735	\$ 4,468,735	\$ 4,017,863	\$ 4,595,862	\$ 4,718,702	\$ 8,576,942	\$ 6,662,929	\$ 7,737,565

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Government-wide Net Position by Category ¹ Last Ten Calendar Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental Activities 2 Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestracted	⇔	58,845,435 \$ 11,573,438 1,452,374	60,544,095 \$ 9,665,887 7,270,538	67,923,663 \$ 9,724,273 2,989,476	76,600,278 \$ 8,349,208 719,890	79,395,142 \$ 10,276,027 (7,629,553)	81,943,706 \$ 8,016,600 (1,617,404)	74,305,635 \$ 9,669,514 9,963,375	75,069,663 \$ 9,448,113 15,173,917	77,930,646 \$ 9,441,948 20,219,970	83,284,813 13,702,693 18,806,234
Total Governmental Activities Net Position		71,871,247	77,480,520	80,637,412	85,669,376	82,041,616	88,342,902	93,938,524	99,691,693	107,592,564	115,793,740
Business-type Activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted		27,674,445	27,399,977	33,735,236	33,438,158	36,207,873	37,408,763	36,564,675	35,675,705	34,737,815	34,198,991
Unrestricted		4,456,948	5,339,181	653,765	387,614	5,263,521	2,746,130	3,013,298	6,426,041	6,125,989	6,201,202
Total Business-type Activities Net Position		32,131,393	32,739,158	34,389,001	33,825,772	41,471,394	40,154,893	39,577,973	42,101,746	40,863,804	40,400,193
Primary Government Net investment in capital assets		86,519,880	87,944,072	101,658,899	110,038,436	115,603,015	119,352,469	110,870,310	110,745,368	112,668,461	117,483,804
Restricted Unrestricted		11,573,438 5,909,322	9,665,887 12,609,719	9,724,273 3,643,241	8,349,208 1,107,504	10,276,027 (2,366,032)	8,016,600 1,128,726	9,669,514 12,976,673	9,448,113 21,599,958	9,441,948 26,345,959	13,702,693 25,007,436
Total Primary Government Net Position	se.	104,002,640 \$	104,002,640 \$ 110,219,678 \$	115,026,413 \$	119,495,148 \$	123,513,010 \$	128,497,795 \$	133,516,497 \$	141,793,439 \$	148,456,368 \$	156,193,933

Data Source: Applicable years' annual financial report.

¹ Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted only when (1) an external party, such as the State of Colorado or the federal government, places a restriction on how the resources may be used, or (2) enabling legislation which is enacted by the City. There are no restrictions currently reported as a result of enabling legislation.

² Includes the Black Hawk Business Improvement District.

Black Hawk, Colorado
General Governmental Revenues by Source
Last Ten Calendar Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

\$ 11.104,126 \$ 11,258,878 \$ 10,986,330 \$ 10,732,620 \$ 12,390,241 \$ 14,284,726 \$ 15,69 11,542,391 10,21,884 10,324,091 11,542,391 11,786,166 11,798,079 12,640,964 12,42 11,242,391 10,860,974 10,277,563 11,576,044 10,883,813 11,528,317 11,865,166 11,798,079 12,640,964 12,42 11,242,391 42,536 47,674 47,523 52,121 65,391 61,375 43,42 98,366 88 1,242,465 455,510 42,346 48,236 48,236 10,813,49 89,5068 89 1,244,40 71,048 73,291 39,931 90,255 101,812 13,442 98,5068 89 485,756 485,756 48,378 1,033,948 353,101 43,663 16,1,76 235,759 51 485,756 48,378 48,378 48,378 48,378 46,378 46,378 46,378 46,378 47,978 46,388 89,178 52,069,990 52,0	\$ 11,104,126 \$ 11,258,878 1,542,391 1,021,884 10,860,974 es and permits 26,420 23,266 und forfeitures 38,975 54,510 54,56 38,975 54,5510 54,66 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,242,465 1,243,510 1,048	30 24 7 49 88	\$ 10,732,620 11,576,014 118,014 47,523 457,266 39,931 1,464,354 \$ 24,435,722	\$ 12,330,461	\$ 12,450,243				
1,542,391 11,021,844 10,860,974 10,277,563 11,576,014 118,014 10,883,803 11,528,317 11,865,166 11,798,079 12,640,964 12,42 28,425 11,244,465 11,244,566 11,798,079 11,244,599 11	l assessments	5 7 4 9 7 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	11,576,014 118,014 47,523 457,266 39,931 1,464,354 \$ 24,435,722	10,883,803	. 1, 00, 11	\$ 12 231 051	\$ 12 902 241	\$ 14 284 726	\$ 15 694 89
1,021,884 10,860,974 10,277,563 11,576,014 10,883,803 11,528,317 11,865,166 11,998,079 12,640,964 12,42 26,420 23,266 61,461 47,523 5,2121 65,231 12,332 1,334,599 39,386 89 1,242,465 45,5510 422,346 457,266 482,390 360,238 134,499 161,176 233,739 360,139 104,440 71,048 73,291 39,931 90,255 101,812 131,450 161,176 233,739 361,180 485,756 582,991 440,773 1,464,354 1,033,948 353,101 436,637 399,615 418,803 380,168 1,242,465 46,173 1,464,357 2,5641,355 2,543,11,199 2,575,923,181 2,20,69,901 2,300,69,901 2,20% 40,2%	wermental 11,021,884 10,860,974 es and permits 26,420 23,266 und forfeitures 38,975 54,566 und forfeitures 11,242,465 455,510 t and development fees 104,440 71,048 laneous 485,756 582,991 evenues \$ 25,566,457 \$ 23,307,233	10,27 4 42 42 7 7 7 22,30	11 24	10,883,803	•		1 1	21.	0,000
100.0% <	es and permits 1,021,004 10,000,374 es and permits 26,420 23,266 und forfeitures 38,975 54,566 ss for services 1,242,465 455,510	10,27 4 6 6 44 44 44 22,30	1 24	10,000,000	11 570 217	11 965 166	070 070	12 640 064	12 422 42
2.6,420 2.3,266 4.7,74 118,014 168,438 6/501 12,352 1,345,29 96,195 143,522 143,542 98,386 18,144 1,242,465 45,566 61,461 47,526 482,309 36,0238 66,0398 1,334,999 895,688 89 1,242,465 455,510 422,346 457,266 482,309 36,0238 66,0398 1,334,999 895,688 89 104,40 71,048 73,291 39,931 90,255 101,812 131,466 48,376 41,880 38 8.5,566,457 \$ 23,307,233 \$ 22,309,438 \$ 24,435,722 \$ 25,041,355 \$ 24,926,503 \$ 25,531,199 \$ 27,923,181 \$ 29,069,901 \$ 30,15 N/A	se and permits 26,420 23,266 and forfeitures 38,975 54,566 as for services 1,242,465 455,510 and development fees 104,440 71,048 laneous 485,756 582,991 evenues \$25,566,457 \$23,307,233 age from prior year N/A -8.8%	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1 42	011	11,020,11	001,000,11	11,790,019	12,040,204	2+,62+,71
38,975 54,566 61,461 47,523 52,121 65,291 61,575 43,542 98,386 8 1,242,465 455,510 422,346 457,266 482,309 360,238 660,398 1,349,99 895,088 89 10,4440 71,048 73,291 39,931 90,255 101,812 131,450 161,176 235,759 51 485,756 582,991 440,773 1,464,354 1,033,948 353,101 436,637 399,615 418,803 38 8 25,566,457 \$ 23,307,233 \$ 22,309,438 \$ 24,435,722 \$ 25,041,355 \$ 24,926,503 \$ 25,531,199 \$ 27,923,181 \$ 29,069,901 \$ 30,15 8 43,786 46,286 47,386 46,286 46,286 40,186 16,696 <td>and forfeitures 1,242,465 54,566 1,242,465 455,510</td> <td>6 42 7 7 7 44 44 42 22,30</td> <td>24,</td> <td>168,458</td> <td>67,501</td> <td>123,532</td> <td>1,283,529</td> <td>496,195</td> <td>144,728</td>	and forfeitures 1,242,465 54,566 1,242,465 455,510	6 42 7 7 7 44 44 42 22,30	24,	168,458	67,501	123,532	1,283,529	496,195	144,728
1.242465 455510 422346 457266 482309 360238 660398 1,334,999 895068 89 104440 71,04 71,04 73,291 39,31 90,255 101,812 131,450 161,17 235,759 51 485,756 582,991 440,773 1,464,354 1,033,948 353,101 436,637 399,615 418,803 38 5.5566,457 5.23,307,233 5.22,309,438 5.24,435,722 5.5041,355 5.24,926,503 5.25,31,199 5.7923,181 5.90,69,901 5.00 N/A -8.8% -4.3% 1,22% 2.0% 2.0% 1.50% 16.6% 6.0% 0.0%	tand development fees tand development fees tand development fees tand development fees 104,465 455,510 - 104,440 71,048 Inneous 485,756 582,991 evenues \$ 25,566,457 \$ 23,307,233 Inneous	44 44 22,30	1,4	52,121	65,291	61,575	43,542	98,386	88,673
104,440 71,048 73,291 39,331 90,255 101,812 131,450 161,176 235,759 51 485,756 582,991 440,773 1,464,354 1,033,948 353,101 436,637 399,615 418,803 38 5.25,566,457 5.23,307,233 5.22,309,438 5.24,435,722 5.25,041,355 5.24,926,503 5.25,331,199 5.27,923,181 5.29,069,901 5.30,15 5.25,566,457 5.23,307,233 5.22,309,438 5.24,435,722 5.25,041,355 5.24,926,503 5.25,331,199 5.27,923,181 5.29,069,901 5.30,15 5.25,566,457 5.23,307,233 5.24,435,722 5.25,041,355 5.24,926,503 5.25,331,199 5.27,923,181 5.29,069,901 5.30,15 5.07,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 6.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 6.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 6.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 6.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 6.09,6 0.09,6 0.00,6 0.09,6 0.00,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 0.09,6 6.09,6 0.09,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.09,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.09,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.09,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.09,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 6.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,6 0.00,	t and development fees nent earnings 104,440 71,048 laneous 485,756 582,991 evenues \$ 25,566,457 \$ 23,307,233 nge from prior year N/A -8.8%	7 44 22,30	39,931 1,464,354 \$ 24,435,722	482,309	360,238	8660,398	1,334,999	892,068	899,549
104,440 71,048 73,291 39,31 90,255 101,812 131,450 161,176 235,759 51 485,756 582,991 440,773 1,464,354 1,033,948 353,101 436,637 399,615 4418,803 38 S 25,566,457 \$ 23,307,233 \$ 22,309,438 \$ 24,435,722 \$ 25,041,355 \$ 24,926,503 \$ 25,531,199 \$ 27,923,181 \$ 29,069,901 \$ 30,15 N/A -8.8% -4.3% 4.8% 12.2% 2.0% 2.0% 10.6% 6.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 6.0% 0.0%	nent earnings 104,440 71,048 lancous 485,756 582,991 evenues \$ 25,566,457 \$ 23,307,233 nge from prior year N/A -8.8%	7 44 22,30	39,931 1,464,354 \$ 24,435,722		•	21,390	1	1	1
485,756 582,991 440,773 1,464,354 1,033,948 353,101 436,637 399,615 418,803 38 S 25,566,457 S 23,307,233 S 22,309,438 S 24,435,722 S 25,041,355 S 24,926,503 S 25,531,199 S 27,923,181 S 29,069,901 S 30,15 N/A -8.8% -4.3% 4.8% 12.2% 2.0% 2.0% 12.0% 16.6% 6.0% 0.0%	laneous	22,30	1,464,354	90,255	101,812	131,450	161,176	235,759	516,689
8.5.566,457 \$ 23,307,233 \$ 224,309,438 \$ 24,435,722 \$ 25,041,355 \$ 24,926,503 \$ 25,531,199 \$ 27,923,181 \$ 29,069,901 \$ 30,169 N/A -8.8% -4.3% 12.2% 2.0% 2.0% 12.0% 15.0% 16.6% 43.4% 48.3% -49.2% 49.9% 47.9% 46.2% 49.1% 52.0 6.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 43.1% 46.6% 46.1% 47.4% 43.5% 46.5% 45.2% 49.1% 52.0% 0.1% 0.0%	\$ 25,566,457 \$ 23,307,233 nge from prior year N/A -8.8%	22,30	\$ 24,435,722	1,033,948	353,101	436,637	399,615	418,803	389,582
N/A -8.8% -4.3% 4.8% 12.2% 2.0% 2.0% 12.0% 15.6% 43.4% 48.3% 49.2% 43.9% 49.9% 47.9% 46.2% 49.1% 52.0% 6.0% 0.0%	nge from prior year	7 30%		\$ 25,041,355	\$ 24,926,503	\$ 25,531,199	\$ 27,923,181	\$ 29,069,901	\$ 30,157,542
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		14.070	4.8%	12.2%	2.0%	2.0%	12.0%	16.6%	18.1%
6.0% 0.0% <th< th=""><th>43.4%</th><th>40 20%</th><th>43 0%</th><th>49.2%</th><th>40 0%</th><th>47 9%</th><th>46.2%</th><th>40.1%</th><th>%0 65</th></th<>	43.4%	40 20%	43 0%	49.2%	40 0%	47 9%	46.2%	40.1%	%0 65
6.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 43.1% 46.6% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 43.1% 46.6% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 43.1% 46.6% 46.1% 47.4% 43.5% 46.2% 46.5% 42.3% 43.5% 0.1% 0.1% 0.2% 0.7% 0.3% 0.2% 0.5% 0.3% 0.3% 0.2% 0.2% 0.2% 0.2% 0.2% 0.3% 0.3% 0.3% 0.0% 0	0/+:C+	47.77	0/7:5+	47:7	0/6/64	0/0//+	40.7	47.1.70	0/0.70
43.1% 46.6% 46.1% 47.4% 43.5% 46.2% 46.5% 42.3% 43.5% 0.1% 0.1% 0.2% 0.5% 0.7% 0.3% 0.5% 4.6% 1.7% 0.2% 0.2% 0.2% 0.2% 0.2% 0.2% 0.3% 0.2% 0.2% 0.2% 0.2% 0.2% 0.3% 4.9% 1.9% 1.9% 1.4% 2.6% 4.8% 3.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.4% 0.3% 0.2% 0.4% 0.5% 0.6% 0.8% 1.9% 1.9% 1.4% 1.4% 1.4% 1.4% 1.4% 1.9% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.4% 0.3% 6.0% 4.1% 1.4% 1.4% 1.4% 100.0% 100.0% 1.00.0% 1.00.0% 1.00.0% 1.00.0% 1.00.0%	%0.9	%0.0	%0:0	%0:0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	43.1%	46.1%	47.4%	43.5%	46.2%	46.5%	42.3%	43.5%	41.2%
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.1%	0.2%	0.5%	0.7%	0.3%	0.5%	4.6%	1.7%	0.5%
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.5%	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4.9%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%	1.4%	2.6%	4.8%	3.1%	3.0%
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0:0%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
1.9% 2.5% 2.0% 6.0% 4.1% 1.4% 1.7% 1.4% 1.4% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	0.4%	0.3%	0.2%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	%9.0	%8.0	1.7%
100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	1.9%	2.0%	%0.9	4.1%	1.4%	1.7%	1.4%	1.4%	1.3%
Data Source: Annicable wassel annual francial remort	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	<i>Sata Source:</i> unilcable waars' annual financial renort								

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Tax Revenues by Source - Governmental Funds Last Ten Calendar Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Amounts			
Calendar	Property and	Road and	Sales				
Year	Ownership	Bridge	and Use	Franchise	Device	Other	Total
2010	453,069	105,460	2,347,346	163,040	8,015,456	19,755	11,104,126
2011	457,583	105,044	2,818,100	161,485	7,673,775	42,891	11,258,878
2012	446,789	93,920	2,964,090	160,027	7,285,442	35,818	10,986,086
2013	164,776	93,116	3,278,009	170,728	6,996,325	29,666	10,732,620
2014	161,294	90,711	3,220,682	176,667	8,663,562	17,545	12,330,461
2015	163,998	88,051	3,573,353	162,974	8,410,437	51,430	12,450,243
2016	561,790	97,394	3,535,442	164,524	7,849,034	22,867	12,231,051
2017	729,730	98,451	3,913,989	162,966	7,982,553	14,552	12,902,241
2018	1,012,708	100,666	4,328,847	162,162	8,633,162	47,181	14,284,726
2019	1,040,482	100,889	6,073,484	134,037	8,304,755	41,248	15,694,895
Percentage Change In Dollars Over							
10 Years	129.7%	-4.3%	158.7%	-17.8%	3.6%	108.8%	41.3%
			Pe	Percentage of Total			
2010	4.1%	%6:0	21.1%	1.5%	72.2%	0.2%	100.0%
2011	4.1%	%6.0	25.0%	1.4%	68.2%	0.4%	100.0%
2012	4.1%	0.9%	27.0%	1.5%	96.3%	0.3%	100.0%
2013	1.5%	0.9%	30.5%	1.6%	65.2%	0.3%	100.0%
2014	1.3%	0.7%	26.1%	1.4%	70.3%	0.1%	100.0%
2015	1.3%	0.7%	28.7%	1.3%	%9.79	0.4%	100.0%
2016	4.6%	%8.0	28.9%	1.3%	64.2%	0.2%	100.0%
2017	5.7%	0.8%	30.3%	1.3%	61.9%	0.1%	100.0%
2018	7.1%	0.7%	30.3%	1.1%	60.4%	0.3%	100.0%
2019	%9.9	%9.0	38.7%	%6.0	52.9%	0.3%	100.0%

Notes:

Data Source: Applicable years' annual financial report.

 $^{^{\}rm I}$ The significant increase in 2014 Device revenue is due to incresed fees per device.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado City's Share of State Gaming Taxes Last Ten Calendar Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Calendar Year	Unrestricted ²	Restricted For Preservation ³ and Restoration	Total	Total Percentage Change
2010	7,180,228	3,649,036	10,829,264	n/a
2011	7,112,195	3,557,150	10,669,345	-1.48%
2012	6,770,143	3,387,232	10,157,375	-4.80%
2013	6,864,191	3,457,536	10,321,727	1.62%
2014	6,957,400	3,496,881	10,454,281	1.28%
2015	7,436,400	3,691,877	11,128,277	6.45%
2016	7,933,146	3,844,192	11,777,338	5.83%
2017	7,937,140	3,803,758	11,740,898	-0.31%
2018	8,497,859	3,970,589	12,468,448	6.20%
2019	8,403,874	3,873,403	12,277,277	-1.53%
Percentage Change in				
Dollars Over 10 Years	17.0%	6.1%	13.4%	

Notes:

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

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¹ The State Constitutional amendment that authorized limited gaming in three Colorado cities requires limited gaming establishments to pay up to 40% of their adjusted gross profits (the total amount of all wagers made by players less all payments to players) to the State of Colorado. A portion of these taxes is returned to the gaming cities.

² The State of Colorado must distribute 10% of their state gaming taxes to the three gaming cities in Colorado, in proportion to the gaming revenues generated in each respective city.

³ 20% of the state gaming taxes distributed to the State of Colorado's state historical fund to be used for restoration and preservation of the three gaming cities in Colorado in proportion to the gaming revenues generated in the respective cities.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Calendar Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Current: General government Planning Public safety Public works Culture and recreation	\$ 4,665,541 355,913 5,114,851 3,970,172	\$ 4,938,760 273,146 5,494,572 3,375,410	\$ 4,332,570 498,587 5,558,717 3,281,917	\$ 5,592,755 602,976 5,801,721 3,802,617	\$ 5,552,153 643,596 6,074,576 3,347,852	\$ 4,624,739 512,442 6,197,919 3,166,676	\$ 6,030,584 587,914 6,444,945 3,332,495	\$ 5,616,248 1,635,208 6,923,541 4,000,770	\$ 6,328,712 662,537 7,082,309 3,850,907	\$ 6,282,963 762,472 7,313,889 3,576,569
Total Current	14,106,477	14,081,888	13,671,791	15,800,069	15,618,177	14,501,776	16,395,938	18,175,767	17,924,465	17,935,893
% Change From Prior Year	N/A	-0.2%	-2.9%	12.2%	14.2%	-8.2%	5.0%	25.3%	23.6%	9.4%
Capital Outlay	2,858,093	3,429,946	8,935,971	11,152,246	5,496,918	5,708,698	6,372,277	9,313,328	6,035,343	7,618,534
% Change From Prior Year	N/A	20.0%	160.5%	225.1%	-38.5%	-48.8%	15.9%	63.1%	5.7%	19.6%
Debt Service Principal Interest and fees	3,392,694	1,904,871 673,756	2,270,000 586,958	990,000	1,770,000	1,685,000	1,850,000	1,895,000 953,840	1,950,000	2,015,000 834,758
Total Debt Service	4,208,877	2,578,627	2,856,958	1,688,967	3,347,074	2,989,375	2,935,695	2,848,840	2,845,870	2,849,758
% Change From Prior Year	N/A	-38.7%	10.8%	-40.9%	17.2%	77.0%	-12.3%	-4.7%	-4.8%	-2.9%
Total Expenditures	\$ 21,173,447	\$ 20,090,461	\$ 25,464,720	\$ 28,641,282	\$ 24,462,169	\$ 23,199,849	\$ 25,703,910	\$ 30,337,935	\$ 26,805,678	\$ 28,404,185
% Change From Prior Year	N/A	-5.1%	26.8%	12.5%	-3.9%	-19.0%	5.1%	30.8%	15.5%	10.5%
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	23.0%	15.5%	17.3%	9.7%	17.6%	17.1%	15.2%	13.6%	13.7%	13.7%

Data Source: Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado General Governmental Current Expenditures by Function (Unaudited) ¹ Last Ten Calendar Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
Current: General government Planning Public safety Public works Culture and recreation	\$ 4,665,541 355,913 5,114,851 3,970,172	\$ 4,938,760 273,146 5,494,572 3,375,410	\$ 4,332,570 498,587 5,558,717 3,281,917	\$ 5,592,755 602,976 5,801,721 3,802,617	\$ 5,552,153 643,596 6,074,576 3,347,852	\$ 4,624,739 \$12,442 6,197,919 3,166,676	\$ 6,030,584 587,914 6,444,945 3,332,495	\$ 5,616,248 1,635,208 6,923,541 4,000,770	\$ 6,328,712 662,537 7,082,309 3,850,907	\$ 6,282,963 762,472 7,313,889 3,576,569
Total Current	\$ 14,106,477	\$ 14,081,888	\$ 13,671,791	\$ 15,800,069	\$ 15,618,177	\$ 14,501,776	\$ 16,395,938	\$ 18,175,767	\$ 17,924,465	\$ 17,935,893
Current: General government Planning Public safety Public works Parks and recreation Total Current	33.1% 2.5% 36.3% 28.1% 0.0%	35.1% 1.9% 39.0% 24.0% 0.0%	31.7% 3.6% 40.7% 24.0% 0.0%	35.4% 3.8% 36.7% 24.1% 0.0%	35.5% 4.1% 38.9% 21.4% 0.0%	31.9% 3.5% 42.7% 21.8% 0.0%	36.8% 3.6% 39.3% 20.3% 0.0%	30.9% 9.0% 38.1% 22.0% 0.0%	35.3% 3.7% 39.5% 21.5% 0.0%	35.0% 4.3% 40.8% 19.9% 100.0%

Notes: $^{\prime}$ Includes all governmental fund types.

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Summary of Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Calendar Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Source	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Total Revenues	\$ 25,566,457	\$ 23,307,233	\$ 22,309,438	\$ 24,435,722	\$ 25,041,355	\$ 24,926,503	\$ 25,531,199	\$ 27,923,181	\$ 29,069,901	\$ 30,157,542
Total Expenditures	21,173,447	20,090,461	25,464,720	28,641,282	24,462,169	23,199,849	25,703,910	30,337,935	26,805,678	28,404,185
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	4,393,010	3,216,772	(3,155,282)	(4,205,560)	579,186	1,726,654	(172,711)	(2,414,754)	2,264,223	1,753,357
Other Financing Sources Inception of capital lease obligation Issuance of bonds		1 1	1 1	10,000,000	12,000,000		- 6,680,000	1 1		
Bond premium Payment to refunded bond escrow				1	1		(6,727,167)			1
agent Transfers in Transfers out	2,286,913 (2,786,913)	3,198,000 (3,698,000)	9,181,183 (11,181,183)	4,747,523 (4,747,523)	17,044,047 (25,544,047)	15,438,061 (15,438,061)	3,180,437 (3,180,437)	3,029,941 (3,029,941)	9,965,332 (9,965,332)	8,219,441 (8,219,441)
Total Other Financing Sources	(500,000)	(500,000)	(2,000,000)	10,000,000	3,500,000		(47,167)		1	
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,893,010	2,716,772	(5,155,282)	5,794,440	4,079,186	1,726,654	(219,878)	(2,414,754)	2,264,223	1,753,357
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	20,070,877	23,963,887	26,680,659	21,525,377	27,319,817	31,399,003	33,125,657	32,905,779	30,491,025	32,755,248
Other Changes		1	1	1	-	1	-		1	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 23,963,887	\$ 26,680,659	\$ 21,525,377	\$ 27,319,817	\$ 31,399,003	\$ 33,125,657	\$ 32,905,779	\$ 30,491,025	\$ 32,755,248	\$ 34,508,605

Notes:

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

Exhibit XII

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Calendar Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010
General Fund	
Reserved	\$ 509,839
Unreserved	11,520,703
Subtotal General Fund	12,030,542
General Fund Percentage	
Change From Prior Year	n/a
All Other Governmental Funds	
Reserved ¹	8,374,197
Unreserved	
Special Revenue Funds	263,356
Capital Projects Funds	3,295,792
Subtotal All Other	
Governmental Funds	11,933,345
Total Governmental Funds	
Reserved	8,884,036
Unreserved	15,079,851
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 23,963,887
All Governmental Funds	
Percentage Change	n/a

Notes:

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

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¹ For consistency, the fund balance in the debt service fund was reclassified from unreserved to reserved for ² The City implemented GASB 54 in 2011, which requires significantly different Fund Balance

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis of accounting) City of Black Hawk, Colorado

	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund:									
Assigned to: Emergencies Subsequent years' expenditures	\$ 512,000	\$ 677,000 187,784	\$ 806,000	\$ 630,000 237,383	\$ 602,000	\$ 745,000 192,893	\$ 809,000	\$ 834,000 433,763	\$ 866,000 199,947
Unassigned	14,523,564	8,484,885	18,221,384	10,920,414	7,813,019	10,998,486	14,780,203	12,746,637	13,001,307
Total General Fund	15,035,564	9,349,669	19,276,362	11,787,797	8,714,770	11,936,379	15,782,256	14,014,400	14,067,254
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable: Prepaid items	7,903	3,036	3,509	3,515	45,501	3,459	66,101	5,347	1,648
Restricted for:	600 220 4	1000100		704.01.03	012	600 000 4	20000	011 110	000 000 01
Debt Service	1,588,738	963,890	1,629,639	2,692,875	2,637,444	2,615,630	2,497,271	2,369,237	2,193,745
ransportation Parking Impact	2,274,609	33,203 1,739,207	1,492,759	30,606	32,233 $1,500,266$	1,526,657	1,532,841	9,701	9,826
Business Improvement District Conservation Trust	302,940 20,618	6,000	6,000	5,000	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	4,000
Assigned to: Capital projects Business Improvement District Unassigned:	2,417,632	2,906,577 163,559	253,482 243,256	9,671,041 290,623	16,693,144 257,642	12,000,751	5,891,133	9,928,030 199,523	7,171,376
Total All Other Governmental Funds	11,645,095	12,175,708	8,043,455	19,611,206	24,410,887	20,969,400	14,708,769	18,740,848	20,441,351
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 26,680,659	\$ 21,525,377	\$ 27,319,817	\$ 31,399,003	\$ 33,125,657	\$ 32,905,779	\$ 30,491,025	\$ 32,755,248	\$ 34,508,605

Notes:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Definitions, in Fiscal Year 2011. The City did not restate the prior years.

Data Source: Applicable years' comprehensive annual financial report.

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Black Hawk, Colorado Number of Devices - By Casino ^{1,2} Last Ten Calendar Years

								For the C	alendar Yea	For the Calendar Years December 31,	r 31,									
I	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	
•		fo %		Jo %		Jo %						Jo %						Jo %		Jo %
Major Casino	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total
Isle of Capri	1,165	13.8%	1,114	13.0%	1,108	13.1%	1,113	13.0%	1,120	13.4%	1,107	13.5%	1,111	14.4%	1,063	14.5%	1,004	14.0%	940	13.2%
Ameristar	1,548	18.4%	1,519	17.7%	1,519	18.0%	1,529	17.9%	1,423	17.0%	1,352	16.5%	1,245	16.2%	1,245	17.0%	1,253	17.4%	1,301	18.3%
Lodge	1,006	11.9%	1,023	11.9%	1,017	12.0%	1,039	12.1%	1,009	12.1%	1,007	12.3%	880	11.4%	995	13.6%	993	13.8%	985	13.8%
Monarch (Riviera)	753	8.9%	789	9.5%	722	8.5%	869	8.5%	631	7.5%	722	8.8%	735	9.5%	692	10.5%	765	10.6%	756	10.6%
Mardi Gras	929	8.0%	<i>LL</i> 9	7.9%	199	7.8%	822	%9.6	731	8.7%	700	8.5%	511	%9.9	462	6.3%	44	6.2%	435	6.1%
Lady Luck Casino	520	6.2%	537	6.2%	515	6.1%	494	5.8%	479	5.7%	466	5.7%	478	6.2%	467	6.4%	449	6.2%	421	5.9%
Z Casino (Bullwhackers)	310	3.7%	290	3.4%	282	3.3%	288	3.4%	415	2.0%	425	5.2%	442	5.7%	445	6.1%	428	2.9%	422	2.9%
Saratoga (Fitzgeralds)	734	8.7%	673	7.8%	909	7.2%	563	%9.9	544	6.5%	457	2.6%	467	6.1%	468	6.4%	457	6.4%	450	6.3%
Gilpin	407	4.8%	410	4.8%	309	3.7%	301	3.5%	307	3.7%	295	3.6%	295	3.8%	249	3.4%	348	4.8%	386	5.4%
Wild Card	405	4.8%	386	4.5%	386	4.6%	383	4.5%	382	4.6%	376	4.6%	362	4.7%	366	5.0%	249	3.5%	250	3.5%
Total Maior Casinos	7 524	89 3%	7 418	%6 3%	7175	84 3%	7 230	84 5%	7 041	% 1	6 907	84 3%	9259	84 7%	6 529	89 1%	6 393	%8 88	6 346	89 1%
•	!																			
All Other Casinos	904	10.7%	1,180	13.7%	1,328	15.7%	1,325	15.5%	1,329	15.9%	1,289	15.7%	1,181	15.3%	466	10.9%	803	11.2%	774	10.9%
Total All Casinos ⁵	8,428	100.0%	8,598	100.0%	8,453	100.0%	8,555	100.0%	8,370	100.0%	8,196	100.0%	7,707	100.0%	7,328	100.0%	7,196	100.0%	7,120	100.0%
•																				

1 The City adopted an ordinance imposing an occupational tax (i.e., a device fee) on gaming devices used within the City. The fee is paid on all gaming devices for which the State of Colorado has issued a device tax stamp.

 $^{2}\ \mathrm{Based}$ upon the number of devices at December 31 of each year.

Data Source:

4 City Finance Department

 $^{5}\mathrm{Colorado}$ Department of Revenue, Division of Gaming

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Annual Device Fee Rates Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Regular ^{2,3}	Main Street Improvements Fee ¹	Transportation Fee	Total
2010	750	89	77	916
2011	750	89	77	916
2012	750	-	77	827
2013	750	-	77	827
2014	945	-	77	1,022
2015	945	-	77	1,022
2016	945	-	44	989
2017	1,050	-	51	1,101
2018	1,050	-	41	1,091
2019	1,050	-	41	1,091

Notes:

Data Source:

City Finance Department

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¹ On June 1, 2012, the City repealed the Main Street Improvement Fee.

 $^{^2}$ On Nov 5, 2013, the City electors approved an increase of up to \$300 to offset new debt issuances.

³ On Nov 7, 2017, the City electors approved a fee of 4 times the regular device fee for live tables games effective Jan.1, 2018

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Principal General Device Fee Payers

For the Calendar Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2010 $^{\,1}$

Principal Device Fee Payers - Casinos	_	Total Fees ¹	Rank	Percentage of Total Fees
Ameristar	\$	1,561,350	1	19.30%
Lodge		1,116,150	2	13.80%
Isle of Capri		1,100,400	3	13.60%
Monarch (Riviera)		837,900	4	10.36%
Saratoga (Fitzgeralds)		510,300	5	6.31%
Mardi Gras		481,950	6	5.96%
Lady Luck		464,100	7	5.74%
Z Casino (Bullwhackers)		458,850	8	5.67%
Gilpin		405,300	9	5.01%
Wild Card		262,500	10	3.24%
Total Principal Fee Payers		7,198,800		88.98%
All Other Fee Payers		891,450		11.02%
Total	\$	8,090,250		100.00%
	2010			

Principal Device Fee Payers - Casinos	Total Fees ¹	Rank	Percentage of Total Fees
Ameristar	\$ 1,176,688	1	17.59%
Isle of Capri	\$ 883,563	2	13.21%
Lodge	\$ 755,875	3	11.30%
Riviera	\$ 569,563	4	8.51%
Fitzgeralds	\$ 547,188	5	8.18%
Mardi Gras	\$ 503,313	6	7.52%
Lady Luck	\$ 437,063	7	6.53%
Bullwhackers	\$ 357,500	8	5.34%
Canyon	\$ 310,375	9	4.64%
Gilpin	\$ 303,313	10	4.53%
Total Principal Fee Payers	5,844,441		87.37%
All Other Fee Payers	 844,750		12.63%
Total	\$ 6,689,191		100.00%

Notes:

Data Source:

City Finance Department.

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 $^{^{\}it I}$ The device fees do not include the Transportation Fee or the Main Street Improvement fees.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Calendar Years

	Direct	Overlapping	Total
Calendar		State of	Direct and
Year	City 1,2	Colorado	Overlapping
2010	5.50%	2.90%	8.40%
2011	5.50%	2.90%	8.40%
2012	5.50%	2.90%	8.40%
2013	5.50%	2.90%	8.40%
2014	5.50%	2.90%	8.40%
2015	5.50%	2.90%	8.40%
2016	5.50%	2.90%	8.40%
2017 *	6.00%	2.90%	8.90%
2018	6.00%	2.90%	8.90%
2019	6.00%	2.90%	8.90%

Notes:

Data Source: Colorado Department of Revenue, Sales Tax Information Division

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^{*} Additional 0.5% City tax approved by the voters in November 2016.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Ratios of Total Debt Outstanding by Type Last Ten Calendar Years

Total			යි	Governmental Activities	es		Bus	Business-type Activities	Sa			Total	
Revenue Bonds Bonds Leases Total Revenue Bonds Bonds Total Total 12,080,000 1,715,000 - 14,870 13,809,870 - - 11,905,000 9,635,000 - - 9,635,000 - - 11,905,000 18,645,000 - - 9,635,000 - - 9,635,000 28,875,000 - - - 9,635,000 - - 9,635,000 28,875,000 - - - 18,645,000 - - 9,635,000 28,875,000 - - - 28,875,000 - - 27,190,000 27,190,000 - - - 27,190,000 - - 27,190,000 25,330,000 - - - 23,435,000 - - 23,435,000 21,485,000 - - - 23,435,000 - - 23,435,000 21,485,000 - -	Calendar	Device Tax	General Obligation	Special Assessment	Capital		Device Tax	General Obligation			Estimated	Debt Per	Total Debt Per Gaming
12,880,000 1,715,000 - 14,870 13,809,870 - - 13,809,870 10,890,000 1,015,000 - - 11,905,000 - - 11,905,000 9,635,000 - - 9,635,000 - - 9,635,000 18,645,000 - - 18,645,000 - - 9,635,000 28,875,000 - - 18,645,000 - - 18,645,000 28,875,000 - - 28,875,000 - - 28,875,000 27,190,000 - - 27,190,000 - - 27,190,000 25,330,000 - - 25,330,000 - - 25,330,000 23,435,000 - - 23,435,000 - - 21,485,000 21,485,000 - - 19,470,000 - - 19,470,000	Year	Revenue Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Leases	Total	Revenue Bonds	Bonds	Total	Total '	Population 2	Capita ³	Device 4, 5
10,890,000 1,015,000 - - 11,905,000 - - 11,905,000 9,635,000 - - - 9,635,000 - - 9,635,000 18,645,000 - - - 18,645,000 - - 18,645,000 28,875,000 - - 28,875,000 - - 28,875,000 27,190,000 - - 27,190,000 - - 27,190,000 25,330,000 - - 25,330,000 - - 25,330,000 21,485,000 - - 21,485,000 - - 21,485,000 19,470,000 - - 19,470,000 - - 19,470,000	2010	12,080,000	1,715,000		14,870	13,809,870	•		٠	13,809,870	111	124,413	1,639
9,635,000 - - 9,635,000 - - 9,635,000 18,645,000 - - - - 18,645,000 28,875,000 - - - 28,875,000 27,190,000 - - 27,190,000 25,330,000 - - 27,190,000 23,435,000 - - 23,435,000 21,485,000 - - 19,470,000	2011	10,890,000	1,015,000			11,905,000	•	•	•	11,905,000	115	103,522	1,385
18,645,000 - - 18,645,000 - - 18,645,000 28,875,000 - - 28,875,000 - - 28,875,000 27,190,000 - - 27,190,000 - - 27,190,000 25,330,000 - - 25,330,000 - - 25,330,000 23,435,000 - - 21,485,000 - - 21,485,000 19,470,000 - - 19,470,000 - - 19,470,000	2012	9,635,000	•	•		9,635,000	•	•	•	9,635,000	115	83,783	1,140
28,875,000 - - 28,875,000 - - 28,875,000 27,190,000 - - - 27,190,000 - - 27,190,000 25,330,000 - - - 25,330,000 - - 25,330,000 23,435,000 - - 23,435,000 - - 21,485,000 19,470,000 - - 19,470,000 - - 19,470,000	2013	18,645,000	•			18,645,000	•	•	•	18,645,000	100	186,450	2,179
27,190,000 - - 27,190,000 - - 27,190,000 25,330,000 - - 25,330,000 - - 25,330,000 23,435,000 - - 23,435,000 - - 23,435,000 21,485,000 - - 21,485,000 - - 19,470,000	2014	28,875,000				28,875,000	•			28,875,000	100	288,750	3,450
25,330,000 - - 25,330,000 - - 25,330,000 23,435,000 - - - 23,435,000 - - 23,435,000 21,485,000 - - - 11,485,000 - - 19,470,000	2015	27,190,000	•			27,190,000	•	•	•	27,190,000		271,900	3,317
23,435,000 - - 23,435,000 - - 23,435,000 21,485,000 - - - 21,485,000 - - 21,485,000 19,470,000 - - 19,470,000 - - 19,470,000	2016	25,330,000				25,330,000	•			25,330,000		253,300	3,287
21,485,000 21,485,000 21,485,000 21,485,000 - 19,470,000 19,470,000 - 19,470,000	2017	23,435,000	•			23,435,000	•	•	•	23,435,000		234,350	3,198
19,470,000 19,470,000 - 19,470,000	2018	21,485,000				21,485,000	•			21,485,000		214,850	2,986
	2019	19,470,000	•			19,470,000	•	•	•	19,470,000		194,700	2,735

Notes:

³ Because of the City's small population, the debt per capita is extremely high. However, because of gaming, the City's daily population is in the range of 10,000 - 15,000.

Data Source:

¹ Applicable years' annual financial report.

⁴ Percentage of personal income or percentage of actual taxable value of property is not useful, since the City receives an immaterial amount of property taxes. A better measure is the debt per gaming device within the City.

⁶ Includes debt related to the Black Hawk Business Improvement District.

² Are estimated counts by City management and the Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Local Government.

⁵ Number of gaming devices. Colorado Department of Revenue, Gaming Division.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding ¹ Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	General Obligation Bonds ¹	Estimated Population	Debt Per Capita	Total G.O. Debt Per Gaming Device ^{2, 3}
2010	1,715,000	111	15,450	198
2011	1,015,000	115	8,826	118
2012	· · · · · -	115	-	-
2013	-	100	_	-
2014	-	100	_	-
2015	-	100	_	-
2016	-	100	_	-
2017	-	100	_	-
2018	-	100	-	-
2019	-	100	-	-

Notes:

Data Source:

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² Percentage of personal income or percentage of actual taxable value of property is not useful since the City receives an immaterial amount of property taxes. A better measure is debt per gaming device within the City.

¹ Applicable years' annual financial report.

³ Number of gaming devices. Colorado Department of Revenue, Gaming Division.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2019

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable ³	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
City Direct Debt:			
City:			
Device tax revenue bonds General obligation refunding bonds Capital leases	\$ 19,470,000 - -		
Black Hawk Business Improvement District:			
General obligation refunding bonds	-		
Total direct debt	\$ 19,470,000	100.00%	\$ 19,470,000
Overlapping Debt ^{2, 3, 5, 6}			
General Obligation Bonds: 4			
Miners Mesa Commercial Metropolitan District			
General obligation bonds	6,291,000	100.00%	6,291,000
Silver Dollar Metropolitan District General obligation bonds	15,930,000	100.00%	15,930,000
Tot			22,221,000
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 41,691,000

Notes:

Data Source:

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¹ The Black Hawk Business Improvement District is a blended component unit of the City.

² Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City.

³ For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another government unit's assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total assessed value.

⁴ Debt as of most current data available.

⁵ Although overlapping the City's boundaries, Black Hawk-Central City Sanitation District, Gilpin County RE-1 School District and Gilpin County do not have any outstanding governmental activities debt.

⁶ Each specific government.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Calendar Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Assessed Value ⁷	\$ 253,557,450	\$ 253,557,450 \$ 226,863,054 \$ 224,650,824 \$ 217,657,989 \$ 217,921,025 \$ 234,861,739 \$ 237,558,964 \$ 242,790,494 \$ 245,599,268 \$ 299,950,331	\$ 224,650,824	\$ 217,657,989	\$ 217,921,025	\$ 234,861,739	\$ 237,558,964	\$ 242,790,494	\$ 245,599,268	\$ 299,950,331
Legal Debt Margin										
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)	\$ 25,355,745	\$ 25,355,745 \$ 22,686,305 \$ 22,465,082 \$ 21,765,799 \$ 21,792,103 \$ 23,486,174 \$ 23,755,896 \$ 24,279,049 \$ 24,559,927 \$ 29,995,033	\$ 22,465,082	\$ 21,765,799	\$ 21,792,103	\$ 23,486,174	\$ 23,755,896	\$ 24,279,049	\$ 24,559,927	\$ 29,995,033
Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Less: Amount reserved for	1,715,000	1,015,000	1	1	1	,		,	•	ı
repayment of general obligation debt								•		
Total debt applicable to limit	1,715,000	1,015,000						٠		
Legal debt margin	\$ 23,640,745	\$ 23,640,745 \$ 21,671,305 \$ 22,465,082		\$ 21,765,799	\$ 21,792,103	\$ 23,486,174	\$ 23,755,896	\$ 24,279,049	\$ 24,559,927	\$ 29,995,033
As a percentage of debt limit	93.24%	95.53%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Data Source:

¹ Gilpin County Assessor

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Notes:

Data Source:

 $^{^{\}rm \it I}$ Information available for Gilpin County, not for the City.

 $^{^2}$ Gilpin County - 2009 - 2018 - U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

³ Gilpin County - U.S. Census Bureau.

 $^{^{\}it 4}$ Colorado Department of Labor and Employment.

 $^{^{5}}$ United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Principal Employers

For the Calendar Years 2015 and 2007 $\,^*$

		20	15	
Employer	Product or Service	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total
Ameristar Casino	Casino/Hotel	1,095	1	32.57%
Isle of Capri/Lady Luck Casino	Casino/Hotel	751	2	22.34%
Lodge/Gilpin Casino	Casino/Hotel	692	3	20.58%
Mardi Gras/Golden Gates/Golden Gulch	Casino	457	4	13.59%
Monarch Casino	Casino	367	5	10.92%
Total Principal Employers		3,362		100.00%

		20	07	
Employer	Product or Service	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total
Isle of Capri	Casino/Hotel	579	1	26.68%
The Lodge	Casino/Hotel	508	2	23.41%
Ameristar	Casino/Hotel	500	3	23.04%
Mardi Gras	Casino	322	4	14.84%
Rivera	Casino	261	5	12.03%
Total Principal Employers		2,170		100.00%

Data Source:

Colorado Division of Gaming

*2015 Figures the latest data available.

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado¹

Average Number of Employees - By Industry ²

Calendar Years 2010 - 2019

Industry	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Mining & Logging	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Construction	57	54	61	43	53	99	62	56	09	61
Manufacturing	10	1	15	16	ı	16	ı	1	ı	S
Trade, Retail & Wholesale	24	31	31	27	40	39	56	64	28	45
Information Tech	4	3	3	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Financial Activities	11	9	9	8	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Professional & Business Services	43	51	47	47	48	43	35	32	80	45
Health Care & Social Assistance	52	63	58	57	55	50	51	54	62	51
Leisure & Hospitality	4,574	4,648	4,444	4,296	4,170	4,142	4,129	4,093	3,997	3,755
Other Services	35	20	17	177	57	73	85	144	153	278
Public Administration	296	310	305	309	310	316	329	331	348	347
Total	5,106	5,186	4,987	4,980	4,733	4,745	4,747	4,775	4,728	4,587

Notes:

 $^{\it I}$ Information is only available for Gilpin County

Data Source:

² State of Colorado, Department of Labor and Employment, LMI Gateway, Historic Data, Employment, Industry Data

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Comparison of the Average Number of Gaming Devices by Gaming City Last Ten Calendar Years

	Black Hawk, Colorado	Colorado	Cripple Creek, Colorado	ς, Colorado	Central City, Colorado	', Colorado	Total	tal
Calendar Year	Number of Devices	Percentage of Total	Number of Devices	Percentage of Total	Number of Devices	Percentage of Total	Number of Devices	Percentage of Total
2010	8,906	58.0%	4,364	28.4%	2,085	13.6%	15,355	100.0%
2011	8,570	58.3%	3,879	26.4%	2,240	15.2%	14,689	100.0%
2012	8,527	57.0%	4,089	27.3%	2,347	15.7%	14,963	100.0%
2013	8,589	58.8%	3,998	27.4%	2,008	13.8%	14,595	100.0%
2014	8,456	29.6%	3,794	26.7%	1,943	13.7%	14,193	100.0%
2015	8,198	59.2%	3,708	26.8%	1,940	14.0%	13,846	100.0%
2016	7,944	58.8%	3,656	27.1%	1,909	14.1%	13,509	100.0%
2017	7,431	57.3%	3,598	27.8%	1,930	14.9%	12,959	100.0%
2018	7,196	55.7%	3,660	28.3%	2,061	16.0%	12,917	100.0%
2019	7,146	56.1%	3,592	28.2%	2,003	15.7%	12,741	100.0%
Percentage Change Over 10 Years	-19.8%	"	-17.7%		-3.9%		-17.0%	

Data Source: Colorado Department of Revenue

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City of Black Hawk, Colorado Comparison of the Average Number of Casinos by Gaming City Last Ten Calendar Years

	Black Hawk, Colorado	Colorado	Cripple Creek, Colorado	k, Colorado	Central City, Colorado	', Colorado	Total	tal
Calendar Year	Number of Casinos	Percentage of Total	Number of Casinos	Percentage of Total	Number of Casinos	Percentage of Total	Number of Casinos	Percentage of Total
2010	18	45.0%	15	37.5%		17.5%	40	100.0%
2011	18	45.0%	14	35.0%	8	20.0%	40	100.0%
2012	18	43.9%	15	36.6%	8	19.5%	41	100.0%
2013	18	46.2%	14	35.9%	7	17.9%	39	100.0%
2014	18	50.0%	12	33.3%	9	16.7%	36	100.0%
2015	17	48.6%	12	34.3%	9	17.1%	35	100.0%
2016	17	48.6%	12	34.3%	9	17.1%	35	100.0%
2017	15	45.5%	12	36.4%	9	18.2%	33	100.0%
2018	15	45.5%	12	36.4%	9	18.2%	33	100.0%
2019	15	45.5%	12	36.4%	9	18.2%	33	100.0%

Data Source:

Colorado Department of Revenue.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Comparison of the Average Number of Casino Employees by Gaming City $^{\it I}$

Last Ten Calendar Years

	Black Hawk, Colorado	Colorado	Cripple Creek, Colorado	k, Colorado	Central City, Colorado	', Colorado	Total	tal
Calendar Year	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total
2010	5.080	53.0%	3.542	36.9%	296	10.1%	685.6	100.0%
2011	4,993	53.9%	3,330	35.9%	941	10.2%	9,264	100.0%
2012	5,165	54.9%	3,236	34.4%	1,001	10.6%	9,402	100.0%
2013	5,339	55.4%	3,296	34.2%	166	10.4%	9,632	100.0%
2014	6,211	60.3%	3,187	30.9%	906	8.8%	10,304	100.0%
2015	6,834	63.4%	3,088	28.7%	853	7.9%	10,775	100.0%
2016	6,103	%9.89	1,846	20.7%	953	10.7%	8,902	100.0%
2017	6,274	%6'.29	1,643	17.8%	1,319	14.3%	9,236	100.0%
2018	5,718	63.8%	1,956	21.8%	1,282	14.3%	8,956	100.0%
2019 ²	5,718	63.8%	1,956	21.8%	1,282	14.3%	8,956	100.0%
Percentage Change In Employees Over 10 Years	12.56%		-44.78%		32.57%		23.50%	
N.04000								

Notes:

 $^{\it I}$ Includes licensed and non-licensed employees.

 $^2\ \mathrm{Figures}$ for 2019 unavaial ble at the time of publishing.

Data Source:

Colorado Department of Revenue.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Comparison of Adjusted Gross Proceeds (AGP) by Gaming City ¹ Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Annual Percentage Annual Annual Percentage Annual		Black	Black Hawk, Colorado	op	Crippl	Cripple Creek, Colorado	ope.	Cen	Central City, Colorado	ado		Total	
559,445,467 73.6% n/a 134,437,711 17.7% n/a 65,727,144 8.7% n/a 759,610,322 100.0% 550,883,660 73.4% -1.5% 13,405,587 17.5% -2.3% 67,819,656 9.0% 3.2% 750,108,903 100.0% 558,542,208 72.9% 14.% 133,160,559 17.4% 1.3% 74,551,241 9.7% 9.9% 766,254,008 100.0% 553,082,797 73.9% -1.0% 128,032,315 17.1% -3.9% 67,592,801 9.0% -9.3% 748,707,913 100.0% 560,598,893 75.1% 1.24,322,964 16.5% -3.6% 62,315,892 8.3% 748,7749 100.0% 595,792,993 75.4% 16.2% 2.3% 75.8% 8.4% 6.3% 790,078,237 100.0% 603,754,552 75.2% 13,43,734 16.3% 2.5% 77,886,088 8.7% 73,6 810,793,27 100.0% 621,432,374 74,0% 13,4% 16.5% 79,678	Calendar Year	Annual AGP	Percentage of Total	Percentage Change	Annual AGP	Percentage of Total	Percentage Change	Annual AGP	Percentage of Total	Percentage Change	Annual AGP	Percentage of Total	Percentage Change
550,883,660 73.4% -1.5% 131,405,587 17.5% -2.3% 67,819,656 9.0% 3.2% 750,108,903 100.0% 558,542,208 72.9% 1.4% 133,160,559 17.4% 1.3% 74,51,241 9.7% 9.9% 766,254,008 100.0% 553,682,797 73.9% 1.1% 1.3% 74,51,241 9.7% 9.9% 766,254,008 100.0% 553,082,797 73.9% 1.1% -3.9% 67,592,801 9.0% -9.3% 748,707.913 100.0% 560,98,893 75.1% 1.28,032,364 16.2% -3.6% 66,231,892 8.3% -7.8% 746,347,749 100.0% 595,792,993 75.4% 1.28,046,346 16.2% 2.6% 66,238,898 8.4% 6.3% 790,078,237 100.0% 609,754,552 75.2% 1.3% 16.3% 2.5% 71,886,388 8.7% 3.2% 820,549,20 100.0% 623,496,63 1.3% 1.40,570,139 16.9% 4.3% 79,678,312 <td< td=""><td>2010</td><td>559,445,467</td><td>73.6%</td><td>n/a</td><td>134,437,711</td><td>17.7%</td><td>n/a</td><td>65,727,144</td><td>8.7%</td><td>n/a</td><td>759,610,322</td><td>100.0%</td><td>n/a</td></td<>	2010	559,445,467	73.6%	n/a	134,437,711	17.7%	n/a	65,727,144	8.7%	n/a	759,610,322	100.0%	n/a
558,542,208 72.9% 1.4% 133,160,559 17.4% 1.3% 74,551,241 9.7% 9.9% 766,254,008 100.0% 553,082,797 73.9% -1.0% 128,032,315 17.1% -3.9% 67,592,801 9.0% -9.3% 748,707,913 100.0% 560,598,893 75.1% 1.4% 123,432,964 16.5% -3.6% 62,315,892 8.3% -7.8% 746,347,749 100.0% 595,792,993 75.4% 6.3% 128,046,346 16.2% 3.7% 66,238,898 8.4% 6.3% 790,078,237 100.0% 609,754,552 75.2% 131,393,766 16.2% 2.6% 69,645,209 8.6% 5.1% 810,793,527 100.0% 621,432,374 75.0% 1.9% 16.5% 78,983,290 9.4% 13.4% 842,103,912 100.0% 613,419,924 73.6% 1.13,% 16.5% 4.3% 79,678,312 9.6% 10.8% 833,668,375 100.0% 9.6% 1.3 1.3 1.46% <td>2011</td> <td>550,883,660</td> <td>73.4%</td> <td>-1.5%</td> <td>131,405,587</td> <td>17.5%</td> <td>-2.3%</td> <td>67,819,656</td> <td>%0.6</td> <td>3.2%</td> <td>750,108,903</td> <td>100.0%</td> <td>-1.3%</td>	2011	550,883,660	73.4%	-1.5%	131,405,587	17.5%	-2.3%	67,819,656	%0.6	3.2%	750,108,903	100.0%	-1.3%
553,082,797 73.9% -1.0% 128,032,315 17.1% -3.9% 67,592,801 90% -9.3% 748,707,913 100.0% 560,598,893 75.1% 1.4% 123,432,964 16.5% -3.6% 62,315,892 8.3% -7.8% 746,347,749 100.0% 595,792,993 75.4% 6.3% 128,046,346 16.2% 3.7% 66,238,898 8.4% 6.3% 790,078,237 100.0% 609,754,552 75.2% 2.3% 131,393,766 16.2% 2.6% 69,645,209 8.6% 5.1% 810,793,527 100.0% 621,432,374 75.0% 1.9% 134,736,458 16.3% 77,886,088 8.7% 3.2% 828,034,920 100.0% 613,419,924 73.6% 1.13% 16.9% 4.3% 79,678,312 9.6% 10.8% 833,668,375 100.0% 9.6% 3.6% 3.2% 828,034,920 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0%	2012	558,542,208	72.9%	1.4%	133,160,559	17.4%	1.3%	74,551,241	9.7%	%6.6	766,254,008	100.0%	2.2%
560,598,893 75.1% 1.4% 123,432,964 16.5% -3.6% 62,315,892 8.3% -7.8% 746,347,749 100.0% 595,792,993 75.4% 6.3% 128,046,346 16.2% 3.7% 66,238,898 8.4% 6.3% 790,078,237 100.0% 609,754,552 75.2% 2.3% 131,393,766 16.2% 2.6% 69,645,209 8.6% 5.1% 810,793,527 100.0% 621,432,374 75.0% 1.9% 134,736,458 16.3% 2.5% 71,886,088 8.7% 3.2% 828,034,920 100.0% 623,249,638 74.0% 1.9% 16.5% 4.3% 79,678,312 9.6% 10.8% 833,668,375 100.0% 613,419,924 73.6% 1.6.5% 4.3% 79,678,312 9.6% 10.8% 833,668,375 100.0% 9.6% 1.6.5% 1.6.9% 4.3% 79,678,312 9.6% 10.8% 833,668,375 100.0%	2013	553,082,797	73.9%	-1.0%	128,032,315	17.1%	-3.9%	67,592,801	%0.6	-9.3%	748,707,913	100.0%	-2.3%
595,792,993 75.4% 6.3% 128,046,346 16.2% 3.7% 66,238,898 8.4% 6.3% 790,078,237 100.0% 609,754,552 75.2% 2.3% 131,393,766 16.2% 2.6% 69,645,209 8.6% 5.1% 810,793,527 100.0% 621,432,374 75.0% 1.9% 134,736,458 16.3% 2.5% 71,886,088 8.7% 3.2% 828,054,920 100.0% 623,249,638 74.0% 2.2% 139,870,984 16.6% 6.5% 78,983,290 9.4% 13.4% 842,103,912 100.0% 613,419,924 73.6% 16.9% 4.3% 79,678,312 9.6% 10.8% 833,668,375 100.0% 9.6% 4.6% 4.3% 79,678,312 9.6% 10.8% 833,668,375 100.0%	2014	560,598,893	75.1%	1.4%	123,432,964	16.5%	-3.6%	62,315,892	8.3%	-7.8%	746,347,749	100.0%	-0.3%
609,754,552 75.2% 2.3% 131,393,766 16.2% 2.6% 69,645,209 8.6% 5.1% 810,793,527 100.0% 621,432,374 75.0% 1.9% 134,736,458 16.3% 2.5% 71,886,088 8.7% 3.2% 828,054,920 100.0% 623,249,638 74.0% 2.2% 139,870,984 16.6% 6.5% 78,983,290 9.4% 13.4% 842,103,912 100.0% 613,419,924 73.6% 140,570,139 16.9% 4.3% 79,678,312 9.6% 10.8% 833,668,375 100.0% 9.6% 4.6% 4.6% 4.3% 21.2% 10.0% 9.7%	2015	595,792,993	75.4%	6.3%	128,046,346	16.2%	3.7%	66,238,898	8.4%	6.3%	790,078,237	100.0%	5.9%
621,432,374 75.0% 1.9% 134,736,458 16.3% 2.5% 71,886,088 8.7% 3.2% 828,054,920 100.0% 623,249,638 74.0% 2.2% 139,870,984 16.6% 6.5% 78,983,290 9.4% 13.4% 842,103,912 100.0% 613,419,924 73.6% -1.3% 140,570,139 16.9% 4.3% 79,678,312 9.6% 10.8% 833,668,375 100.0% 9.6% 9.6% 10.8% 833,668,375 100.0% 9.6% 9.6% 10.8%	2016	609,754,552	75.2%	2.3%	131,393,766	16.2%	2.6%	69,645,209	8.6%	5.1%	810,793,527	100.0%	2.6%
623,249,638 74,0% 2.2% 139,870,984 16.6% 6.5% 78,983,290 9.4% 13.4% 842,103,912 100.0% 613,419,924 73.6% 1-1.3% 140,570,139 16.9% 4.3% 79,678,312 9.6% 10.8% 833,668,375 100.0% 9.6% 4.6% 4.6% 4.6% 4.6% 4.6% 4.6% 4.6% 4	2017	621,432,374	75.0%	1.9%	134,736,458	16.3%	2.5%	71,886,088	8.7%	3.2%	828,054,920	100.0%	2.1%
613,419,924 73.6% -1.3% 140,570,139 16.9% 4.3% 79,678,312 9.6% 10.8% 833,668,375 100.0% 9.6% 4.6% 4.6% 4.6% 4.6% 4.6% 4.6%	2018	623,249,638	74.0%	2.2%	139,870,984	16.6%	6.5%	78,983,290	9.4%	13.4%	842,103,912	100.0%	3.9%
9.6%	2019	613,419,924	73.6%	-1.3%	140,570,139	16.9%	4.3%	79,678,312	%9.6	10.8%	833,668,375	100.0%	0.7%
	centage Change Dollars Over Years	%9.6		"	4.6%			21.2%		-	9.7%		

Data Source:
Colorado Department of Revenue

Notes:

AGP is the amount of money wagered minus the amount paid out in prizes. It is the tax base used by the State of Colorado for taxing gaming.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado City Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Calendar Years

Function/program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
City Clerk's Office City Manager Community Planning & Development Facilities Maintenance Fine Department Fleet Human Resources IT Municipal Court Fund Parks Police Public Works Administration Streets Preservation & Restoration Water	1.50 3.00 1.50 3.00 2.50 18.00 6.00 1.00 1.25 0.00 31.75 4.00 6.00 1.00	2.00 3.00 2.00 3.00 3.00 19.00 6.00 0.00 1.25 0.00 33.75 4.00 7.00 0.00	2.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 19.00 6.00 1.25 0.00 33.75 4.00 7.00 0.00	2.00 3.00 2.00 3.00 2.00 19.00 6.00 0.00 7.00 10.00	4.00 2.00 2.00 3.00 2.00 19.00 6.00 0.00 1.25 0.00 7.00 0.00 9.00	4.00 2.00 3.00 3.00 2.00 6.00 0.00 1.25 0.00 34.75 4.00 7.00 0.00	4.00 2.00 3.00 3.00 2.00 6.00 0.00 1.25 0.00 7.00 9.00	4.00 2.00 3.00 3.00 21.00 6.00 0.00 1.50 0.00 5.00 7.00 0.00	4.00 1.00 3.00 3.00 21.00 6.00 0.00 1.50 0.00 7.00 0.00 9.00	4.00 3.00 3.00 24.00 6.00 0.00 1.50 0.00 39.50 4.00 9.00
Total Percentage Change Over Prior Year	89.50 #REF!	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	98.00	98.00	100.00	98.00	108.00

Data Source:

City of Black Hawk departmental records

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Operating Statistics by Function/Program 2010-2019

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/program Fire										
Rescue & emergency medical service incidents	974	006	824	495	487	494	551	547	467	517
Fire incidents	S	6	14	17	7	7	12	6	11	7
False alarm & false call incidents	135	155	136	138	181	180	188	136	124	154
All other incidents	40	43	38	43	46	50	41	54	52	99
Police										
Number of traffic related contacts	2,243	2352	2678	1488	1150	2223	972	787	688	1219
Number of annual police reports	1,075	1147	1301	1166	1063	1317	1105	1083	1166	1258
Dispatch										
Police communications	6,557	6400	6682	5447	4754	5161	6594	5586	8289	7453
Fire communications	1,223	1104	1021	921	1070	1125	801	750	1243	1476
EMS communications	896	862	841	827	934	096	1028	696	936	922

Data Source: Fire Department, Police Department

City of Black Hawk, Colorado Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Calendar Years

1										
Capital Assets	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Buildings and related structures	4 4	4 4	4 ₄	46	46	47	47	48	48	51
Number of vehicles	109	109	113	123	128	130	131	132	133	140
Works of art	16	17	17	17	17	17		17	17	17
Street lights	499	499	499	499	499	499	499	499	499	499
Streets: Asphalt Concrete Gravel, Dirt or Aggregate	17 2 2	17 2 2	17 2 2	17 2 2	17 2 2	17 2 2	17 2 2	17 2 2	17 2 2	17 2 2
Bridges	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Traffic signals	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30

Data Source:

City capital asset records.

The public report burden for this information collection is estimated to average 380 hours annually. Form # 350-050-36 City or County: City of Black Hawk LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT YEAR ENDING: December 2019 Lance Hillis This Information From The Records Of (example - City of or County of Prepared By: 303-582-2283 City of Black Hawk Phone: I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USER REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE Local Local C. Receipts from D. Receipts from **ITEM Motor-Fuel Motor-Vehicle** State Highway-Federal Highway **Taxes Taxes User Taxes** Administration Total receipts available Minus amount used for collection expenses Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes Minus amount used for mass transit Remainder used for highway purposes II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES ITEM ITEM **AMOUNT** AMOUNT A. Local highway disbursements: A. Receipts from local sources: 1. Local highway-user taxes 1. Capital outlay (from page 2) 4,880 a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.) Maintenance: 59,711 b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.) Road and street services: Total (a.+b.) a. Traffic control operations General fund appropriations 604,662 b. Snow and ice removal 84,025 101,361 Other local imposts (from page 2) Other 12,396 4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2) d. Total (a. through c.) 84,025 Transfers from toll facilities General administration & miscellaneous 6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes: 5. Highway law enforcement and safety 587,039 a. Bonds - Original Issues 6. Total (1 through 5) 735,655 b. Bonds - Refunding Issues B. Debt service on local obligations: c. Notes 1. Bonds: d. Total (a. + b. + c.)a. Interest 718,419 7. Total (1 through 6) b. Redemption **B. Private Contributions** c. Total (a. + b.) 0 C. Receipts from State government Notes: a. Interest (from page 2) 17.236 D. Receipts from Federal Government b. Redemption (from page 2) c. Total (a. + b.) Total (1.c + 2.c)E. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)735,655 Payments to State for highways D. Payments to toll facilities E. Total disbursements (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)735,655 IV. LOCAL HIGHWAY DEBT STATUS (Show all entries at par) Opening Debt Amount Issued Redemptions Closing Debt A. Bonds (Total) 0 1. Bonds (Refunding Portion) B. Notes (Total) V. LOCAL ROAD AND STREET FUND BALANCE A. Beginning Balance B. Total Receipts C. Total Disbursements D. Ending Balance E. Reconciliation 735,655 735,655 **Notes and Comments:**

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PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE

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LOCAL HIGHWAY	FINANCE REPORT	STATE: Colorado YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2019	
		T PURPOSES - DETAIL	
ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	100,889	a. Interest on investments	
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalities	12,396
1. Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garage Fees	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	472	g. Other Misc. Receipts	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	472	h. Other	
c. Total (a. + b.)	101,361	i. Total (a. through h.)	12,396
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)
			-
ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	I AMOUNT
	AMOUNT		AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government	17.02(D. Receipts from Federal Government	
1. Highway-user taxes	17,236	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	_
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations		d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal	

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs			0
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			0
(2). Capacity Improvements			0
(3). System Preservation		4,880	4,880
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	4,880	4,880
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	4,880	4,880
			(Carry forward to page 1)

g. Total (a. through f.)

(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments:

f. Total (a. through e.)

4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)

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